Metlifecare Retirement Villages Limited - Whangarei Park Village

Introduction

This report records the results of a Surveillance Audit of a provider of aged residential care services against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

The audit has been conducted by The DAA Group Limited, an auditing agency designated under section 32 of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, for submission to Manatū Hauora (the Ministry of Health).

The abbreviations used in this report are the same as those specified in section 0.4 of the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

You can view a full copy of the standard on the Manatū Hauora website by clicking here.

The specifics of this audit included:

Legal entity:	Metlifecare Retirement Villages Limited				
Premises audited:	Whangarei Park Village				
Services audited:	Hospital services - Medical services; Hospital services - Geriatric services (excl. psychogeriatric); Rest home care (excluding dementia care); Dementia care				
Dates of audit:	Dates of audit: Start date: 28 August 2024 End date: 28 August 2024				
Proposed changes to	Proposed changes to current services (if any): None				
Total beds occupied a	Total beds occupied across all premises included in the audit on the first day of the audit: 84				

Executive summary of the audit

Introduction

This section contains a summary of the auditors' findings for this audit. The information is grouped into the six sections contained within the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard:

- ō tātou motika | our rights
- hunga mahi me te hanganga | workforce and structure
- ngā huarahi ki te oranga | pathways to wellbeing
- te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | person-centred and safe environment
- te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship
- here taratahi | restraint and seclusion.

As well as auditors' written summary, indicators are included that highlight the provider's attainment against the subsection in each of the sections. The following table provides a key to how the indicators are arrived at.

Key to the indicators

Indicator	Description	Definition
	Includes commendable elements above the required levels of performance	All subsections applicable to this service fully attained with some subsections exceeded
	No short falls	Subsections applicable to this service fully attained
	Some minor shortfalls but no major deficiencies and required levels of performance seem achievable without extensive extra activity	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk

Indicator	Description	Definition
	A number of shortfalls that require specific action to address	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk
	Major shortfalls, significant action is needed to achieve the required levels of performance	Some subsections applicable to this service unattained and of moderate or high risk

General overview of the audit

Metlifecare Whangārei Park provides rest home, hospital and secure dementia level services for up to 88 residents. The facility is managed by a village and care manager, supported by two senior registered nurses; together they have clinical oversight of the facility. Residents, whānau and external health providers were complimentary of the care provided.

This surveillance audit process included review of policies and procedures, review of residents' and staff files, observations, and interviews with residents, whānau, members of the governance group, managers, staff, and a general practitioner.

The corrective actions required from the previous audit have been addressed, with improvements made to the timing of interRAI assessments, care planning, outcomes from the administration of pro re nata (PRN) medications, and temperature monitoring of medication rooms. As a result of this audit, an improvement is required in relation to the expired Building Warrant of Fitness.

Ō tātou motika | Our rights

Includes 10 subsections that support an outcome where people receive safe services of an appropriate standard that comply with consumer rights legislation. Services are provided in a manner that is respectful of people's rights, facilitates informed choice, minimises harm, and upholds cultural and individual values and beliefs.

Subsections applicable to this service fully attained. Metlifecare Whangārei Park Village provided an environment that supported residents' rights and culturally safe care. Staff demonstrated an understanding of residents' rights and obligations. There was a health plan that encapsulated care specifically directed at Māori, Pasifika and other ethnicities. The service works collaboratively to support and encourage a Māori world view of health in service delivery. Māori are provided with equitable and effective services based on Te Tiriti o Waitangi and the principles of mana motuhake.

Pacific peoples can be provided with services that recognise their worldviews and are culturally safe.

Residents and their whānau are informed of their rights according to the Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers' Rights (the Code) and these were upheld. Brochures on the Code were accessible at reception. Posters on the Code and the Nationwide Health and Disability Advocacy Service were visible around the facility. Staff at Metlifecare Whangārei Park Village maintain professional boundaries and there was no evidence of abuse, neglect, discrimination or other exploitation. The property of residents was respected.

Policies and the Code provide guidance to staff to ensure informed consent is gained as required. Staff were knowledgeable about the informed consent process, including for Māori. Residents and whānau felt included when making decisions about care and treatment.

Complaints are resolved promptly, equitably and effectively in collaboration with all parties involved. There were processes in place to ensure that the complaints process works equitably for Māori. There have been no complaints received by the service from external sources since the previous audit, but there is an historic (2022) complaint in process from the Office of the Health and Disability Commissioner.

Hunga mahi me te hanganga | Workforce and structure

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where people receive quality services through effective governance and a supported workforce.

Subsections applicable to this service fully attained. The organisation is governed by Metlifecare, which works with senior managers within the service to monitor organisational performance and ensure ongoing compliance. The governing body assumes accountability for delivering a high-quality service; this includes supporting meaningful inclusion of Māori in governance groups, honouring Te Tiriti o Waitangi and reducing barriers to improve outcomes for Māori, Pasifika and tāngata whaikaha (people with disabilities).

Planning ensures the purpose, values, direction, scope and goals for the organisation are defined. Service performance is monitored and reviewed at planned intervals.

A clinical governance structure meets the needs of the service, supporting and monitoring good practice.

The quality and risk management systems are focused on improving service delivery and care using a risk-based approach. An integrated approach includes collection and analysis of quality improvement data, identifies trends and leads to improvements. Actual and potential risks are identified and mitigated.

The National Adverse Events Reporting Policy is followed, with corrective actions supporting systems learnings. The service complies with statutory and regulatory reporting obligations.

Staffing levels and skill mix meet the cultural and clinical needs of residents. Staff have the skills, attitudes, qualifications and experience to meet the needs of residents. A systematic approach to identify and deliver ongoing learning and competencies supports safe equitable service delivery.

Professional qualifications are validated prior to employment. Staff felt well supported through the orientation and induction programme, with regular performance reviews implemented.

Ngā huarahi ki te oranga | Pathways to wellbeing

Includes eight subsections that support an outcome where people participate in the development of their pathway to wellbeing, and receive timely assessment, followed by services that are planned, coordinated, and delivered in a manner that is tailored to their needs.		Subsections applicable to this service fully attained.
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Metlifecare Whangārei Park Village works in partnership with the residents and their whānau to assess, plan and evaluate care. Care plans were individualised, based on comprehensive risk-based assessments, and accommodated any new problems that arose. Files reviewed demonstrated that care met the needs of residents and whanau, and these were evaluated on a regular and timely basis.

Medicines were safely managed and administered by staff who were competent to do so.

The food service met the nutritional and cultural needs of the residents. Food was safely managed, supported by an approved food control plan.

Residents are referred or transferred to other health services as required.

Te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | Person-centred and safe environment

Includes two subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability services are provided in a safe environment appropriate to the age and needs of the people receiving	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of
services that facilitates independence and meets the needs of people with disabilities.	medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk.

The facility, plant and equipment meet the needs of residents and are culturally inclusive. A planned maintenance programme is in place to ensure safety. Electrical and biomedical equipment is tested as required.

There have been no changes to the building since the previous audit.

Te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | Infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability service providers' infection prevention (IP) and antimicrobial stewardship (AMS) strategies define a clear vision and purpose, with quality of care, welfare, and safety at the centre. The IP and AMS programmes are up to date and informed by evidence and are an expression of a strategy that seeks to maximise quality of care and minimise infection risk and adverse effect from antibiotic use, such as antimicrobial resistance.	3	Subsections applicable to this service fully attained.	
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A documented infection prevention (IP) programme has been developed by those with IP expertise, has been approved by the governing body, is linked with the quality improvement programme, and is reviewed and reported on annually.

Staff demonstrated good principles and practice around infection control, supported by relevant infection prevention and control education.

The surveillance of health care-associated infections (HAI) programme is appropriate to the size and setting of the service, uses standardised surveillance definitions, and has an equity focus.

Here taratahi | Restraint and seclusion

Includes four subsections that support outcomes where Services shall aim for a restrain	at and	Subsections	
seclusion free environment, in which people's dignity and mana are maintained.		applicable to this	
condicient noe environment, in which people o alginty and mana are maintained.		service fully attained.	

The service is a restraint-free environment. This is supported by the governing body and policies and procedures. There were no residents observed to be using restraints at the time of audit.

Staff have been trained in providing the least restrictive practice, de-escalation techniques, alternative interventions, and restraint monitoring.

Summary of attainment

The following table summarises the number of subsections and criteria audited and the ratings they were awarded.

Attainment Rating	Continuous Improvement (CI)	Fully Attained (FA)	Partially Attained Negligible Risk (PA Negligible)	Partially Attained Low Risk (PA Low)	Partially Attained Moderate Risk (PA Moderate)	Partially Attained High Risk (PA High)	Partially Attained Critical Risk (PA Critical)
Subsection	0	17	0	0	1	0	0
Criteria	0	48	0	0	1	0	0

Attainment Rating	Unattained Negligible Risk (UA Negligible)	Unattained Low Risk (UA Low)	Unattained Moderate Risk (UA Moderate)	Unattained High Risk (UA High)	Unattained Critical Risk (UA Critical)
Subsection	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard

The following table contains the results of all the subsections assessed by the auditors at this audit. Depending on the services they provide, not all subsections are relevant to all providers and not all subsections are assessed at every audit.

For more information on the standard, please click <u>here</u>.

For more information on the different types of audits and what they cover please click here.

Subsection with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence
Subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures Te Tiriti: Māori flourish and thrive in an environment that enables good health and wellbeing. As service providers: We work collaboratively to embrace, support, and encourage a Māori worldview of health and provide high-quality, equitable, and effective services for Māori framed by Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	FA	Metlifecare (MLC) Whangārei Park Village (Whangārei Park) has developed policies, procedures and processes to embed and enact Te Tiriti o Waitangi in all aspects of its work. Mana motuhake (self-determination) is respected. Partnerships have been established with tāngata and (local) mana whenua organisations to support service integration, planning, equity approaches, and support for Māori. These are through an independent advocate who identifies as Māori, the Kamo Māori Pastorate, and a kaumātua kapa haka group. There were Māori residents living in the facility at the time of audit, and those interviewed reported feeling culturally safe.
Subsection 1.2: Ola manuia of Pacific peoples in Aotearoa The people: Pacific peoples in Aotearoa are entitled to live and enjoy good health and wellbeing. Te Tiriti: Pacific peoples acknowledge the mana whenua of Aotearoa as tuakana and commit to supporting them to achieve tino rangatiratanga. As service providers: We provide comprehensive and equitable health and disability services underpinned by Pacific worldviews and developed in collaboration with	FA	Whangārei Park has a Pacific health plan, developed with input from cultural advisers, that describes how the organisation will respond to the cultural and spiritual needs of Pasifika residents. The plan documents care requirements for Pacific peoples to ensure equitable and culturally appropriate services and has two culturally appropriate models of care (Fonofale and Te Vaka Atafaga) to guide culturally safe services. There were no residents who identified as Pasifika in the facility during the audit. The service has access to local Pasifika communities through staff who identify with differing Pacific peoples and through local Pasifika support services.

Pacific peoples for improved health outcomes.		
Subsection 1.3: My rights during service delivery The People: My rights have meaningful effect through the actions and behaviours of others. Te Tiriti:Service providers recognise Māori mana motuhake (self-determination). As service providers: We provide services and support to people in a way that upholds their rights and complies with legal requirements.	FA	Staff interviewed understood the requirements of the Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers' Rights (the Code) and were observed supporting residents in accordance with their wishes. Residents and whānau interviewed reported being made aware of the Code and the Nationwide Health and Disability Advocacy Service (Advocacy Service) and were provided with opportunities to discuss and clarify their rights.
Subsection 1.5: I am protected from abuse The People: I feel safe and protected from abuse. Te Tiriti: Service providers provide culturally and clinically safe services for Māori, so they feel safe and are protected from abuse. As service providers: We ensure the people using our services are safe and protected from abuse.	FA	Residents of Whangārei Park receive services free of discrimination, coercion, harassment, exploitation, and abuse and neglect, supported by policies and staff education. There were no examples identified during the audit through staff and/or resident or whānau interviews, or in documentation reviewed. Residents reported that their property and finances were protected and respected.
Subsection 1.7: I am informed and able to make choices The people: I know I will be asked for my views. My choices will be respected when making decisions about my wellbeing. If my choices cannot be upheld, I will be provided with information that supports me to understand why. Te Tiriti: High-quality services are provided that are easy to access and navigate. Providers give clear and relevant messages so that individuals and whānau can effectively manage their own health, keep well, and live well. As service providers: We provide people using our services or their legal representatives with the information	FA	Residents at Whangārei Park and/or their legal representatives were provided with the information necessary to make informed decisions. They felt empowered to actively participate in decision-making. The nursing and care staff interviewed understood the principles and practice of informed consent. Advance care planning, establishing and documenting Enduring Power of Attorney (EPOA) requirements and processes for residents unable to consent were documented, as relevant, in the resident's record. Staff who identified as Māori assisted other staff to support cultural practice. Evidence was sighted of supported decision-making, being fully informed, the opportunity to choose, and cultural support when a resident had a choice of treatment options available to them. A kaumatua from the local marae was available to support and advise if needed.

necessary to make informed decisions in accordance with their rights and their ability to exercise independence, choice, and control.		Files reviewed of residents being cared for in the secure dementia unit had an activated EPOA on file, and a specialist's authorisation that the resident required care in a secure environment.
Subsection 1.8: I have the right to complain The people: I feel it is easy to make a complaint. When I complain I am taken seriously and receive a timely response. Te Tiriti: Māori and whānau are at the centre of the health and disability system, as active partners in improving the system and their care and support. As service providers: We have a fair, transparent, and equitable system in place to easily receive and resolve or escalate complaints in a manner that leads to quality improvement.	FA	A fair, transparent and equitable system is in place to receive and resolve complaints that leads to improvements. Documentation sighted showed that complaints had been addressed, with complainants informed of findings following investigation. Residents and whānau interviewed understood their right to make a complaint and knew how to do so. Advocacy information is readily available to support the complaints process. There are also processes in place to ensure complaints from Māori (if admitted to the service) can be managed in a culturally appropriate way (e.g., using culturally appropriate support, hui, and tikanga practices specific to the resident or the complainant). There has been one (historic) complaint regarding a resident's care received from the Health and Disability Commissioner (HDC) which occurred prior to Metlifecare buying and taking over service provision at Whangārei Park; this was noted in the previous (certification) audit. Whangārei Park has responded to the HDC with information as requested, the last on 16 September 2022. Whangārei Park is awaiting further response from the HDC.
Subsection 2.1: Governance The people: I trust the people governing the service to have the knowledge, integrity, and ability to empower the communities they serve. Te Tiriti: Honouring Te Tiriti, Māori participate in governance in partnership, experiencing meaningful inclusion on all governance bodies and having substantive input into organisational operational policies. As service providers: Our governance body is accountable for delivering a highquality service that is responsive, inclusive, and sensitive to the cultural diversity of communities we serve.	FA	The governing body of MLC assumes accountability for delivering a high- quality service through supporting meaningful inclusion of Māori and Pasifika in governance groups, honouring Te Tiriti o Waitangi and being focused on improving outcomes for Māori, Pasifika and tāngata whaikaha. Metlifecare has a legal team who monitor changes to legislative and clinical requirements and have access to domestic and international legal advice. The purpose, values, direction, scope and goals are defined, and monitoring and reviewing of performance occurs through regular reporting at planned intervals. Equity for Māori, Pasifika and tāngata whaikaha is addressed through the policy documentation and enabled through choice and control over supports and the removal of barriers that prevent access to information, for example, trilingual signage (English, te reo Māori, and New Zealand Sign Language) and information in other languages for the Code of Rights,

		 complaints, advocacy services, and infection prevention and control. Whangārei Park promotes appropriate models of care specific to residents' cultural needs, including for Māori and Pasifika. Governance commits to quality and risk via policy and processes and through feedback mechanisms. This includes receiving regular information from its care facilities, including from Whangārei Park. Metlifecare board minutes sighted demonstrated leadership and commitment to quality and risk management. A sample of functional reports to the MLC board of directors showed adequate information to monitor performance is reported. The clinical governance structure is appropriate to the size and complexity of the organisation. The village and care manager (VCM) at Whangārei Park is a registered nurse (RN) who has been employed within health care for a number of years and in aged care for two years; they confirmed knowledge of the sector, regulatory and reporting requirements. The VCM has support available through two senior registered nurses (RNs), the regional clinical manager (RCM) and the clinical director at MLC, who is part of the executive team. The service holds contracts with Health New Zealand – Te Whatu Ora (Te
		Whatu Ora) for the provision of rest home, hospital and dementia care services, and short-term (respite) care. Eighty-four (84) residents were receiving services at the time of audit. Thirty (30) residents were receiving rest home level care, 39 residents were receiving hospital level care, and 15 residents were receiving dementia level of care. No residents were receiving services under the respite contract.
Subsection 2.2: Quality and risk The people: I trust there are systems in place that keep me safe, are responsive, and are focused on improving my experience and outcomes of care. Te Tiriti: Service providers allocate appropriate resources to specifically address continuous quality improvement with a focus on achieving Māori health equity. As service providers: We have effective and organisation- wide governance systems in place relating to continuous quality improvement that take a risk-based approach, and	FA	The organisation has a planned quality and risk system that reflects the principles of continuous quality improvement. This includes the management of incidents/accidents/hazards, complaints, audit activities, a regular resident satisfaction survey, policies and procedures, clinical incidents including falls, pressure injuries, infections, and wounds. Relevant corrective actions are developed and implemented to address any shortfalls. Progress against quality outcomes is evaluated. Policies reviewed covered all necessary aspects of the service and of contractual requirements and were current.

these systems meet the needs of people using the services and our health care and support workers.		The VCM described the processes for the identification, documentation, monitoring, review and reporting of risks, including health and safety risks, and development of mitigation strategies.	
		Staff document adverse and near-miss events in line with the National Adverse Events Reporting Policy. A sample of incidents forms reviewed showed these were fully completed, incidents were investigated, action plans developed, and actions followed up in a timely manner.	
		The VCM understood and has complied with essential notification reporting requirements. There have been 47 Section 31 notifications completed since the last (certification) audit. Twenty-eight (28) of these related to RN shortages; these have reduced to two in the last 12 months, affecting two shifts only. Other notifications related to infection outbreaks (three), pressure injury (two), behaviour that challenges (one), wandering away from the facility (eight, of which six were for two residents), fracture (one), call bell outage (three, the call bell system has been replaced), and an address change required from local government. The VCM was aware of new reporting requirements to Te Tāhū Hauora – Health Quality and Safety Commission (HQSC) for all severity assessment code (SAC) reporting at SAC1 and SAC2 as well as pressure injury at stage 3 and above. No notifications have been made to Te Tāhū Hauora.	
Subsection 2.3: Service management The people: Skilled, caring health care and support workers listen to me, provide personalised care, and treat me as a whole person. Te Tiriti: The delivery of high-quality health care that is culturally responsive to the needs and aspirations of Māori is achieved through the use of health equity and quality improvement tools. As service providers: We ensure our day-to-day operation is managed to deliver effective person-centred and whānau-centred services.	FA	There is a documented and implemented process for determining staffing levels and skill mixes to provide culturally and clinically safe care, 24 hours a day, seven days a week (24/7). The facility adjusts staffing levels to meet the changing needs of residents. Residents interviewed reported that there was a scarcity of staff at times. A roster review was completed in 2024 that did see a slight reduction in staffing hours in the service. Four weeks of roster was reviewed and these showed that staffing levels were above accepted guidelines and take into account the geography of the buildings providing services (the services are spread across a wide area and have distinct services in separate (but attached) buildings). A multidisciplinary team (MDT) approach ensures all aspects of service delivery are met. Those providing care reported there were adequate staff to complete the work allocated to them. Residents and whānau interviewed supported this. At least one staff member on duty has a current first aid	

		certificate and there is 24/7 RN coverage in the hospital care area.
		The employment process, which includes a job description defining the skills, qualifications and attributes for each role, ensures services are delivered to meet the needs of residents.
		Continuing education is planned on an annual basis and outlines mandatory requirements, including education relevant to the care of Māori, Pasifika, and tāngata whaikaha. Related competencies are assessed and support equitable service delivery. Care staff have access to a New Zealand Qualification Authority (NZQA) education programme. Records reviewed demonstrated completion of the required training and competency assessments. Staff felt well supported with development opportunities.
		Care staff working in the memory care (dementia) unit have either completed or commenced a New Zealand Qualification Authority education programme to meet the requirements of the provider's agreement with Te Whatu Ora. Of staff working regularly in the dementia care area, 12 have completed the required training and eight have training in progress, enrolled in appropriate timeframes.
Subsection 2.4: Health care and support workers The people: People providing my support have knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes that align with my needs. A diverse mix of people in adequate numbers meet my needs. Te Tiriti: Service providers actively recruit and retain a Māori health workforce and invest in building and maintaining their capacity and capability to deliver health care that meets the needs of Māori. As service providers: We have sufficient health care and support workers who are skilled and qualified to provide clinically and culturally safe, respectful, quality care and services.	FA	Human resources management policies and processes are based on good employment practice and relevant legislation. A sample of staff records reviewed confirmed the organisation's policies are being consistently implemented. Professional qualifications are validated prior to employment. Thereafter, a register of annual practising certificates (APCs) is maintained for RNs and associated health contractors (a general practitioner (GP), nurse practitioner (NP), pharmacists, physiotherapist, podiatrist, and dietitian). Staff reported that the induction and orientation programme prepared them well for the role, and evidence of this was seen in files reviewed. Opportunities to discuss and review performance occur three months following appointment and yearly thereafter, as confirmed in records reviewed.
Subsection 3.2: My pathway to wellbeing	FA	The multidisciplinary team at Whangārei Park works in partnership with the

The people: I work together with my service providers so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori and whānau, and support their aspirations, mana motuhake, and whānau rangatiratanga. As service providers: We work in partnership with people and whānau to support wellbeing.		resident and whānau to support wellbeing. A care plan is developed by suitably qualified staff following a comprehensive assessment, including consideration of the person's lived experience, cultural needs, values and beliefs, and which considers wider service integration, where required. Early warning signs and risks, with a focus on prevention or escalation for appropriate interventions, are recorded. Timeframes for the initial assessment, GP assessment, initial care plan, long-term care plan and review timeframes meet contractual requirements. Staff support Māori and whānau to identify their own pae ora outcomes in their care plan. This was verified by sampling residents' records, and from interviews of clinical staff, people receiving services, and whānau. A previous audit identified attention was required around the planned review of residents' care plans. Ten interRAI assessments, activity plans and dietary reviews had not been undertaken. A review of nine resident files at this audit identified these requirements had been addressed. All interRAIs, activity plans and dietary plans had been reviewed within appropriate timeframes. Management of any specific medical conditions was well documented, with evidence of systematic monitoring and regular evaluation of responses to planned care, including the use of a range of outcome measures. Where progress is different to that expected, changes are made to the care plan in collaboration with the resident and/or whānau. Residents and whānau confirmed active involvement in the process.
Subsection 3.4: My medication The people: I receive my medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner. Te Tiriti: Service providers shall support and advocate for Māori to access appropriate medication and blood products.	FA	The medication management policy was current and in line with the Medicines Care Guide for Residential Aged Care/current best practice. A safe system for medicine management (using an electronic system) was observed on the day of audit. All staff who administer medicines were competent to perform the function they manage. Medication reconciliation occurs. All medications sighted were within current

As service providers: We ensure people receive their medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner that complies with current legislative requirements and safe practice guidelines.		 use-by dates. Medicines were stored safely, including controlled drugs. The required stock checks had been completed. Medicines stored were within the recommended temperature range. Prescribing practices meet requirements, as confirmed in the sample of records reviewed. Medicine-related allergies or sensitivities were recorded, and any adverse events responded to appropriately. The required threemonthly GP review was consistently recorded on the medicine chart. Standing orders are not used at Whangārei Park. A previous audit identified that the effectiveness of PRN medications, when used, was not being recorded, and the temperature of the medication room was not being monitored. These areas have been addressed. The effectiveness of any PRN medications used are recorded in the electronic medication system, the handover report and in the resident's progress notes. The temperature of the medication room was documented each day and evidenced medicines were stored within the required range. Self-administration of medication is facilitated and managed safely.
Subsection 3.5: Nutrition to support wellbeing The people: Service providers meet my nutritional needs and consider my food preferences. Te Tiriti: Menu development respects and supports cultural beliefs, values, and protocols around food and access to traditional foods. As service providers: We ensure people's nutrition and hydration needs are met to promote and maintain their health and wellbeing.	FA	The menu at Whangārei Park has been developed in line with recognised nutritional guidelines for people using the services, taking into consideration the food and cultural preferences of those using the service. Recent resident satisfaction surveys, one of eight whānau and two of seven residents interviewed, identified residents had been dissatisfied with the meals. The management of Whangārei Park has implemented a corrective action to address this. Interviews with residents at mealtimes identified improved satisfaction and they reported that the meals have improved. The service operates with an approved food safety plan that is due to expire in May 2025. Residents in the secure unit have access to food and fluid at all times of the day and night.
Subsection 3.6: Transition, transfer, and discharge The people: I work together with my service provider so	FA	Transfer or discharge from Whangārei Park is planned and managed safely, with coordination between services and in collaboration with the resident and whānau. Risks and current support needs are identified and managed.

they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing when I leave the service. Te Tiriti: Service providers advocate for Māori to ensure they and whānau receive the necessary support during their transition, transfer, and discharge. As service providers: We ensure the people using our service experience consistency and continuity when leaving our services. We work alongside each person and whānau to provide and coordinate a supported transition of care or support.		Whānau reported being kept well informed during the transfer of their relative.
Subsection 4.1: The facility The people: I feel the environment is designed in a way that is safe and is sensitive to my needs. I am able to enter, exit, and move around the environment freely and safely. Te Tiriti: The environment and setting are designed to be Māori-centred and culturally safe for Māori and whānau. As service providers: Our physical environment is safe, well maintained, tidy, and comfortable and accessible, and the people we deliver services to can move independently and freely throughout. The physical environment optimises people's sense of belonging, independence, interaction, and function.	PA Moderate	A Building Warrant of Fitness was displayed in the facility; however, this expired on 1 July 2024 (refer criterion 4.1.1). A planned maintenance schedule includes electrical testing and tagging, resident equipment checks, and calibrations of biomedical equipment. Monthly hot water tests are completed for resident areas; these were sighted and were all within normal limits. Residents and whānau interviewed were happy with the environment, including heating and ventilation, privacy, and maintenance. Care staff interviewed stated they have adequate equipment to safely deliver care for residents. There have been no changes to the building since the previous (certification) audit.
Subsection 5.2: The infection prevention programme and implementation The people: I trust my provider is committed to implementing policies, systems, and processes to manage my risk of infection. Te Tiriti: The infection prevention programme is culturally safe. Communication about the programme is easy to access and navigate and messages are clear and relevant. As service providers: We develop and implement an	FA	The infection prevention and control resource nurse (IPCRN) is responsible for overseeing and implementing the IP programme, which has been developed by those with IP expertise and approved by the governing body. The programme is linked to the quality improvement programme and is reviewed and reported on annually. This was confirmed by the IPCRN and review of the programme documentation. Staff were familiar with policies and practices through orientation and ongoing education and were observed to follow these correctly. Residents and their whānau are educated about infection prevention in a manner that meets their

infection prevention programme that is appropriate to the needs, size, and scope of our services.		needs.
Subsection 5.4: Surveillance of health care-associated infection (HAI) The people: My health and progress are monitored as part of the surveillance programme. Te Tiriti: Surveillance is culturally safe and monitored by ethnicity. As service providers: We carry out surveillance of HAIs and multi-drug-resistant organisms in accordance with national and regional surveillance programmes, agreed objectives, priorities, and methods specified in the infection prevention programme, and with an equity focus.	FA	Surveillance of health care-associated infections (HAIs) is appropriate to that recommended for the type of services offered and is in line with risks and priorities defined in the infection prevention and control programme. Monthly surveillance data is collated and analysed to identify any trends, possible causative factors, and required actions. Surveillance includes ethnicity data. Results of the surveillance programme are shared with staff and reported to the governing body. A summary report for a recent infection outbreak was reviewed, and it demonstrated a thorough process for investigation and follow-up. Learnings from the event have now been incorporated into practice.
Subsection 6.1: A process of restraint The people: I trust the service provider is committed to improving policies, systems, and processes to ensure I am free from restrictions. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori to ensure services are mana enhancing and use least restrictive practices. As service providers: We demonstrate the rationale for the use of restraint in the context of aiming for elimination.	FA	Whangārei Park is a restraint-free environment, and Metlifecare policies and procedures support restraint elimination. There were no residents observed to be using a restraint during the audit. Any use of restraint is reported to the governing body. Restraint protocols are covered in the orientation programme of the facility and included in the education/training programme (which includes annual restraint competency). Staff are trained in the management of behaviours that challenge, least restrictive practice, safe restraint practice, alternative cultural-specific interventions, de-escalation techniques and restraint monitoring, as part of the 2024 education programme.

Specific results for criterion where corrective actions are required

Where a subsection is rated partially attained (PA) or unattained (UA) specific corrective actions are recorded under the relevant criteria for the subsection. The following table contains the criterion where corrective actions have been recorded.

Criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 My service provider shall embed and enact Te Tiriti o Waitangi within all its work, recognising Māori, and supporting Māori in their aspirations, whatever they are (that is, recognising mana motuhake) relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1 Our rights.

If there is a message "no data to display" instead of a table, then no corrective actions were required as a result of this audit.

Criterion with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence	Audit Finding	Corrective action required and timeframe for completion (days)
Criterion 4.1.1 Buildings, plant, and equipment shall be fit for purpose, and comply with legislation relevant to the health and disability service being provided. The environment is inclusive of peoples' cultures and supports cultural practices.	PA Moderate	A Building Warrant of Fitness was displayed in the facility; however, this expired on 1 July 2024. The issues in relation to the warrant are the seals for four fire doors. Remediation of the fire doors was completed in 2024, but the work was not at an acceptable standard for the remediation to be confirmed. Further work on the seals has been commissioned but has not yet taken place. Other fire systems (smoke alarms and sprinklers, as well as fire extinguishers) are in place for emergency use. Other than this, appropriate systems are in place to ensure the residents' physical environment, and facilities (internal and external), are fit for their purpose, well maintained and that they meet legislative requirements.	The Building Warrant of Fitness has expired, and remedial action required has not yet taken place.	Provide evidence that the Building Warrant of Fitness has been approved and that the remedial action required has taken place. Provide evidence that the remedial action required has been completed and a current Building Warrant of fitness issued. 30 days

Specific results for criterion where a continuous improvement has been recorded

As well as whole subsections, individual criterion within a subsection can also be rated as having a continuous improvement. A continuous improvement means that the provider can demonstrate achievement beyond the level required for full attainment. The following table contains the criterion where the provider has been rated as having made corrective actions have been recorded.

As above, criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1: Our rights.

If, instead of a table, these is a message "no data to display" then no continuous improvements were recorded as part of this audit.

No data to display

End of the report.