The Ultimate Care Group Limited - Ultimate Care Rose Court

Introduction

This report records the results of a Certification Audit of a provider of aged residential care services against the Health and Disability Services Standards (NZS8134.1:2008; NZS8134.2:2008 and NZS8134.3:2008).

The audit has been conducted by The DAA Group Limited, an auditing agency designated under section 32 of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, for submission to the Ministry of Health.

The abbreviations used in this report are the same as those specified in section 10 of the Health and Disability Services (General) Standards (NZS8134.0:2008).

You can view a full copy of the standards on the Ministry of Health's website by clicking here.

The specifics of this audit included:

Legal entity: The Ultimate Care Group Limited

Premises audited: Ultimate Care Rose Court

Services audited: Hospital services - Medical services; Hospital services - Geriatric services (excl. psychogeriatric); Rest

Date of Audit: 11 July 2018

home care (excluding dementia care)

Dates of audit: Start date: 11 July 2018 End date: 12 July 2018

Proposed changes to current services (if any): None

Total beds occupied across all premises included in the audit on the first day of the audit: 55

Executive summary of the audit

Introduction

This section contains a summary of the auditors' findings for this audit. The information is grouped into the six outcome areas contained within the Health and Disability Services Standards:

- consumer rights
- organisational management
- continuum of service delivery (the provision of services)
- safe and appropriate environment
- restraint minimisation and safe practice
- infection prevention and control.

As well as auditors' written summary, indicators are included that highlight the provider's attainment against the standards in each of the outcome areas. The following table provides a key to how the indicators are arrived at.

Key to the indicators

Indicator	Description	Definition
	Includes commendable elements above the required levels of performance	All standards applicable to this service fully attained with some standards exceeded
	No short falls	Standards applicable to this service fully attained
	Some minor shortfalls but no major deficiencies and required levels of performance seem achievable without extensive extra activity	Some standards applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk

Indicator	Description	Definition
	A number of shortfalls that require specific action to address	Some standards applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk
	Major shortfalls, significant action is needed to achieve the required levels of performance	Some standards applicable to this service unattained and of moderate or high risk

General overview of the audit

Ultimate Care Rose Court provides rest home and hospital level care for up to 75 residents. The service is operated by Ultimate Care Group Limited and managed by a facility manager and a clinical services manager. Residents and families spoke positively about the care provided.

This certification audit was conducted against the Health and Disability Services Standards and the service's contract with the district health board. The audit process included review of policies and procedures, review of residents' and staff files, observations and interviews with residents, family members, management, staff, and a general practitioner.

This audit has resulted in two continuous improvement ratings in quality improvement and activities. There are no areas requiring improvement.

Consumer rights

Includes 13 standards that support an outcome where consumers receive safe services of an appropriate standard that comply with consumer rights legislation. Services are provided in a manner that is respectful of consumer rights, facilities, informed choice, minimises harm and acknowledges cultural and individual values and beliefs.



Residents and their families are provided with information about the Health and Disability Commissioner's Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers' Rights (the Code) and these are respected. Services are provided which support personal privacy, independence, individuality and dignity. Staff interacted with residents in a respectful manner.

Open communication between staff, residents and families is promoted, and confirmed to be effective. There is access to interpreting services if required. Staff provide residents and families with the information they need to make informed choices and give consent.

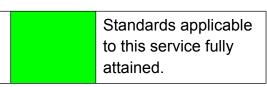
Residents who identify as Māori have their needs met in a manner that respects their cultural values and beliefs. There was no evidence of abuse, neglect or discrimination.

The service has linkages with a range of specialist health care providers to support best practice and meet resident's needs.

A complaints register is maintained with complaints resolved promptly and effectively.

Organisational management

Includes 9 standards that support an outcome where consumers receive services that comply with legislation and are managed in a safe, efficient and effective manner.



Business and quality and risk management plans include the goals, values and mission statement of the organisation. Monitoring of the services provided to the governing body is regular and effective. An experienced and suitably qualified person manages the facility.

The quality and risk management system includes collection and analysis of quality improvement data, identifies trends and leads to improvements. Staff are involved, and feedback is sought from residents and families. Adverse events are documented with corrective actions implemented. Actual and potential risks, including health and safety risks, are identified and mitigated. Policies and procedures support service delivery and were current and reviewed regularly.

The appointment, orientation and management of staff is based on current good practice. A systematic approach to identify and deliver ongoing training supports safe service delivery and includes regular individual performance review. Staffing levels and skill mix meet the changing needs of residents.

Residents' information is accurately recorded, securely stored and not accessible to unauthorised people.

Continuum of service delivery

Includes 13 standards that support an outcome where consumers participate in and receive timely assessment, followed by services that are planned, coordinated, and delivered in a timely and appropriate manner, consistent with current legislation.

All standards applicable to this service fully attained with some standards exceeded.

Access to the facility is appropriate and efficiently managed with relevant information provided to the potential resident/family.

The multidisciplinary team, including a registered nurse and general practitioner, assess residents' needs on admission. Care plans are individualised, based on a comprehensive range of information and accommodate any new problems that might arise. Files reviewed demonstrated that the care provided and needs of residents are reviewed and evaluated on a regular and timely basis. Residents are referred or transferred to other health services as required.

The planned activity programme provides residents with a variety of individual and group activities and maintains their links with the community.

Medicines are safely managed and administered by staff who are competent to do so.

The food service meets the nutritional needs of the residents with special needs catered for. Food is safely managed. Residents verified satisfaction with meals.

Safe and appropriate environment

Includes 8 standards that support an outcome where services are provided in a clean, safe environment that is appropriate to the age/needs of the consumer, ensure physical privacy is maintained, has adequate space and amenities to facilitate independence, is in a setting appropriate to the consumer group and meets the needs of people with disabilities.



The facility meets the needs of residents and was clean and well maintained. There is a current building warrant of fitness. Electrical equipment is tested as required. Communal and individual spaces are maintained at a comfortable temperature. External areas are accessible, safe and provide shade and seating.

Waste and hazardous substances are well managed. Staff use protective equipment and clothing. Chemicals, linen and equipment were safely stored. Laundry is undertaken onsite and evaluated for effectiveness.

Staff are trained in emergency procedures, use of emergency equipment and supplies and attend regular fire drills. Fire evacuation procedures are regularly practised. Residents reported a timely staff response to call bells. Security is maintained.

Restraint minimisation and safe practice

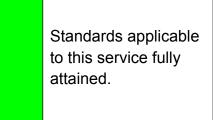
Includes 3 standards that support outcomes where consumers receive and experience services in the least restrictive and safe manner through restraint minimisation.



The organisation has implemented policies and procedures that support the minimisation of restraint. Four residents were using enablers and one resident was using a restraint at the time of audit. A comprehensive assessment, approval and monitoring process with regular reviews occurs. Use of enablers is voluntary for the safety of residents in response to individual requests. Staff demonstrated a sound knowledge and understanding of the restraint and enabler processes.

Infection prevention and control

Includes 6 standards that support an outcome which minimises the risk of infection to consumers, service providers and visitors. Infection control policies and procedures are practical, safe and appropriate for the type of service provided and reflect current accepted good practice and legislative requirements. The organisation provides relevant education on infection control to all service providers and consumers. Surveillance for infection is carried out as specified in the infection control programme.



The infection prevention and control programme, led by a trained infection control coordinator, aims to prevent and manage infections. The programme is reviewed annually. Specialist infection prevention and control advice is accessed when needed.

Staff demonstrated good principles and practice around infection control, which is guided by relevant policies and supported with regular education.

Aged care specific infection surveillance is undertaken, and results reported through all levels of the organisation. Follow-up action is taken as and when required.

Summary of attainment

The following table summarises the number of standards and criteria audited and the ratings they were awarded.

Attainment Rating	Continuous Improvement (CI)	Fully Attained (FA)	Partially Attained Negligible Risk (PA Negligible)	Partially Attained Low Risk (PA Low)	Partially Attained Moderate Risk (PA Moderate)	Partially Attained High Risk (PA High)	Partially Attained Critical Risk (PA Critical)
Standards	1	49	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	2	99	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment Rating	Unattained Negligible Risk (UA Negligible)	Unattained Low Risk (UA Low)	Unattained Moderate Risk (UA Moderate)	Unattained High Risk (UA High)	Unattained Critical Risk (UA Critical)
Standards	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment against the Health and Disability Services Standards

The following table contains the results of all the standards assessed by the auditors at this audit. Depending on the services they provide, not all standards are relevant to all providers and not all standards are assessed at every audit.

Please note that Standard 1.3.3: Service Provision Requirements has been removed from this report, as it includes information specific to the healthcare of individual residents. Any corrective actions required relating to this standard, as a result of this audit, are retained and displayed in the next section.

For more information on the standards, please click here.

For more information on the different types of audits and what they cover please click here.

Standard with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence
Standard 1.1.1: Consumer Rights During Service Delivery Consumers receive services in accordance with consumer rights legislation.	FA	Ultimate Care Rose Court has developed policies, procedures and processes to meet its obligations in relation to the Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers' Rights (the Code). Staff interviewed understood the requirements of the Code and were observed demonstrating respectful communication, encouraging independence, providing options, and maintaining dignity and privacy. Training on the Code is included as part of the orientation process for all staff employed and in ongoing training, as was verified in training records.
Standard 1.1.10: Informed Consent Consumers and where appropriate their family/whānau of choice are provided with the information they need to make informed choices and give informed consent.	FA	Nursing and care staff interviewed understood the principles and practice of informed consent. Informed consent policies provide relevant guidance to staff. Clinical files reviewed show that informed consent has been gained appropriately using the organisation's standard consent form. Advance care planning, establishing and documenting enduring power of attorney requirements and processes for residents unable to consent is defined and documented, as relevant, in the resident's record. Staff were observed to gain consent for day to day care.

Standard 1.1.11: Advocacy And Support Service providers recognise and facilitate the right of consumers to advocacy/support persons of their choice.	FA	During the admission process, residents are given a copy of the Code, which also includes information on the Advocacy Service. Posters and brochures related to the Advocacy Service were also displayed and available in the facility. Family members and residents spoken with were aware of the Advocacy Service, how to access this and their right to have support persons. The manager provided examples of the involvement of Advocacy Services in relation to training.
Standard 1.1.12: Links With Family/Whānau And Other Community Resources Consumers are able to maintain links with their family/whānau and their community.	FA	Residents are assisted to maximise their potential for self-help and to maintain links with their family and the community by attending a variety of organised outings, visits, shopping trips, activities, and entertainment. The facility has unrestricted visiting hours and encourages visits from residents' families and friends. Family members interviewed stated they felt welcome when they visited and comfortable in their dealings with staff.
Standard 1.1.13: Complaints Management The right of the consumer to make a complaint is understood, respected, and upheld.	FA	The complaints policy and associated forms meet the requirements of Right 10 of the Code. Information on the complaint process is provided to residents and families on admission and those interviewed knew how to make their concerns known to staff and the facility manager. The facility manager is responsible for complaints management and follow up and was interviewed during the audit. The complaints register reviewed showed that seven complaints have been received since the facility manager commenced in her role in October 2017. Review of these complaints showed that actions have been taken, through to an agreed resolution. Complaints are documented and completed within required timeframes. Action plans show any required follow up and improvements have been made where possible. There have been no complaints received from external sources since the previous audit. All staff interviewed confirmed a sound understanding of the complaint process and what actions are required of them in their respective roles. They demonstrated an understanding of Right 10 and Ultimate Care's complaint process. All knew where complaint forms were located in the facility.
Standard 1.1.2: Consumer Rights During Service Delivery Consumers are informed of their rights.	FA	Residents interviewed reported being made aware of the Code and the Nationwide Health and Disability Advocacy Service (Advocacy Service) as part of the admission information provided and in discussion with staff. The Code is displayed in the front foyer together with information on advocacy services, how to make a complaint and feedback forms.

Standard 1.1.3: Independence,	FA	Residents and families confirmed that they receive services in a manner that has regard for their
Personal Privacy, Dignity, And		dignity, privacy, sexuality, spirituality and choices.
Respect		Staff were observed to maintain privacy throughout the audit. All residents have a private room.
Consumers are treated with respect and receive services in a manner that has regard for their dignity, privacy, and		Residents are encouraged to maintain their independence by attending community activities and participating in clubs of their choosing. Care plans included documentation related to the resident's abilities, and strategies to maximise independence.
independence.		Records reviewed confirmed that each resident's individual cultural, religious and social needs, values and beliefs had been identified, documented and incorporated into their care plan.
		Staff understood the service's policy on abuse and neglect, including what to do should there be any signs. Education on abuse and neglect was confirmed to occur during orientation and annually.
Standard 1.1.4: Recognition Of Māori Values And Beliefs	FA	Staff support residents in the service who identify as Māori to integrate their cultural values and beliefs The principles of the Treaty of Waitangi are incorporated into day to day practice, as is the importance
Consumers who identify as Māori have their health and disability needs met in a manner that respects and acknowledges their individual and cultural, values and beliefs.		of whānau. There is a current Māori health plan developed with input from cultural advisers. Guidance on tikanga best practice is available and is supported by staff who identify as Māori in the facility. Māor residents and their whānau interviewed reported that staff acknowledge and respect their individual cultural needs.
Standard 1.1.6: Recognition And Respect Of The Individual's Culture, Values, And Beliefs	FA	Residents verified that they were consulted on their individual culture, values and beliefs and that staff respected these. Residents' personal preferences, required interventions and special needs were included in care plans reviewed, for example, church preferences. The resident satisfaction survey
Consumers receive culturally safe services which recognise and respect their ethnic, cultural, spiritual values, and beliefs.		confirmed that individual needs are being met.
Standard 1.1.7: Discrimination Consumers are free from any discrimination, coercion,	FA	Residents and family members interviewed stated that residents were free from any type of discrimination, harassment or exploitation and felt safe. The induction process for staff includes education related to professional boundaries, expected behaviours and the Code of Conduct. All registered nurses have records of completion of the required training on professional boundaries. Staff

harassment, sexual, financial, or other exploitation.		are guided by policies and procedures and demonstrated a clear understanding of the process they would follow, should they suspect any form of exploitation.
Standard 1.1.8: Good Practice Consumers receive services of an appropriate standard.	FA	The service encourages and promotes good practice through evidence-based policies, input from external specialist services and allied health professionals, for example, hospice/palliative care team, diabetes nurse specialist, wound care specialist, psychogeriatrician and mental health services for older persons, and education of staff. The general practitioner (GP) confirmed the service sought prompt and appropriate medical intervention when required and were responsive to medical requests.
		Staff reported they receive management support for external education and access their own professional networks to support contemporary good practice.
		Other examples of good practice observed during the audit included the clinical manager completing the Professional Development and Recognition Programme (PDRP) at proficiency level, and two other RNs being supported to commence their PDRP.
Standard 1.1.9: Communication Service providers communicate effectively with consumers and provide an environment conducive to effective communication.	FA	Residents and family members stated they were kept well informed about any changes to their/their relative's status, were advised in a timely manner about any incidents or accidents and outcomes of regular and any urgent medical reviews. This was supported in residents' records reviewed. Staff understood the principles of open disclosure, which is supported by policies and procedures that meet the requirements of the Code. Staff knew how to access interpreter services, although reported this was rarely required due to staff able to provide interpretation as and when needed and the use of family members in the one example provided.
Standard 1.2.1: Governance The governing body of the organisation ensures services are planned, coordinated, and appropriate to the needs of consumers.	FA	The strategic business plans, which are reviewed annually, outline the purpose, values, scope, direction and goals of the organisation. The documents described annual and longer term objectives and the associated operational plans. A sample of monthly reports to Ultimate Care's National Support Office showed adequate information to monitor performance is reported including financial performance, occupancy, emerging risks and issues, clinical indicators and other relevant data. The service is managed by a facility manager who holds relevant qualifications and has been with Ultimate Care Rose Court for nine months. She has however, held similar positions in Australia for 10

		years, with 20 years' experience nursing in the aged care sector in the United Kingdom prior to this. Responsibilities and accountabilities of the facility manager's role is defined in a job description and individual employment agreement. During interviews with the facility manager she demonstrated her knowledge of the role and of the New Zealand aged care sector, as well as regulatory and reporting requirements. The facility manager maintains currency of her management practice through training provided by the Ultimate Care Group and as a registered nurse through her own reading and recent clinical experience, although she is not required to practice clinically in her current position. The South Island regional manager was present for the audit at Ultimate Care Rose Court and confirmed the organisation's confidence in the new facility manager. In addition to providing rest home and hospital (medical and geriatric) care, the service holds contracts with the Canterbury District Health Board DHB for respite and palliative care. There are 75 certified beds at Ultimate Care Rose Court, 54 of these are in the aged care facility and 21 are apartments which residents live in under Occupational Rights Agreements (ORAs). There are 21 ORA units - 13 one-bedroom apartments and eight studio apartments. On the day of the audit 18 of the 21 apartments were occupied. On the first day of the audit 55 residents were receiving care: 33 at rest home level and 22 at hospital level. These figures included two ORA residents: one receiving respite care at rest home level and one receiving hospital level care (in the hospital wing of the facility.)
Standard 1.2.2: Service Management The organisation ensures the day- to-day operation of the service is managed in an efficient and effective manner which ensures the provision of timely, appropriate, and safe services to consumers.	FA	When the facility manager is absent, the clinical services manager carries out all the required duties with support from the regional manager. During absences of key clinical staff, the clinical management is overseen by one of the senior registered nurses who is able to take responsibility for any clinical issues that may arise, and who is supported by the regional manager and other senior staff from the organisation. Staff reported the current arrangements work well.
Standard 1.2.3: Quality And Risk Management Systems The organisation has an established, documented, and maintained quality and risk management system that reflects	FA	Ultimate Care Group has a planned quality and risk system that reflects the principles of continuous quality improvement. Each facility develops annual quality goals. The quality and risk system includes the management of incidents and accidents, complaints and compliments, a calendar of internal audit activities, a regular resident and family satisfaction survey, monitoring of clinical indicators including infections and the use of restraints and enablers. Meeting minutes were reviewed and confirmed regular review and analysis of quality goals and clinical

continuous quality improvement principles.		indicators, that related information is reported and discussed at the range of meetings held, including the management team, quality committee, nursing staff, infection control, restraint approval group and staff meetings. Staff members interviewed reported their involvement in these meetings and the quality and risk management activities. This included internal audit activities, discussion of audit results and summaries of quality improvement data and graphed clinical indicators monthly. Relevant corrective actions are developed and implemented to address any shortfalls. Evidence of these activities, internal audits, and graphed information are made available to staff members.
		Resident and family satisfaction surveys are completed annually. The most recent survey was completed in September 2017. Feedback from the survey has led to some changes in the activities programme. Overall residents and families reported satisfaction with care at Ultimate Care Rose Court.
		Policies reviewed cover all necessary aspects of the service and contractual requirements, including reference to the interRAI Long Term Care Facility (LTCF) assessment tool and process. Policies are based on best practice and were current. The document control system ensures a systematic and regular review process, referencing of relevant sources, approval, distribution and removal of obsolete documents. Staff and managers interviewed confirmed their involvement in reviews of policies, when appropriate given their positions, and receiving notification when policies are amended and reviewed. Evidence of this is included in meeting minutes.
		The facility manager described the processes for the identification, monitoring, review and reporting of risks and development of mitigation strategies. The risk register was current at the time of the audit and has been regularly reviewed. The manager is familiar with the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and has implemented requirements as described in policy.
Standard 1.2.4: Adverse Event Reporting All adverse, unplanned, or untoward events are systematically recorded by the service and reported to affected consumers and where appropriate their family/whānau of choice in an open manner.	FA	Staff document adverse and near miss events on an accident/incident form. A sample of these forms reviewed showed these were fully completed, events are investigated, action plans developed and actions followed-up in a timely manner. Adverse event data is collated, analysed and reported to the Ultimate Care's national support office through an electronic reporting system. There are appropriate systems for escalation of events when needed. The facility manager described essential notification reporting requirements. Notifications of significant events made to the Ministry of Health since the previous audit included Section 31 notifications of two pressure injuries in 2017. At interview, the manager demonstrated her understanding of reporting requirements and systems for doing so within Ultimate Care's policies.
Standard 1.2.7: Human Resource	FA	Human resources management policies and processes are based on good employment practice and

Management Human resource management processes are conducted in accordance with good employment practice and meet the requirements of legislation.		relevant legislation. The recruitment process includes referee checks, police vetting and validation of qualifications and annual practising certificates (APCs), where required. A sample of staff records reviewed confirmed the organisation's policies are being consistently implemented and records are maintained. Staff orientation includes all necessary components relevant to specific roles. Staff reported that their orientation process prepared them well for their role. Staff records reviewed show documentation of completed orientation and a performance review after three-months and thereafter annually. Continuing education is planned on an annual basis, including mandatory training requirements. Care staff have either completed or commenced a New Zealand Qualification Authority education programme to meet the requirements of the provider's agreement with the DHB. A senior registered nurse is the education champion and has taken over coordination of the education programme. The annual calendar includes core topics to meet the needs of older residents requiring rest home level care, and specific topics required to meet the needs of residents requiring hospital level care. This includes care staff members and nursing staff. House-keeping and kitchen staff members have appropriate ongoing training to also maintain their skills, knowledge and competencies. The activities staff members have appropriate training. There are sufficient trained and competent registered nurses who are maintaining their annual competency requirements to undertake interRAl assessments. Records reviewed demonstrated completion of the required training, annual competencies and completion of annual performance appraisals.
Standard 1.2.8: Service Provider Availability Consumers receive timely, appropriate, and safe service from suitably qualified/skilled and/or experienced service providers.	FA	There is a documented and implemented process for determining staffing levels and skill mixes to provide safe service delivery, 24 hours a day, seven days a week (24/7). Staffing levels are adjusted to meet the changing needs of residents. This includes covering the needs of residents in the Village ORA apartments if they have been assessed as requiring rest home or hospital level care. An after-hours on-call roster is in place, with staff reporting that good access to advice is available when needed. Staff reported there were adequate staff available to complete the work allocated to them. Residents and family interviewed supported this. Observations and review of the fortnightly roster confirmed adequate staff cover has been provided, with staff replaced in any unplanned absence. At least one staff member on duty has a current first aid certificate and there is 24/7 RN coverage in the hospital.

Standard 1.2.9: Consumer Information Management Systems Consumer information is uniquely identifiable, accurately recorded, current, confidential, and accessible when required.	FA	All necessary demographic, personal, clinical and health information was fully completed in the residents' files sampled for review. Clinical notes were current and integrated with GP and allied health service provider notes. This includes interRAI assessment information entered into the Momentum electronic database. Records were legible with the name and designation of the person making the entry identifiable. Archived records are held securely on site and are readily retrievable using a cataloguing system. Residents' files are held for the required period before being destroyed. No personal or private resident information was on public display during the audit.
Standard 1.3.1: Entry To Services Consumers' entry into services is facilitated in a competent, equitable, timely, and respectful manner, when their need for services has been identified.	FA	Residents enter the service when their required level of care has been assessed and confirmed by the local Needs Assessment and Service Coordination (NASC) Service. Prospective residents and/or their families are encouraged to visit the facility prior to admission and are provided with written information about the service and the admission process. The organisation seeks updated information from the NASC and/or GP for residents accessing respite care, as confirmed in the one respite file reviewed. Family members interviewed stated they were satisfied with the admission process and the information that had been made available to them on admission. Files reviewed contained completed demographic detail, assessments and signed admission agreements in accordance with contractual requirements.
Standard 1.3.10: Transition, Exit, Discharge, Or Transfer Consumers experience a planned and coordinated transition, exit, discharge, or transfer from services.	FA	Exit, discharge or transfer is managed in a planned and co-ordinated manner, with an escort as appropriate. The service uses the DHB's 'yellow envelope' system to facilitate transfer of residents to and from acute care services. There is open communication between all services, the resident and the family/whānau. At the time of transition between services, appropriate information is provided for the ongoing management of the resident. All referrals are documented in the progress notes. An example reviewed of a patient recently transferred to and return from the local acute care facility showed all documentation completed. Family of the resident reported being kept well informed during the transfer of their relative.
Standard 1.3.12: Medicine Management Consumers receive medicines in a	FA	The medication management policy is current and identifies all aspects of medicine management in line with the Medicines Care Guide for Residential Aged Care. A safe system for medicine management using an electronic system was observed on the day of audit.

safe and timely manner that complies with current legislative requirements and safe practice guidelines.		The staff observed demonstrated good knowledge and had a clear understanding of their roles and responsibilities related to each stage of medicine management. All staff who administer medicines are competent to perform the function they manage. Medications are supplied to the facility in a pre-packaged format from a contracted pharmacy. The RN checks medications against the prescription. All medications sighted were within current use by dates. Clinical pharmacist input is provided monthly and on request. Controlled drugs are stored securely in accordance with requirements and checked by two staff for accuracy when administering. The controlled drug register provided evidence of weekly and six-monthly stock checks and accurate entries. The records of temperatures for the medicine fridge and the medication room reviewed were within the recommended range. Good prescribing practices noted include the prescriber's signature and date recorded on the commencement and discontinuation of medicines and all requirements for pro re nata (PRN) medicines met. The required three-monthly GP review is consistently recorded on the medicine chart. Standing orders are used, are current and comply with guidelines. There were no residents self-administering medications at the time of audit. Appropriate processes are in place to ensure this is managed in a safe manner, should this occur. There is an implemented process for comprehensive analysis of any medication errors.
Standard 1.3.13: Nutrition, Safe Food, And Fluid Management A consumer's individual food, fluids and nutritional needs are met where this service is a component of service delivery.	FA	The food service is provided on site by a cook and kitchen team and is in line with recognised nutritional guidelines for older people. The menu follows summer and winter patterns and has been reviewed by a qualified dietitian within the last two years. Recommendations made at that time have been implemented. All aspects of food procurement, production, preparation, storage, transportation, delivery and disposal comply with current legislation and guidelines. The service operates with an approved food safety plan and registration issued by the local council. Food temperatures, including for high risk items, are monitored appropriately and recorded as part of the plan. The food services manager has undertaken a safe food handling qualification, with kitchen assistants completing relevant food handling training. A nutritional assessment is undertaken for each resident on admission to the facility and a dietary profile developed. The personal food preferences, any special diets and modified texture requirements are made known to kitchen staff and accommodated in the daily meal plan. Special equipment to meet resident's nutritional needs, is available.

		Evidence of resident satisfaction with meals is verified by resident and family interviews, satisfaction surveys and resident meeting minutes. Residents were seen to be given sufficient time to eat their meal in an unhurried fashion and those requiring assistance had this provided.
Standard 1.3.2: Declining Referral/Entry To Services Where referral/entry to the service is declined, the immediate risk to the consumer and/or their family/whānau is managed by the organisation, where appropriate.	FA	If a referral is received but the prospective resident does not meet the entry criteria or there is currently no vacancy, the local NASC is advised to ensure the prospective resident and family are supported to find an appropriate care alternative. If the needs of a resident change and they are no longer suitable for the services offered, a referral for reassessment to the NASC is made and a new placement found, in consultation with the resident and whānau/family. Examples of this occurring were discussed and the files provided for review. There is a clause in the access agreement related to when a resident's placement can be terminated, however, this has not occurred since the previous audit.
Standard 1.3.4: Assessment Consumers' needs, support requirements, and preferences are gathered and recorded in a timely manner.	FA	Information is documented using validated nursing assessment tools such as pain scale, falls risk, skin integrity, nutritional screening, depression scale and continence, to identify any deficits and to inform care planning. The sample of care plans reviewed had an integrated range of resident-related information. All residents have current interRAI assessments completed by one of six trained interRAI assessors on site. Residents and families confirmed their involvement in the assessment process. InterRAI assessment outcomes have shown depression as above average at Ultimate Care Rose Court, however this is due to a RN project placing greater emphasis on assessing depression and how to improve outcomes for these residents (refer criterion 1.3.7.1).
Standard 1.3.5: Planning Consumers' service delivery plans are consumer focused, integrated, and promote continuity of service delivery.	FA	Plans reviewed reflected the support needs of residents, and the outcomes of the integrated assessment process and other relevant clinical information. The needs identified by the interRAI assessments were reflected in care plans reviewed. Care plans evidence service integration with progress notes, activities notes, medical and allied health professionals' notations clearly written, informative and relevant. Any change in care required is documented and verbally passed on to relevant staff. Residents and families reported participation in the development and ongoing evaluation of care plans.
Standard 1.3.6: Service Delivery/Interventions	FA	Documentation, observations and interviews verified the provision of care provided to residents was consistent with their needs, goals and the plan of care. The attention to meeting a diverse range of

Consumers receive adequate and appropriate services in order to meet their assessed needs and desired outcomes.		resident's individualised needs was evident in all areas of service provision. The GP interviewed, verified that medical input is sought in a timely manner, that medical orders are followed, and care is of a very good standard. Care staff confirmed that care was provided as outlined in the documentation. A range of equipment and resources was available, suited to the levels of care provided and in accordance with the residents' needs.
Standard 1.3.7: Planned Activities Where specified as part of the service delivery plan for a consumer, activity requirements are appropriate to their needs, age, culture, and the setting of the service.	CI	The activities programme is provided by two activities persons, both are undertaking diversional therapy training. A social assessment and history is undertaken on admission to ascertain residents' needs, interests, abilities and social requirements. Activities assessments are regularly reviewed to help formulate an activities programme that is meaningful to the residents. The resident's activity needs are evaluated monthly and as part of the formal six-monthly care plan review. Activities reflected residents' goals, ordinary patterns of life and included normal community activities. Individual, group activities and regular events are offered. Residents and families/whānau are involved in evaluating and improving the programme through residents' meetings and satisfaction surveys. Residents interviewed confirmed they find the programme varied and interesting. The interRAI quarterly report identified an increase in depression diagnosis, and as a result the facility has implemented a project to target those with social isolation and loneliness. This has resulted in implementing one to one activities for these residents with improved outcomes and evidence of continuous improvement.
Standard 1.3.8: Evaluation Consumers' service delivery plans are evaluated in a comprehensive and timely manner.	FA	Resident care is evaluated on each shift and reported in the progress notes. If any change is noted, it is reported to the RN. Formal care plan evaluations occur every six months in conjunction with the six-monthly interRAI reassessment, or as residents' needs change. Where progress is different from expected, the service responds by initiating changes to the plan of care. Examples of short term care plans being consistently reviewed and progress evaluated as clinically indicated were noted for continence, skin tears, infections and wounds. When necessary, and for unresolved problems, long term care plans are added to and updated. Residents and families/whānau interviewed provided examples of involvement in evaluation of progress and any resulting changes.

Standard 1.3.9: Referral To Other Health And Disability Services (Internal And External) Consumer support for access or referral to other health and/or disability service providers is appropriately facilitated, or provided to meet consumer choice/needs.	FA	Residents are supported to access or seek referral to other health and/or disability service providers. Although the service has a 'house doctor', residents may choose to use another medical practitioner. If the need for other non-urgent services are indicated or requested, the GP or RN sends a referral to seek specialist input. Copies of referrals were sighted in residents' files, including to the wound nurse specialist and psychogeriatrician. The resident and the family/whānau are kept informed of the referral process, as verified by documentation and interviews. Any acute/urgent referrals are attended to immediately, such as sending the resident to accident and emergency in an ambulance if the circumstances dictate.
Standard 1.4.1: Management Of Waste And Hazardous Substances Consumers, visitors, and service providers are protected from harm as a result of exposure to waste, infectious or hazardous substances, generated during service delivery.	FA	Staff follow documented processes for the management of waste and infectious and hazardous substances. Appropriate signage is displayed where necessary. An external company is contracted to supply and manage all chemicals and cleaning products and they also provide relevant training for staff. Material safety data sheets were available where chemicals are stored and staff interviewed knew what to do should any chemical spill/event occur. There is provision and availability of protective clothing and equipment (PPE) and staff were observed using this. Staff members reported that there is always an adequate supply of PPE and they have access to information and advice, if needed.
Standard 1.4.2: Facility Specifications Consumers are provided with an appropriate, accessible physical environment and facilities that are fit for their purpose.	FA	A current building warrant of fitness (expiry date 1 April 2018) is publicly displayed. Appropriate systems are in place to ensure the residents' physical environment and facilities are fit for their purpose and maintained. The testing and tagging of electrical equipment and calibration of bio medical equipment is current as confirmed in documentation reviewed, interviews with maintenance personnel and observation of the environment. Efforts are made to ensure the environment is hazard free, that residents are safe and independence is promoted. The facility and grounds are constructed on one level and have flat access inside and out. External areas are safely maintained and are appropriate to the resident groups and setting. Residents were observed going in and out of the facility independently during the audit. Residents confirmed they know the processes they should follow if any repairs or maintenance is required, any requests are appropriately actioned and that they are happy with the environment.

Standard 1.4.3: Toilet, Shower, And Bathing Facilities Consumers are provided with adequate toilet/shower/bathing facilities. Consumers are assured privacy when attending to personal hygiene requirements or receiving assistance with personal hygiene requirements.	FA	There are adequate numbers of accessible bathroom and toilet facilities throughout the facility. All residents' bedrooms have their own ensuite bathroom with toilet and hand basin. Appropriately secured and approved handrails are provided in the toilet/shower areas, and other equipment/accessories are available to promote residents' independence, as are required for each resident. Additional toilets for visitors and staff are available and are clearly identified.
Standard 1.4.4: Personal Space/Bed Areas Consumers are provided with adequate personal space/bed areas appropriate to the consumer group and setting.	FA	Adequate personal space is provided to allow residents and staff to move around within their bedrooms safely. All bedrooms provide single accommodation. Rooms are personalised with furnishings, photos and other personal items displayed. There is room to store mobility aids, wheel chairs and mobility scooters. Residents and staff reported the adequacy of bedrooms. Occupational Right Agreement apartments are included within the aged care facility and the total number of certified beds. These apartments may be one bedroom or studio style units. In both cases the apartments are spacious and provide adequate space for residents, their furniture and personal items, mobility equipment (if needed) and staff to manoeuvre safely around their bed area.
Standard 1.4.5: Communal Areas For Entertainment, Recreation, And Dining Consumers are provided with safe, adequate, age appropriate, and accessible areas to meet their relaxation, activity, and dining needs.	FA	Communal areas are available for residents to engage in activities. Ultimate Care Rose Court has defined areas, with large dining and lounge rooms in each of the rest home, hospital and apartment locations. One very large, open plan lounge and dining room can accommodate all residents for celebrations. Each of the individual dining and lounge areas are spacious and enable easy access for residents and staff. Residents can access additional smaller areas for privacy, if required. Furniture is appropriate to the setting and residents' needs. During the days onsite residents were observed using the different communal areas throughout the facility.
Standard 1.4.6: Cleaning And Laundry Services Consumers are provided with safe and hygienic cleaning and laundry	FA	Laundry is undertaken on site in a dedicated laundry and by family members if requested. Dedicated laundry staff demonstrated a sound knowledge of the laundry processes, dirty/clean flow and handling of soiled linen. Laundry staff have received appropriate training to undertake their roles and attend ongoing, regular training. Residents interviewed reported the laundry is managed well and their clothes

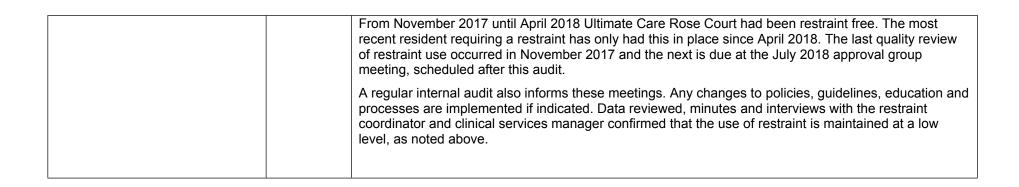
services appropriate to the setting in which the service is being provided.		are returned in a timely manner. There is a small designated cleaning team who have received appropriate training and, like laundry staff, take part in ongoing, regular training. Chemicals were stored in a lockable cupboard and were in appropriately labelled containers. Cleaning and laundry processes are monitored through the internal audit programme with an internal audit of both services three times a year. A recent internal audit has been undertaken of the cleaning and laundry services and this has confirmed that Ultimate Care's processes have been followed.
Standard 1.4.7: Essential, Emergency, And Security Systems Consumers receive an appropriate and timely response during emergency and security situations.	FA	Policies and guidelines for emergency planning, preparation and response are displayed and known to staff. Disaster and civil defence planning guides direct the facility in their preparation for disasters and described the procedures to be followed in the event of a fire or other emergency. The current fire evacuation plan was approved by the New Zealand Fire Service on the 26 April 2007. A trial evacuation takes place six-monthly with a copy sent to the New Zealand Fire Service, the most recent being on 5 April 2018. The orientation programme includes fire and security training. Staff confirmed their awareness of the emergency procedures and their inclusion in the annual training programme. Adequate supplies for use in the event of a civil defence emergency, including food, water, blankets, mobile phones and gas BBQ's were sighted and meet the requirements for the number of residents supported at Ultimate Care Rose Court. Water storage tanks are located around the complex, and there are alternative facilities for cooking in the event of main supplies failing. Emergency lighting is regularly tested. A call bell system is used in the facility and staff were observed responding promptly during the audit. Call system audits are completed on a regular basis and residents and families reported staff respond promptly to call bells. Appropriate security arrangements are in place. Doors and windows are locked at a predetermined time. There is a door bell for families to use for access after-hours and staff members described the process for overnight security.
Standard 1.4.8: Natural Light, Ventilation, And Heating Consumers are provided with adequate natural light, safe ventilation, and an environment	FA	All rooms in the facility have external windows which allow natural light and views of the gardens which surround Ultimate Care Rose Court. Rooms and communal areas are heated and ventilated appropriately. Windows open to allow fresh air while having safety latches. The facility has underfloor electric heating throughout. During the days of the audit all areas were warm and well ventilated throughout and residents and families confirmed the facilities are maintained at a

that is maintained at a safe and comfortable temperature.		comfortable temperature.
Standard 3.1: Infection control management There is a managed environment, which minimises the risk of infection to consumers, service providers, and visitors. This shall be appropriate to the size and scope of the service.	FA	The service implements an infection prevention and control (IPC) programme to minimise the risk of infection to residents, staff and visitors (refer criterion 1.2.3.6). The programme is guided by a comprehensive and current infection control manual, with input from external specialists. The infection control programme and manual are reviewed annually. A registered nurse is the designated IPC coordinator, whose role and responsibilities are defined in a job description. Infection control matters, including surveillance results, are reported monthly to the facility manager, and tabled at the quality and staff committee meetings. This committee includes the facility manager, IPC coordinator, the health and safety officer, and representatives from food services and household management. Signage at the main entrance to the facility requests anyone who is, or has been unwell in the past 48 hours, not to enter the facility. The infection control manual provides guidance for staff about how long they must stay away from work if they have been unwell. Staff interviewed understood these responsibilities.
Standard 3.2: Implementing the infection control programme There are adequate human, physical, and information resources to implement the infection control programme and meet the needs of the organisation.	FA	The IPC coordinator has appropriate skills, knowledge and qualifications for the role, and has been in this role for less than a year. She has undertaken training in infection prevention and control and attended relevant study days, as verified in training records sighted. Additional support and information is accessed from the infection control team at the DHB, the community laboratory, the GP and public health unit, as required. The coordinator has access to residents' records and diagnostic results to ensure timely treatment and resolution of any infections. The IPC coordinator confirmed the availability of resources to support the programme and any outbreak of an infection.
Standard 3.3: Policies and procedures Documented policies and procedures for the prevention and control of infection reflect current accepted good practice and relevant legislative requirements	FA	The infection prevention and control policies reflected the requirements of the infection prevention and control standard and current accepted good practice. Policies were last reviewed in April and include appropriate referencing. Care delivery, cleaning, laundry and kitchen staff were observed following organisational policies, such as appropriate use of hand-sanitisers, good hand-washing technique and use of disposable aprons and gloves. Hand washing and sanitiser dispensers are readily available around the facility. Staff

and are readily available and are implemented in the organisation. These policies and procedures are practical, safe, and appropriate/suitable for the type of service provided.		interviewed verified knowledge of infection control policies and practices.
Standard 3.4: Education The organisation provides relevant education on infection control to all service providers, support staff, and consumers.	FA	Interviews, observation and documentation verified staff have received education in infection prevention and control at orientation and ongoing education sessions. Education is provided by suitably qualified RNs, and the IPC coordinator. Content of the training is documented and evaluated to ensure it is relevant, current and understood. A record of attendance is maintained. When an infection outbreak or an increase in infection incidence has occurred, there was evidence that additional staff education has been provided in response. An example of this occurred when a recent spike in chest infections occurred; hand hygiene was a focus in small training sessions for staff with a decrease in infections the next month. Education with residents is generally on a one-to-one basis and has included reminders about handwashing and advice about remaining in their room if they are unwell.
Standard 3.5: Surveillance Surveillance for infection is carried out in accordance with agreed objectives, priorities, and methods that have been specified in the infection control programme.	FA	Surveillance is appropriate to that recommended for long term care facilities and includes infections of the urinary tract, soft tissue, fungal, eye, gastro-intestinal, the upper and lower respiratory tract and scabies. The IPC coordinator reviews all reported infections and these are documented. New infections and any required management plan are discussed at handover, to ensure early intervention occurs. Monthly surveillance data is collated and analysed to identify any trends, possible causative factors and required actions. Results of the surveillance programme are shared with staff via regular staff meetings and at staff handovers. Graphs are produced that identify trends for the current year, and comparisons against previous years and this is reported to the clinical manager, IPC committee and support office. Data is benchmarked externally within the group. Benchmarking has provided assurance that infection rates in the facility are below average for the organisation. (Refer also criterion 1.2.3.6)
Standard 2.1.1: Restraint minimisation Services demonstrate that the use	FA	Policies and procedures meet the requirements of the restraint minimisation and safe practice standards and provide guidance on the safe use of both restraints and enablers. The restraint coordinator provides support and oversight for enabler and restraint management in the facility and demonstrated a sound understanding of the organisation's policies, procedures and practice and his

of restraint is actively minimised.		role and responsibilities.
		On the day of audit, one resident was using a restraint and four residents were using enablers at their own request. In each case, the equipment in use was the least restrictive option. A similar process is followed for the use of enablers as is used for restraints.
		Restraint is used as a last resort when all alternatives have been explored. This was evident on review of the restraint approval group minutes, files reviewed, and from interview with the restraint coordinator.
Standard 2.2.1: Restraint approval and processes Services maintain a process for determining approval of all types of restraint used, restraint processes (including policy and procedure), duration of restraint, and ongoing education on restraint use and this process is made known to service providers and others.	FA	The restraint approval group, made up of the restraint coordinator, the clinical services manager, facility manager, the contracted physiotherapist and RN who is the falls management champion. The group is responsible for the approval of the use of restraints and the restraint processes. In addition to minutes from the restraint approval group, the files for the resident with the restraint and three of the four residents using enablers were reviewed during the audit. It was evident from review of the approval group minutes, the residents' files and interviews with the restraint coordinator that there are clear lines of accountability, that all restraints have been approved, and the overall use of restraints is being monitored and analysed. (Restraint approval group minutes included references to restraints for residents who have used restraints in the past and who have had these discontinued). Evidence of family/EPOA involvement in the decision making was on file for the resident who had an approved restraint. Use of a restraint or enabler is part of the plan of care.
Standard 2.2.2: Assessment Services shall ensure rigorous assessment of consumers is undertaken, where indicated, in relation to use of restraint.	FA	Assessments for the use of restraint were documented and included all requirements of the Standard. A RN undertakes the initial assessment with the restraint coordinator's involvement, and input from the resident's family/EPOA. The restraint coordinator described the documented process. Family involvement was confirmed in the files sampled. The general practitioner is involved in the final decision on the safety of the use of the restraint and this was evident for the one resident with a restraint at the time of this audit. The assessment process identified the underlying cause, history of restraint use, cultural considerations, alternatives and associated risks. The desired outcome was to ensure the resident's safety and security. Completed assessments were sighted in the records of the resident who was using a restraint, and those using enablers. At interview the restraint coordinator described the assessment process and the focus on exploring all options other than the use of restraint. The restraint approval group minutes also reflected this.

Standard 2.2.3: Safe Restraint Use Services use restraint safely	FA	The use of restraints is actively minimised and the restraint coordinator described how alternatives to restraints are discussed with staff and family members (eg, the use of sensor mats, low beds, and more recently, chair sensors).	
,		When restraints are in use, frequent monitoring occurs to ensure the resident remains safe. Records of monitoring had the necessary details. Access to advocacy is provided if requested and all processes ensure dignity and privacy are maintained and respected.	
		A restraint register is maintained, updated every month and reviewed at each restraint approval group meeting. The register was reviewed and contained all residents currently using a restraint and sufficient information to provide an auditable record.	
		Staff have received training in the organisation's policy and procedures and in related topics, such as positively supporting people with challenging behaviours. Staff spoken to understood that the use of restraint is to be minimised and how to maintain safety when restraints are in use.	
		Discussion with the restraint coordinator and restraint approval group minutes reflect a focus on minimisation of restraint use.	
Standard 2.2.4: Evaluation	FA	Review of the resident's file who currently uses a restraint, and meeting minutes, showed that the use	
Services evaluate all episodes of restraint.		of restraints is reviewed and evaluated during care plan and interRAI reviews. Previous records of other residents who have had restraints reflect three monthly restraint evaluations and discussion at the restraint approval group meetings. Families interviewed confirmed their involvement in the evaluation process and their satisfaction with the restraint process. Their involvement in the evaluation process is recorded on the evaluation form for their family member.	
		The evaluation covers all requirements of the Standard, including future options to eliminate use, the impact and outcomes achieved, if the policy and procedure was followed and documentation completed as required.	
Standard 2.2.5: Restraint Monitoring and Quality Review	FA	The restraint approval group undertakes a six-monthly review of all restraint use which includes all the requirements of this Standard. Minutes of meeting reviewed confirmed this includes analysis and	
Services demonstrate the monitoring and quality review of their use of restraint.		evaluation of the amount and type of restraint use in the facility, whether all alternatives to restraint have been considered, the effectiveness of the restraint in use, the competency of staff and the appropriateness of restraint / enabler education and feedback from the doctor, staff and families.	



Specific results for criterion where corrective actions are required

Where a standard is rated partially attained (PA) or unattained (UA) specific corrective actions are recorded under the relevant criteria for the standard. The following table contains the criterion where corrective actions have been recorded.

Criterion can be linked to the relevant standard by looking at the code. For example, a Criterion 1.1.1.1: Service providers demonstrate knowledge and understanding of consumer rights and obligations, and incorporate them as part of their everyday practice relates to Standard 1.1.1: Consumer Rights During Service Delivery in Outcome 1.1: Consumer Rights.

If there is a message "no data to display" instead of a table, then no corrective actions were required as a result of this audit.

Specific results for criterion where a continuous improvement has been recorded

As well as whole standards, individual criterion within a standard can also be rated as having a continuous improvement. A continuous improvement means that the provider can demonstrate achievement beyond the level required for full attainment. The following table contains the criterion where the provider has been rated as having made corrective actions have been recorded.

As above, criterion can be linked to the relevant standard by looking at the code. For example, a Criterion 1.1.1.1 relates to Standard 1.1.1: Consumer Rights During Service Delivery in Outcome 1.1: Consumer Rights

If, instead of a table, these is a message "no data to display" then no continuous improvements were recorded as part of this audit.

Criterion with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence	Audit Finding
Criterion 1.2.3.6 Quality improvement data are collected, analysed, and evaluated and the results communicated to service providers and, where appropriate, consumers.	CI	Quality improvement initiatives are identified in annual quality goals. Work towards addressing these initiatives is tracked through relevant meeting minutes and clinical indicator data graphs progress in reduction in unwanted event frequency. A 2018 quality goal was to increase resident and staff influenza vaccination rates to decrease respiratory tract infections. The clinical services manager has implemented a programme for staff, providing information about the influenza vaccine, its impact on people who receive it and how increasing vaccination rates could improve wellbeing, in particular, for residents. Staff vaccination rates increased from 43% in 2017 to 57% by April 2018. Residents	From the beginning of 2018 a quality initiative was implemented which focused on reducing respiratory infection rates by increasing influenza vaccination rates in residents and staff members. Nursing, quality committee and staff meeting minutes record the implementation of the quality initiative and track the progress through clinical indicator data. Discussion is also recorded of the impact on resident and staff wellbeing. There has been a significant reduction in respiratory tract infections for the first five months of 2018.

		vaccination rates increased from 80% in 2017 to 92% in 2018. Clinical indicator data shows a 50% decrease in respiratory tract infections in the first five months of 2018 compared with the same period in 2017.	
Criterion 1.3.7.1 Activities are planned and provided/facilitated to develop and maintain strengths (skills, resources, and interests) that are meaningful to the consumer.	CI	Ultimate Care Rose Court's quarterly interRAI report revealed an increased number of residents with a diagnosis of depression. As well, the 2017 resident satisfaction survey on the recreation programme showed only 36% of the 21 respondents were satisfied with the activities programme. An improvement project was implemented to improve the programme by: reviewing resident's preferences; targeting those who were not attending, including those with social isolation and loneliness; increasing the number of activity days from five to six; introduction of new activities to the programme including resident specific one to one activities. This resulted in an increased attendance in activities, especially by those who previously did not attend; continued resident input into what they wanted, and what was not preferred; photos and a 'brag book' for family to evidence attendance and preferences; an initial reduction in social isolation and loneliness. A review process occurred. The repeat survey in 2018 showed 90% of residents satisfied with the recreation programme. Seventy percent (70%) have provided suggestions for activities with respondents concurring 100% that activities were more varied. Evaluation of each resident's responses to the	Continuous improvement in relation to activities was evident. After a disappointing satisfaction survey result regarding activities and an increased number of residents with a diagnosis of depression, a project was implemented to improve resident's outcomes, reduce isolation and loneliness, and improve resident input in the recreation programme. The implementation, evaluation and review of the updated activities provided, including for those with loneliness and social isolation, showed a marked improvement in participation, initially reduced depression and overall increased satisfaction and improved outcomes for residents.

one to one sessions showed they were more involved in activities. Residents who were identified with loneliness and social isolation were now participating in and enjoying specific one to one activities.	
Family satisfaction responses also increased with 80% to 100% satisfaction with the improved activities programme.	

End of the report.