

Attitudes and behaviours towards vaccination and the COVID-19 second booster vaccine

August 2022 Report

Prepared for:

Evaluation and Behavioural Science - Science & Technical Advisory
Intelligence, Surveillance and Knowledge
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Manatū Hauora - Ministry of Health

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KEY FINDINGS – PERCEIVED THREAT OF COVID-19 TO MY HEALTH

PERCEIVED THREAT TO MY HEALTH IF INFECTED WITH COVID-19

Using a rating scale from 0 to 10





Results are evenly spread for those who perceive:

- a low level of threat (38%)
- a medium level (31%)
- a high level (31%).

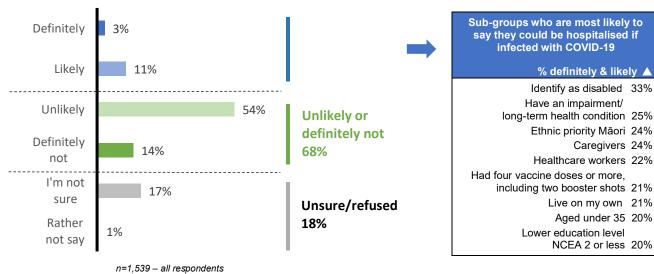
Cross analysis of the results features statistically significant differences from the total, at the 95% confidence level.

These results are indicated by the following symbols:

▼ significantly less than the total ▲ significantly more than the total.

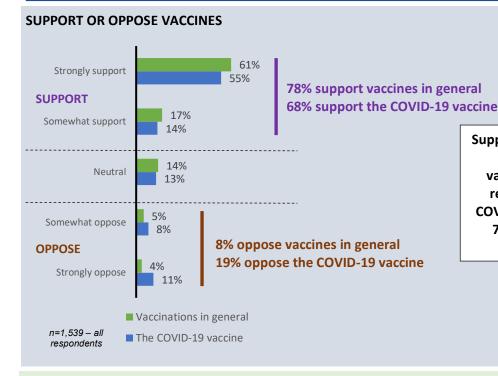
Perceived threat to my health if infected with COVID-19				
Average rating overall 4.7 out of 10				
Sub-groups who perceive COVID-19 infection	Sub-groups who perceive COVID-19 infection			
will be <u>less</u> of a threat to their health ▼	will be <u>more</u> of a threat to their health ▲			
Average rating out of 10	Average rating out of 10			
No health impairment/ long-term condition 4.1	I believe I am likely to be hospitalised if infected			
Have children in the household 4.1	with COVID-19 7.1			
I believe I am not likely to be hospitalised if	Had 4+ doses including 2 boosters 6.2			
infected with COVID-19 3.8	Aged 75 or more 6.0			
5+ adults in household 3.6	Likely to have a second booster			
5+ total people in household 3.6	dose if recommended 5.7			
Not specifically tested for COVID-19	Have a health impairment/ long-term condition 5.6			
in past 3 months 3.5	Support COVID-19 vaccinations 5.6			
Oppose vaccinations in general 2.8	Aged 65 to 74 5.5			
Unlikely to have a second booster	Aged 55 or over 5.4			
dose if recommended 2.6	Support vaccinations in general 5.1			
Oppose COVID-19 vaccinations 2.3				
Have not been vaccinated for COVID-19 1.8				

PERCEIVED LIKELIHOOD OF BEING HOSPITALISED IF INFECTED WITH COVID-19



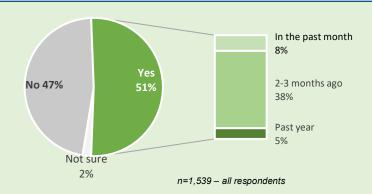


KEY FINDINGS – SUPPORT OR OPPOSE VACCINES



Support for the COVID-19 vaccine is weaker than support for vaccinations in general. 68% of respondents say they support COVID-19 vaccines compared with 78% who support vaccines in general.

KEY FINDINGS - HAD THE 'FLU VACCINE IN THE PAST YEAR



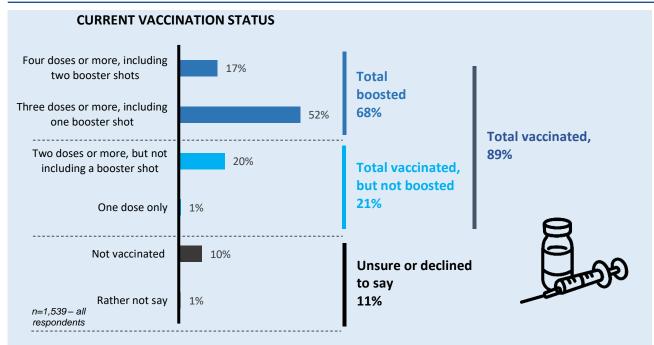
51% had the flu vaccine in the past year - 46% within the past three months.



A total of 51% of respondents said they had the 'flu vaccine in the past 12 months			
Sub-groups <u>less</u> likely to have 'flu vaccine ▼		Sub-groups more likely to have 'flu vaccine ▲	
Children in the household Aged 35 to 54 Aged less than 35 From a rural area Ethnic priority Pasifika Not tested for COVID-19 in past 3 months 5+ adults in the household Extremely concerned about the side effects of vaccinations Oppose vaccinations in general 7+ people in the household	44% 43% 41% 40% 37% 36% 28%		87% 85% 73% 68% 64% 59% 58% 58%



KEY FINDINGS – CURRENT COVID-19 VACCINATION STATUS



89% of respondents said they had been vaccinated at least once for COVID-19. Only 17% had received 4 or more doses, including 2 boosters.

VACCINATION STATUS BY AGE

	UNDER 35	35 TO 54	55 AND OVER
Four doses or more, including two booster shots	3% ▼	9% ▼	34% ▲
Three doses or more, including one booster shot	53%	56%	46% ▼
Received a booster dose	56% ▼	66%*	80% ▲
Two doses or more, but not including a booster shot	29% ▲	21%	10% ▼
One dose only	3%	1%	1%
Not vaccinated	12%	11%	8%
Rather not say	1%	2%	1%
n=	361	510	668

34% of those aged 55 or more have received two boosters and 80% at least 1 booster. By contrast, only 56% of those aged less than 35 have received a booster and 3% two boosters.

No significant differences by age for receiving 1 dose, not being vaccinated, or refusing to say

OTHER SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES FOR HAVING AT LEAST ONE BOOSTER SHOT

Total with 1 or 2 booster shots 68%			
Sub-groups <u>less</u> likely to have at least one booster shot ▼		Sub-groups more likely to have at least one booster shot	
NCEA 2 or less	62%	Have a university degree	75%
Children in the household	56%	No children in household	75%
Ethnic priority Pasifika	51%		
5+ adults in the household	44%		
7+ people in the household	38%		

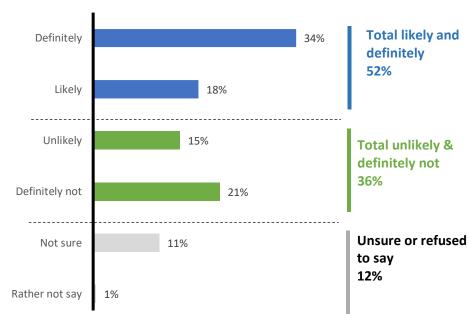
^{* &}quot;Received a booster shot" is different from the sum of the individual percentages shown owing to rounding.



KEY FINDINGS – LIKELIHOOD OF GETTING A SECOND BOOSTER DOSE

LIKELIHOOD OF GETTING A SECOND BOOSTER DOSE IF RECOMMENDED AND AVAILABLE

Base excludes those who have already had a second booster



52% of respondents who had not yet had a second booster say they are likely to, or will definitely, get a second booster dose if recommended and available.

36% say they are <u>unlikely</u> to do so or definitely won't.

n=1,250 – excludes those with 2 booster shots already

Not had a second booster: <u>Unlikely to, or definitely won't</u> get a second booster Overall total 36%

Sub-groups <u>less</u> likely to get a second boos	ter 🛦
Have not been vaccinated for COVID-19	93%
<u>Disagree</u> that they will get a 2 nd booster	
if recommended by Ministry of Health	89%
Oppose COVID-19 vaccinations	88%
Extremely concerned about the side effects	
of the COVID-19 vaccine	84%
Oppose vaccinations in general	78%
Disagree "I'd be more likely to get a 2nd booster	
if people whose opinions I value	
support vaccination"	65%
Had 2+ doses, but no booster shot	54%
Have not had the flu vaccine in the past year	51%
Aged 25 to 34	46%
From a regional town or rural area	45%
Low education level (NCEA 2 or below)	43%
Children in the household	41%
I believe I am not likely to be hospitalised	
if infected with COVID-10	11%

Not had a second booster: <u>Likely to, or definitely will</u> get a second booster Overall total 52%

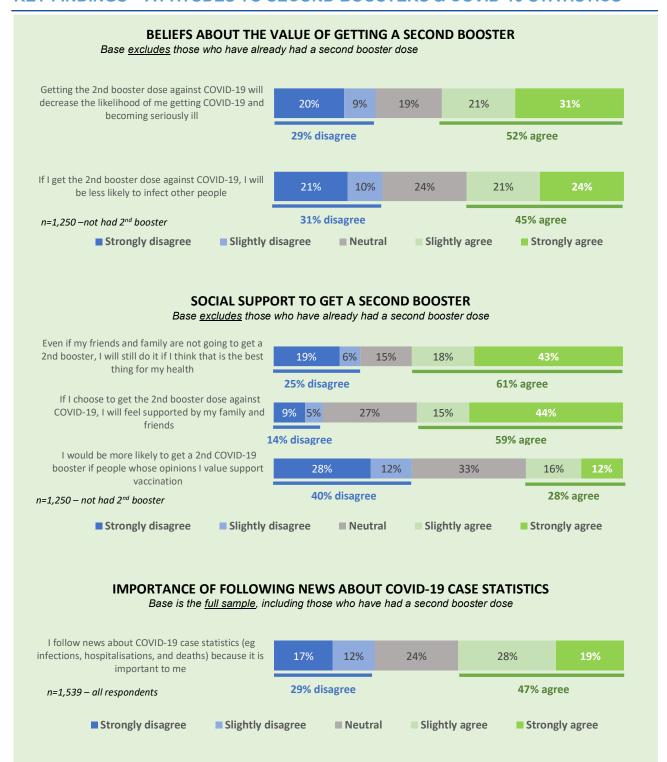
Sub-groups more likely to get a second booster ▲

Agree that they will get a 2 nd booster if it is recommended by Ministry of Health	88%
Not at all concerned about the side effects	
of the COVID-19 vaccine	84%
Support COVID-19 vaccinations	75%
Agree they follow news about COVID-19 case	
Statistics because it is important to them	73%
Had the flu vaccine in the past year	72%
Agree "I'd be more likely to get a 2nd booster	
if people whose opinions I value	
support vaccination"	72%
Had 3+ doses, incl. 1 booster shot	70%
I believe I am likely to be hospitalised	
if infected with COVID-19	67%
Support vaccinations in general	63%
Have a university degree	60%
Tested positive for COVID-19 in the	
past 3 months	59%

Analysis excludes those with 2 booster shots already

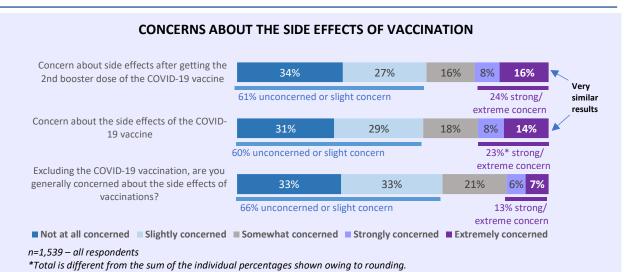


KEY FINDINGS – ATTITUDES TO SECOND BOOSTERS & COVID-19 STATISTICS





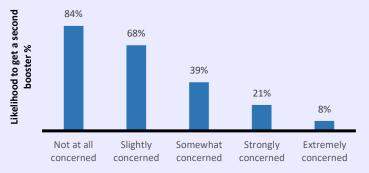
KEY FINDINGS – CONCERNS ABOUT THE SIDE EFFECTS OF VACCINATION



13% of respondents were strongly or extremely concerned about the side effects of vaccines in general. This increases to 23% for the COVID-19 vaccine and 24% for the second booster dose.

Have strong or extreme concern about the side effects of a second booster Total 24%				
Sub-groups <u>less</u> likely to have strong or	Sub-groups more likely to have strong or			
extreme concerns about the side effects of a extreme concerns about the side effects				
second booster ▼	second booster ▲			
Aged 55 and over 18%	Have not been vaccinated for COVID-19 79%			
Support vaccinations in general 16%	Oppose COVID-19 vaccinations 77%			
Aged 65 to 74 15%	Oppose vaccinations in general 65%			
Support COVID-19 vaccinations 7%	Unlikely to have a second booster			
Aged 75 or more 7%	dose if recommended 62%			
Likely to have a second booster	Had 2+ doses but no booster dose 39%			
dose if recommended 5%	Not tested for COVID-19 in past 3 months 43%			
dose ii redominended 670	7+ people in the household 38%			
	5+ adults in the household 32%			
	From a rural area 32%			
	Caregivers 30%			
	Aged less than 35 29%			

LEVEL OF CONCERN ABOUT SIDE EFFECTS OF COVID-19 VACCINE IN THOSE WHO ARE LIKELY TO GET A SECOND BOOSTER



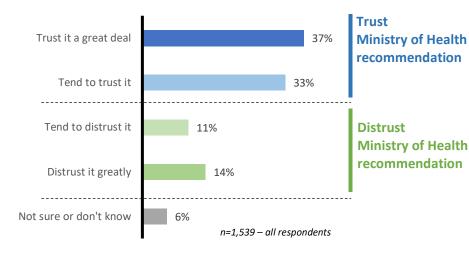
Concern about side effects of COVID-19 vaccination

There is a strong linear relationship between concern about the side effects of COVID-19 vaccines and likelihood to get a second booster.



KEY FINDINGS – MINISTRY OF HEALTH VACCINE RECOMMENDATIONS

TRUST THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH'S RECOMMENDATION ON COVID-19 VACCINATIONS



69% of respondents said they trust the Ministry of Health's vaccine recommendation.

<u>Distrust Ministry of Health's</u> recommendation on COVID-19 vaccination Total 25%

Sub-groups more likely to <u>distrust</u> the Ministry of Health's recommendation on COVID-19 vaccination

Have not been vaccinated for COVID-19 88% Oppose COVID-19 vaccinations 88% Oppose vaccinations in general 73% Not tested for COVID-19 in past 3 months 45% From a rural area 43% Had two doses of COVID-19 vaccines or more, but not including a booster 39% 7+ people in the household 38% From a regional town 34% Aged 25 to 34 years 32% From Te Manawa Taki (Midland) Te Whatu Ora region 32% Children in household 31% I believe I am not likely to be hospitalised if infected with COVID-19 29%

<u>Trust</u> Ministry of Health's recommendation on COVID-19 vaccination

Total 69%

Sub-groups more likely to <u>trust</u> the Ministry of Health's recommendation on COVID-19 vaccination

Had four doses of COVID-19 vaccine or more, including two booster shots 92% Support COVID-19 vaccinations 92% Had three doses or more, including one booster shot 83% Aged 75 plus 82% Support vaccinations in general 80% I believe I am likely to be hospitalised

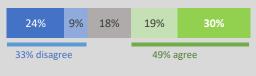
if infected with COVID-19 78%
Aged 65 to 74 years 78%
Have a university degree 76%
From a large city 75%

From Auckland 74%

WILL FOLLOW A MINISTRY OF HEALTH RECOMMENDATION TO GET A SECOND BOOSTER

Base excludes those who have already had a second booster dose

If it is recommended by Ministry of Health, I will get a 2nd booster vaccine against COVID-19



Almost half (49%) of those who haven't had a second booster agree that they will get a second booster if this is recommended by the Ministry of Health: 30% strongly agree.

 Around a quarter (24%) strongly disagree that they will follow a Ministry of Health

recommendation.

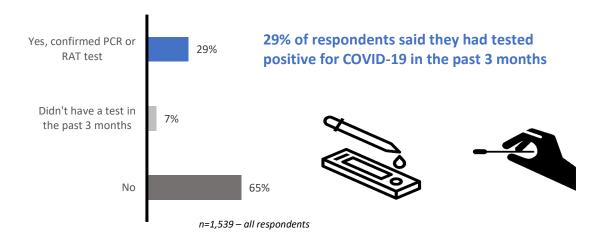
n=1,250 − not had 2nd booster

Strongly disagree Slightly disagree Neutral Slightly agree Strongly agree

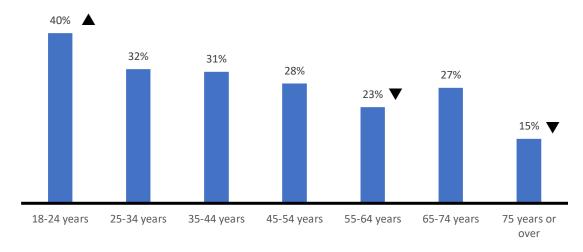


KEY FINDINGS – TESTED POSITIVE FOR COVID-19 IN THE PAST 3 MONTHS

TESTED POSITIVE FOR COVID-19 IN THE PAST 3 MONTHS



TESTED POSITIVE FOR COVID-19 BY AGE



TESTED POSITIVE BY OTHER VARIABLES

Tested positive for COVID-19 by PCR or RAT test. Total 29%			
Sub-groups less likely to have tested positive for COVID-19 ▼ Sub-groups more likely to have tested positive for COVID-19 ▼			
Live on my own 22%	Healthcare worker 41%		
Had four COVID-19 vaccine doses or	Ethnic priority Māori 37%		
more, including two booster shots 11%	Have an undergraduate degree 35%		
	Caregivers 35%		
	Children in household 34%		



Appendix 1 – Methodology



Research method

An online survey of people living in New Zealand aged 18 and older.

Sample sources

Four research panels are used to ensure coverage and diversity: The nationwide HorizonPoll and Horizon Research Māori research panels, and two third-party research panels.

Fieldwork dates

8 to 15 August 2022

Sample size

A total of 1,539 respondents (n=1,539).

Survey reliability

For the total sample the maximum margin of error is ±2.5% at the 95% confidence level (CI).

Key subsamples and their maximum margins of error (at 95% CI)

- Had first booster (but not second booster): n=821, maximum margin of error ±3.4%
- Not had first booster: n=412, ±4.8%
- Māori: n=364, ±5.1%
- 50 years or over: n=821, ±3.4%

Quotas

Demographic quotas were used to ensure a representative sample. In addition, quotas for Māori respondents were boosted to achieve sufficient respondents to ensure reliable results.

Priority ethnic groups

Horizon used priority ethnic groups to determine ethnicity.1

Weighting

The total sample is weighted on age, gender, ethnicity, education, personal income and region to match the New Zealand adult (18+) population.

Age groups

The five-year age groupings asked in the survey have been grouped into 10-year age groups.

Statistical tests of significance

- Cross analysis of the results only features statistically significant differences from the total at the 95% confidence level. These results are indicated by the following symbols:
 - ▼ significantly **less** than the total ▲ significantly **more** than the total.
- Two-tailed t-testing is used to indicate significant differences between figures in the tabulated survey results. This indicates whether the difference between the two results being compared is significant (at a 95% significance level) regardless of the "direction" of the difference (ie either above or below the figure to which the result is being compared).
- Tests of significance of tabulated results look at whether the result for each option in a table row is significantly different to the others in that row, not at the question as a whole.

¹ If someone identifies as Māori, they are Māori. If someone does not, but identifies as Pasifika, they are Pasifika. If someone identifies as neither, but Asian (including Indian), they are Asian. If someone does not identify as any of these groups but instead European (either of New Zealand descent or not) they are European. Otherwise, they are Other.



Appendix 2 – Sample profile

A) By demographics (Note that some percentages may not sum to 100% owing to rounding)

Gender	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Male	709	46%	49%
Female	815	53%	50%
Another gender	15	1%	1%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Age	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
18-24	122	8%	11%
25-34	239	16%	18%
35-44	228	15%	15%
45-54	282	18%	20%
55-64	269	17%	13%
65-74	279	18%	15%
75 or more	120	8%	8%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Priority Ethnicity	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Māori	364	24%	20%
Pasifika	91	6%	6%
Asian	80	5%	4%
European	958	62%	69%
Other	46	3%	2%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Highest education level	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Postgraduate degree (Masters or PhD)	208	14%	10%
Undergraduate (Bachelor) degree	392	25%	19%
Vocational qualification (includes trade certificates, diplomas etc)	443	29%	29%
University Bursary or 7th form	105	7%	8%
Sixth form/UE/NCEA Level 2	131	9%	12%
NCEA Level 1 or School Certificate	142	9%	12%
No formal school qualification	78	5%	6%
Prefer not to say	40	3%	4%
Total	1,539	100%	100%



Household	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Flatting	112	7%	9%
Boarding/ hostel/ shared	41	3%	3%
housing	41	3 /0	370
Living with family/partner	1,021	66%	66%
Living on my own	260	15%	16%
Living with extended family	105	9%	6%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Healthcare worker	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Yes	180	12%	11%
No	1,359	88%	89%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Look after or help others because of their long-term health issues	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Yes	258	17%	16%
No	1,258	82%	82%
Prefer not to say	23	1%	2%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Te Whatu Ora - Health New Zealand Regions	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Northern	585	38%	39%
Te Manawa Taki (Midland)	264	17%	19%
Central	348	23%	20%
Southern	342	22%	23%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Region	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Northland	52	3%	4%
Auckland	533	35%	34%
Waikato	111	7%	8%
Bay of Plenty	109	7%	9%
Taranaki	34	2%	2%
Gisborne/Hawkes' Bay	61	4%	4%
Wairarapa	23	1%	1%
Whanganui/ Manawatu/	98	6%	6%
Palmerston North	90	0 70	0 70
Wellington	177	12%	10%
Nelson/ Tasman/	42	3%	3%
Marlborough	72	370	370
Canterbury	190	12%	13%
West Coast	12	1%	1%
Otago	69	4%	5%
Southland	28	2%	2%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Area Type	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Large city	856	56%	55%
Regional city	267	17%	16%
Regional town	236	15%	17%
Rural	159	10%	10%
Remote rural	21	1%	1%
Total	1,539	100%	100%



B) By health and disability status

Identify as disabled	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Yes	179	12%	13%
No	1,360	88%	87%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Live with impairments or long-term health conditions	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
Yes	613	40%	40%
No	926	60%	60%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

C) By number of people in the household

Adults in household	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
1	277	18%	17%
2	809	53%	51%
3 or 4	350	23%	25%
5 or more	103	7%	7%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Children in household	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
1	223	14%	14%
2	195	13%	13%
3 or 4	86	6%	6%
5 or more	18	1%	1%
None	1,017	66%	65%
Total	1,539	100%	100%

Total in household	n= (unweighted)	% (unweighted)	% (weighted)
1	249	16%	15%
2	557	36%	35%
3	248	16%	16%
4	241	16%	16%
5 or 6	157	10%	11%
7 or more	87	6%	6%
Total	1,539	100%	100%