

History of Current Clinical Presentation: *Please either complete form or attach relevant material including duration and contextual information relevant to current presentation*

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Past Psychiatric History: *Please either complete form or attach relevant material including duration of illness, previous admissions, previous compulsory treatment orders, past diagnoses and previous treatments*

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Relevant Medical, Drug and Alcohol, Personal and Social History: *Please either complete form or attach relevant material*

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Application of Clinical Findings to Statutory Definition of Mental Disorder

With reference to the statutory findings recorded in the accompanying section 10, 12, 14 or 76 certificate, please elaborate on your reasoning related to mental disorder.

In my opinion,

(proposed) patients name

- Either;** does not manifest an abnormal state of mind
OR; manifests an abnormal state of mind characterised by:
delusions disorder of mood disorder of perception
disorder of volition disorder of cognition

I believe that the nature of the abnormal state of mind is:

- continuous OR intermittent

Describe to justify opinion regarding abnormal state of mind

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I believe that the abnormal state of mind is to such a degree that it:

- Poses a serious danger to the health or safety of that person or of others
- Seriously diminishes the capacity of that person to take care of themselves
- neither of above apply

Describe to justify opinion regarding serious danger or seriously diminished capacity

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Accordingly,

in my opinion,

(proposed) patients name

is mentally disordered

is not mentally disordered

Consultation with family or whānau

I have consulted with the family or whānau of the (proposed) patient

I have **not** consulted with the family or whānau of the (proposed) patient because

It is not reasonably practicable; or

Having consulted with the (proposed) patient it is not in their best interests

Please give details

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Signature: _____

Date: _____

Section 2 INTERPRETATION

"Mental disorder", in relation to any person, means an abnormal state of mind (whether of a continuous or an intermittent nature), characterised by delusions, or by disorders of mood or perception or volition or cognition, of such a degree that it—

- (a) Poses a serious danger to the health or safety of that person or of others; or
- (b) Seriously diminishes the capacity of that person to take care of himself or herself;

Section 4 GENERAL RULES RELATING TO LIABILITY TO ASSESSMENT OR TREATMENT

The procedures prescribed by Parts 1 and 2 of this Act shall not be invoked in respect of any person by reason only of—

- (a) That person's political, religious, or cultural beliefs; or
- (b) That person's sexual preferences; or
- (c) That person's criminal or delinquent behaviour; or
- (d) Substance abuse; or
- (e) Intellectual disability

Section 6A USE OF AUDIOVISUAL LINKS

(1) This section applies if—

- (a) a clinician, mental health practitioner, or psychiatrist (a practitioner) exercises a power under this Act that requires access to a person; or
- (b) a Judge, any person directed by a Judge, or a member of a Review Tribunal is required to examine a person under this Act.

(2) The practitioner may use an audiovisual link to access the person to exercise a power under this Act if the practitioner considers—

- (a) that it is not practicable for the person to be physically present; and
- (b) the use of an audiovisual link is appropriate in the circumstances.

(2A) The practitioner must apply any relevant guidelines and standards of care and treatment issued by the Director-General of Health under section 130 when deciding whether—

- (a) it is not practicable for the person to be physically present; and
- (b) the use of an audiovisual link is appropriate in the circumstances.

(2B) If an audiovisual link is used to access the person under subsection (2), the practitioner must—

- (a) record in writing the reason that—
 - (i) it was not practicable for the person to be physically present; and
 - (ii) the use of an audiovisual link was appropriate in the circumstances;and
- (b) provide the record to the relevant Director of Area Mental Health Services as soon as practicable after the use of the link.

(3) If the Judge or member of the Review Tribunal considers that it is not practicable for the person to be physically present for an examination, the Judge, a person directed by a Judge, or a member of a Review Tribunal may use an audiovisual link to examine the person under this Act.

(4) In this section, audiovisual link, in relation to the exercise of a power in respect of a person under this Act, means facilities that enable both audio and visual communication with the person.

(5) To avoid doubt, an examination may not be carried out under this section by audio link.

Section 7A PRACTITIONER OR RESPONSIBLE CLINICIAN TO CONSULT

(1) In this section, "practitioner" means—

- (a) A mental health practitioner conducting an assessment examination of a proposed patient under section 9; and
- (b) A responsible clinician providing an assessment of, or treatment to, a patient

(2) A practitioner must consult the family or whanau of the proposed patient or patient. This subsection is subject to subsection (3).

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply if the practitioner has reasonable grounds for deciding that consultation—

- (a) Is not reasonably practicable; or
- (b) Is not in the best interests of the proposed patient or patient.

(4) In deciding whether or not consultation with the family or whanau is in the best interests of a proposed patient or patient the practitioner must consult the proposed patient or patient.