CHT Healthcare Trust - Lansdowne Hospital and Rest Home

Introduction

This report records the results of a Surveillance Audit of a provider of aged residential care services against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

The audit has been conducted by BSI Group New Zealand Ltd, an auditing agency designated under section 32 of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, for submission to Manatū Hauora (the Ministry of Health).

The abbreviations used in this report are the same as those specified in section 0.4 of the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard (NZS8134:2021).

You can view a full copy of the standard on the Manatū Hauora website by clicking here.

The specifics of this audit included:

Legal entity: CHT Healthcare Trust

Premises audited: Lansdowne Hospital and Rest Home

Services audited: Hospital services - Medical services; Hospital services - Geriatric services (excl. psychogeriatric); Rest

Date of Audit: 7 November 2023

home care (excluding dementia care)

Dates of audit: Start date: 7 November 2023 End date: 8 November 2023

Proposed changes to current services (if any): None

Total beds occupied across all premises included in the audit on the first day of the audit: 95

Executive summary of the audit

Introduction

This section contains a summary of the auditors' findings for this audit. The information is grouped into the six sections contained within the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard:

- ō tātou motika | our rights
- hunga mahi me te hanganga | workforce and structure
- ngā huarahi ki te oranga | pathways to wellbeing
- te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | person-centred and safe environment
- te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship
- here taratahi restraint and seclusion.

As well as auditors' written summary, indicators are included that highlight the provider's attainment against the subsection in each of the sections. The following table provides a key to how the indicators are arrived at.

Key to the indicators

Indicator	Description	Definition
	Includes commendable elements above the required levels of performance	All subsections applicable to this service fully attained with some subsections exceeded
	No short falls	Subsections applicable to this service fully attained
	Some minor shortfalls but no major deficiencies and required levels of performance seem achievable without extensive extra activity	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk

Indicator	Description	Definition
	A number of shortfalls that require specific action to address	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk
	Major shortfalls, significant action is needed to achieve the required levels of performance	Some subsections applicable to this service unattained and of moderate or high risk

General overview of the audit

CHT Lansdowne is owned and operated by CHT Healthcare Trust and cares for up to 95 residents requiring hospital (medical and geriatric) and rest home level of care. On the day of the audit there were 87 residents.

This surveillance audit was conducted against the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard 2021 and the contracts with Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand - Counties Manukau. The audit process included the review of policies and procedures, the review of residents and staff files, observations, and interviews with residents, family/whānau, management, staff, and a general practitioner.

There have not been any changes in management since the last audit. The unit manager (RN) is appropriately qualified and experienced in healthcare management. The unit manager is supported by a clinical coordinator who has been in the role for six months. They are both supported by the CHT area manager.

There are quality systems and processes being implemented. Feedback from residents and families/whānau was positive about the care and the services provided. An induction and in-service training programme are in place to provide staff with appropriate knowledge and skills to deliver care.

Date of Audit: 7 November 2023

This surveillance audit identified that there are corrective actions required relating to staffing.

Ō tātou motika | Our rights

Includes 10 subsections that support an outcome where people receive safe services of an appropriate standard that comply with consumer rights legislation. Services are provided in a manner that is respectful of people's rights, facilitates informed choice, minimises harm, and upholds cultural and individual values and beliefs.



CHT Lansdowne provides an environment that supports resident rights and safe care. Staff demonstrated an understanding of residents' rights and obligations. There is a Māori health plan and a Pacific health plan in place. The service aims to provide high-quality and effective services and care for residents.

Residents receive services in a manner that considers their dignity, privacy, and independence. CHT Lansdowne provides services and support to people in a way that is inclusive and respects their identity and their experiences. The service listens and respects the voices of the residents and effectively communicates with them about their choices. Care plans accommodate the choices of residents and/or their family/whānau. There is evidence that residents and family/whānau are kept informed. The rights of the resident and/or their family/whānau to make a complaint is understood, respected, and upheld by the service. Complaints processes are implemented, and complaints and concerns are actively managed and well-documented.

Hunga mahi me te hanganga | Workforce and structure

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where people receive quality services through effective governance and a supported workforce.

Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk.

The business plan includes a mission statement and operational objectives. The service has effective quality and risk management systems in place that takes a risk-based approach, and these systems meet the needs of residents and their staff. Quality data is

analysed to identify and manage trends. Quality improvement projects are implemented. Internal audits, meetings, and collation of data were documented as taking place, with corrective actions as indicated. The service complies with statutory and regulatory reporting obligations.

A health and safety system is in place. Health and safety processes are embedded in practice. Health and safety policies are implemented and monitored by the health and safety committee. Staff incidents, hazards and risk information is collated at unit level, reported to the area manager and a consolidated report and analysis of all CHT facilities are then provided to the Board each month.

There is a staffing and rostering policy documented. Human resources are managed in accordance with good employment practice. A role specific orientation programme and regular staff education and training are in place. Staff are suitably skilled and experienced. Competencies are defined and monitored, and staff performance is reviewed.

Ngā huarahi ki te oranga | Pathways to wellbeing

Includes eight subsections that support an outcome where people participate in the development of their pathway to wellbeing, and receive timely assessment, followed by services that are planned, coordinated, and delivered in a manner that is tailored to their needs.



The registered nurses assess, plan and review residents' needs, outcomes, and goals with the resident and/or family/whānau input. Care plans demonstrate service integration. Resident files included medical notes by the contracted general practitioners and visiting allied health professionals.

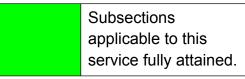
Medication policies reflect legislative requirements and guidelines. All staff responsible for administration of medication complete education and medication competencies. The electronic medicine charts reviewed met prescribing requirements and were reviewed at least three-monthly by the general practitioners.

The kitchen staff cater to individual cultural and dietary requirements. The service has a current food control plan.

All residents' transfers and referrals are coordinated with residents and families/whānau.

Te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | Person-centred and safe environment

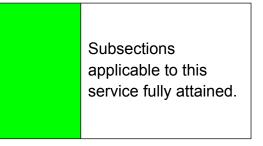
Includes two subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability services are provided in a safe environment appropriate to the age and needs of the people receiving services that facilitates independence and meets the needs of people with disabilities.



The building holds a current building warrant of fitness. Electrical equipment has been tested and tagged. All medical equipment has been serviced and calibrated.

Te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | Infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship

Includes five subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability service providers' infection prevention (IP) and antimicrobial stewardship (AMS) strategies define a clear vision and purpose, with quality of care, welfare, and safety at the centre. The IP and AMS programmes are up to date and informed by evidence and are an expression of a strategy that seeks to maximise quality of care and minimise infection risk and adverse effects from antibiotic use, such as antimicrobial resistance.



A suite of infection prevention and control policies and procedures are documented. There is a comprehensive pandemic plan. The infection prevention and control programme is implemented and provides information and resources to inform the service providers.

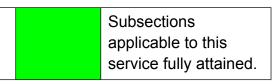
The type of surveillance undertaken is appropriate to the size and complexity of the organisation. Standardised definitions are used for the identification and classification of infection events. Results of surveillance are collected and analysed for trends and the information used to identify opportunities for improvements. Internal benchmarking within the organisation occurs. Staff are

informed about infection control practices through meetings, and education sessions. Covid-19 response plans are in place and the service has access to personal protective equipment supplies. There was a Covid-19 outbreak at the time of the audit, the first outbreak since the previous audit. This was being well managed and documented.

The infection control resource nurses are registered nurses. The infection control team have access to a range of resources. Education is provided to staff at induction to the service and is included in the education planner. Internal audits are completed with corrective actions completed where required.

Here taratahi | Restraint and seclusion

Includes four subsections that support outcomes where Services shall aim for a restraint and seclusion free environment, in which people's dignity and mana are maintained.



The restraint coordinator is the clinical coordinator (registered nurse). The facility had residents using restraints at the time of audit. Minimisation of restraint use is included as part of the education and training plan. The service considers least restrictive practices, implementing de-escalation techniques and alternative interventions, and only uses an approved restraint as the last resort.

Summary of attainment

The following table summarises the number of subsections and criteria audited and the ratings they were awarded.

Attainment Rating	Continuous Improvement (CI)	Fully Attained (FA)	Partially Attained Negligible Risk (PA Negligible)	Partially Attained Low Risk (PA Low)	Partially Attained Moderate Risk (PA Moderate)	Partially Attained High Risk (PA High)	Partially Attained Critical Risk (PA Critical)
Subsection	0	17	0	1	0	0	0
Criteria	0	48	0	1	0	0	0

Attainment Rating	Unattained Negligible Risk (UA Negligible)	Unattained Low Risk (UA Low)	Unattained Moderate Risk (UA Moderate)	Unattained High Risk (UA High)	Unattained Critical Risk (UA Critical)
Subsection	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	0	0	0	0

Attainment against the Ngā paerewa Health and disability services standard

The following table contains the results of all the subsections assessed by the auditors at this audit. Depending on the services they provide, not all subsections are relevant to all providers and not all subsections are assessed at every audit.

For more information on the standard, please click <u>here</u>.

For more information on the different types of audits and what they cover please click here.

Subsection with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence
Subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures Te Tiriti: Māori flourish and thrive in an environment that enables good health and wellbeing. As service providers: We work collaboratively to embrace, support, and encourage a Māori worldview of health and provide high-quality, equitable, and effective services for Māori framed by Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	FA	A Māori health plan is documented for the service. This policy acknowledges Te Tiriti o Waitangi as a founding document for New Zealand. The service currently has residents who identify as Māori. CHT is committed to respecting the self-determination, cultural values, and beliefs of Māori residents and whānau and evidence is documented in the resident care plan and evidenced in practice. CHT Lansdowne has a relationship with Ruapotaka marae and links are established with the other kaumātua via CHT Lansdowne Māori staff and residents for activities such as blessing of the rooms. Te Oro Arts and performance centre has a weaving group that has close interactions with residents at CHT Lansdowne. Comprehensive cultural assessments are completed for residents who identify as Māori.
Subsection 1.2: Ola manuia of Pacific peoples in Aotearoa The people: Pacific peoples in Aotearoa are entitled to live and enjoy good health and wellbeing. Te Tiriti: Pacific peoples acknowledge the mana whenua of Aotearoa as tuakana and commit to supporting them to achieve tino rangatiratanga. As service providers: We provide comprehensive and	FA	The Pacific Health and Wellbeing Plan 2020-2025 is the basis of the CHT Pacific health plan that is in place and being implemented. The aim is to uphold the principles of Pacific people by acknowledging respectful relationships, valuing families, and providing high quality healthcare. On admission all residents state their ethnicity. There were residents identifying as Pasifika at the time of the audit and the unit manager confirmed that the residents' whānau are encouraged to be involved in all

equitable health and disability services underpinned by Pacific worldviews and developed in collaboration with Pacific peoples for improved health outcomes.		aspects of care, particularly in nursing and medical decisions, satisfaction of the service and recognition of cultural needs. CHT Lansdowne partners with Pacific employees to ensure connectivity within the region to increase knowledge, awareness and understanding of the needs of Pacific people. Relationship with and consultation with Pacific providers is made when indicated and includes (but not limited to) Pacific churches that visit and the Epi Mau to provide services for Pacific people and staff.
Subsection 1.3: My rights during service delivery The People: My rights have meaningful effect through the actions and behaviours of others. Te Tiriti:Service providers recognise Māori mana motuhake (self-determination). As service providers: We provide services and support to people in a way that upholds their rights and complies with legal requirements.	FA	Details relating to the Code are included in the information that is provided to new residents and their family/whānau. The unit manager, clinical coordinator or registered nurses discuss aspects of the Code with residents and their family/whānau on admission. The Code is displayed in multiple locations in English and te reo Māori. Four residents (one rest home and three hospital) and four family/whānau (all for hospital) interviewed reported that the service is upholding the residents' rights. Interactions observed between staff and residents during the audit were respectful.
Subsection 1.5: I am protected from abuse The People: I feel safe and protected from abuse. Te Tiriti: Service providers provide culturally and clinically safe services for Māori, so they feel safe and are protected from abuse. As service providers: We ensure the people using our services are safe and protected from abuse.	FA	An abuse and neglect policy is being implemented. CHT Lansdowne policies prevent any form of institutional racism, discrimination, coercion, harassment, or any other exploitation. CHT as an organisation is inclusive of ethnicities, and cultural days are held to celebrate diversity. A staff code of conduct is discussed during the new employee's induction to the service, with evidence of staff signing the code of conduct policy. This code of conduct policy addresses the elimination of discrimination, harassment, and bullying. CHT Māori Health Strategy includes strategies to abolishing institutional racism. Staff complete education on orientation and annually as per the training plan on how to identify abuse and neglect. Staff are educated on how to value the older person showing them respect and dignity. All residents and family/whānau interviewed confirmed that the staff are very caring, supportive, and respectful.

		Police checks are completed as part of the employment process. The service implements a process to manage residents' comfort funds. Professional boundaries are defined in job descriptions. Interviews with registered nurses and healthcare assistants confirmed their understanding of professional boundaries, including the boundaries of their role and responsibilities. Professional boundaries are covered as part of orientation.
Subsection 1.7: I am informed and able to make choices The people: I know I will be asked for my views. My choices will be respected when making decisions about my wellbeing. If my choices cannot be upheld, I will be provided with information that supports me to understand why. Te Tiriti: High-quality services are provided that are easy to access and navigate. Providers give clear and relevant messages so that individuals and whānau can effectively manage their own health, keep well, and live well. As service providers: We provide people using our services or their legal representatives with the information necessary to make informed decisions in accordance with their rights and their ability to exercise independence, choice, and control.	FA	There are policies around informed consent. Six resident files reviewed included signed general informed consent forms. Consent forms for Covid-19 and flu vaccinations were also on file where appropriate. Residents and relatives interviewed could describe what informed consent was and their rights around choice. Admission agreements had been signed and sighted for all the files seen. Copies of enduring power of attorneys (EPOAs) were on resident files where applicable. Where an EPOA has been activated, an activation letter was on file.
Subsection 1.8: I have the right to complain The people: I feel it is easy to make a complaint. When I complain I am taken seriously and receive a timely response. Te Tiriti: Māori and whānau are at the centre of the health and disability system, as active partners in improving the system and their care and support. As service providers: We have a fair, transparent, and equitable system in place to easily receive and resolve or escalate complaints in a manner that leads to quality improvement.	FA	The complaints management procedure is provided to residents and family/whānau on entry to the service. The unit manager maintains a record of all complaints, both verbal and written, by using a complaint register. This register is held electronically. Documentation including follow-up letters and resolution demonstrates that complaints are being managed in accordance with guidelines set by the Health and Disability Commission (HDC). There have been no internal complaints, but the service has managed four external complaints since previous audit. One HDC complaint dating back to 2021 had additional information submitted to HDC in February 2022 and has since been closed off. A coroner's investigation from August 2020 was closed off in August 2023. A complaint managed through advocacy service

		received August 2022 was closed off in February 2023, with an outcome letter from advocacy services sighted on file on the day of the audit. In November 2022, the service received a complaint via Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand – Counties Manukau. Quality improvements and corrective actions sighted were completed and submitted to Te Whatu Ora -Counties Manukau on the day of the audit. CHT Lansdowne has implemented system based corrective actions in relation to the recent complaint to a standard that prevents similar incidents occurring in the future and the service continues to assess compliance through the internal auditing process. Complaints logged since last audit (February 2022) include an investigation, follow up, and replies to the satisfaction of the complainant. Staff are informed of complaints (and any subsequent corrective actions) in the quality, health and safety, staff, and registered nurses' meetings (minutes sighted). Higher risk complaints are managed with the support of the area manager. Discussions with residents and family/whānau confirmed they are provided with information on complaints and complaint forms are available at the entrance to the facility, nurses station and on request. Residents have a variety of avenues they can choose from to make a complaint or express a concern. Resident meetings are held bimonthly and create a platform where
		concerns can be raised. During interviews with family/whānau, they confirmed the unit manager is available to listen to concerns and acts promptly on issues raised. Residents/family/whānau making a complaint can involve an independent support person in the process if they choose. Information about support resources for Māori is available to staff to assist Māori in the complaints process. Māori residents are supported to ensure an equitable complaints process. The unit manager acknowledged the understanding that for Māori there is a preference for face-to-face communication.
Subsection 2.1: Governance The people: I trust the people governing the service to have the knowledge, integrity, and ability to empower the communities they serve. Te Tiriti: Honouring Te Tiriti, Māori participate in governance	FA	CHT Lansdowne is located in Howick in Auckland and is part of CHT Healthcare Trust (CHT). CHT oversee sixteen aged care facilities on the North Island, three in the Bay of Plenty, one in Waikato, and twelve situated around Auckland. CHT Lansdowne provides care for up to 95 residents at hospital level (medical and geriatric) and rest home level of care. All rooms are single occupancy with 40 of them being dual purpose. There are no

in partnership, experiencing meaningful inclusion on all governance bodies and having substantive input into organisational operational policies.

As service providers: Our governance body is accountable for delivering a highquality service that is responsive, inclusive, and sensitive to the cultural diversity of communities we serve.

double or shared rooms.

On day one of the audit, there were 87 residents: 20 rest home, including two under the long term support- chronic health care (LTS-CHC) contract, and 67 hospital level, including two residents in the younger persons with a disability (YPD) contract, and one under the LTS-CHC contract. The remaining residents were under the age-related residential care (ARRC) agreement.

CHT has an overarching strategy map with clear business goals to support organisational values. One of CHT's key business goals is to provide equal access to aged care services. They aim to achieve this by providing affordable care and by enhancing physical and mental wellbeing of their residents. CHT premium rates and room sizes are in line with those principles, supporting their goal.

The business plan (2022-2023) includes a mission statement and operational objectives with site specific goals related to budgeted occupancy, complaints management, resident satisfaction, availability of standard rooms, customer engagement, and staff satisfaction. The unit manager reports on these areas monthly to the area manager.

The governance body of CHT Healthcare Trust consists of seven trustees. Each of the trustees contributes their own areas of expertise to the Board including legal, accounting, medical, human resources, marketing, and business management. The Chairperson of the Board is also an experienced director and chairs other organisational Boards. The area manager interviewed explained the strategic plan, its reflection of collaboration with Māori, which aligns with Manatū Hauora Ministry of Health strategies and addresses barriers to equitable service delivery.

The Quality, Health & Safety Committee (QHSC), which is a sub-committee of the Board and reports to the Board, includes 'Monitor CHT's compliance with its policies and procedures on quality health and safety and relevant legislation and contractual requirements,' as a part of its responsibilities.

With the introduction of the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard, the Senior Management Group has developed an action plan to ensure the successful implementation of the Standard. The governance body are overseeing this via a standing agenda item on the QHSC.

CHT's Māori Health Plan incorporates the principles of Te Tiriti o Waitangi,

		including partnership, in recognising all cultures as partners and valuing each culture for the contributions they bring. One of the actions from this plan is to develop meaningful relationships with kaumātua/kuia/koroua at governance, operational and service level. The organisation has established a Māori working party to complement this action. Included in this working party is a kaumātua from Te Whatu Ora- Waitematā. An objective has been set for this financial year (2023) from CHT's Māori Health Plan which is captured in CHT's Organisational Chart and Business Plan to review CHT policies and procedures, with a focus on the delivery of kaupapa Māori and whānau centred models of care. This review is part of the actions for the Māori working party with the focus being the review of CHT's Death and Dying policy, as the working party considers this to be an important part of the delivery of kaupapa Māori and whānau centred models of care. The quality programme includes a quality programme policy, and quality goals (including site specific business goals) that are reviewed monthly in unit review meetings, as well as being discussed in the monthly staff/quality meetings. The area managers provide the clinical oversight for the care facilities and provide a detailed analysis of clinical data to the Board prior to every Board meeting. Discussions are held at the Board meeting around the issues raised and any corrective actions taken. The clinical data is compared both internally as well as externally against the national clinical benchmarking data. The unit manager (registered nurse) has been in the role for eight years. The area manager, clinical coordinator, and registered nurses support the unit manager. The manager has completed more than eight hours of training related to managing an aged care facility and includes privacy related training; CHT specific business; infection control; cultural; Te Tiriti O Waitangi; and restraint training.
Subsection 2.2: Quality and risk	FA	CHT Lansdowne has an established quality and risk management
The people: I trust there are systems in place that keep me safe, are responsive, and are focused on improving my experience and outcomes of care. Te Tiriti: Service providers allocate appropriate resources to	FA	programme. The quality and risk management programme. The quality and risk management systems include performance monitoring through internal audits and through the collection of clinical indicator data. Clinical indicator data (eg, falls, skin tears, infections, episodes of behaviours that challenge) is collected, analysed at unit level,

specifically address continuous quality improvement with a focus on achieving Māori health equity.

As service providers: We have effective and organisationwide governance systems in place relating to continuous quality improvement that take a risk-based approach, and these systems meet the needs of people using the services and our health care and support workers. and benchmarked within the organisation. Meeting minutes reviewed evidence quality data is shared in quality health and safety and staff meetings. Internal audits are completed six-monthly by the area manager. Corrective actions are documented to address service improvements, with evidence of progress and sign off when achieved.

Quality health and safety, registered nurse and staff meetings provide an avenue for discussions in relation to (but not limited to) quality data; health and safety; infection control/pandemic strategies; complaints; compliments; staffing; and education. Meetings have been completed as per schedule and the minutes sighted provide evidence of corrective actions having been implemented and signed off. Resident/family satisfaction surveys are completed monthly, with a selection invited each month (on the yearly anniversary of their admission), with the aim of covering all residents and families/whānau in a calendar year. Surveys completed in 2022 and 2023 reflect high levels of resident/family satisfaction related to care, friendliness, personal attention, activities, housekeeping and general maintenance. Corrective measures are being implemented for food services that have been scoring low in the surveys. A focus group comprising of residents and the unit manager has been established and meets bimonthly to review food service and put through recommendations for improvement.

There are procedures to guide staff in managing clinical and non-clinical emergencies. A document control system is in place. Policies are regularly reviewed and reflect updates to the Ngā Paerewa Standard (HDSS:2021).

A health and safety system is being implemented with the service having trained health and safety representatives. Hazard identification forms and an up-to-date hazard register were sighted. In the event of a staff accident or incident, a debrief process is documented on the accident/incident form. Health and safety training begins at orientation and continues annually.

Twelve accident/incident forms reviewed for July to September 2023 (unwitnessed falls, skin tears, behaviour, and bruise) indicated that the electronic forms are completed in full and are signed off by an RN and the unit manager/clinical coordinator. Incident and accident data is collated monthly and analysed by both the unit manager and the area manager. Results are discussed in the quality, health and safety and staff meetings.

Discussions with the unit manager evidenced their awareness of the requirement to notify relevant authorities in relation to essential notifications.

		Several Section 31's related to RN staffing (November 2022 to October 2023), had been submitted since the previous audit. There has been one Covid-19 outbreak (10 October 2023 to present) since last audit. The outbreak is currently ongoing, has been appropriately notified, managed and staff continue to be debriefed.
Subsection 2.3: Service management The people: Skilled, caring health care and support workers listen to me, provide personalised care, and treat me as a whole person. Te Tiriti: The delivery of high-quality health care that is culturally responsive to the needs and aspirations of Māori is achieved through the use of health equity and quality improvement tools. As service providers: We ensure our day-to-day operation is managed to deliver effective person-centred and whānaucentred services.	PA Low	There is a staffing policy that describes rostering requirements, determines staffing levels and skill mixes to provide culturally safe care, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The roster provides appropriate coverage for the effective delivery of care and support. The facility adjusts staffing levels to meet the changing needs of residents. The registered nurses, activity coordinator and a selection of healthcare assistants have completed first aid training. There is a first aid trained staff member on duty 24/7. Rosters from the past three weeks showed that some shifts with no registered nurse cover, were covered by experienced level four healthcare assistants, with support from the virtual on-call registered nurse and management team. CHT Lansdowne has completed and submitted registered nurse shortage Section 31 notifications to Ministry and Te Whatu Ora— Counties Manukau since last audit. Across the four areas of the facility, there were eight-hour shifts of nine healthcare assistants and six short shifts allocated to the morning shift: seven eight-hour shifts and three short-shift for the afternoon shift and four healthcare assistants at night. Staff and residents are informed when there are changes to staffing levels, evidenced in interviews. Residents interviewed confirmed their care requirements are attended to in a timely manner. Interviews with staff confirmed that their workload is manageable. Vacant shifts are covered by available healthcare assistants, nurses, or agency
		staff. Out of hours on-call cover is shared on a rotation between the unit manager and clinical coordinator. The clinical coordinator will perform the unit manager's role in their absence. The unit manager and clinical coordinator work 40 hours per week. They are closely supported by the CHT area manager.
		There is an annual education and training schedule being implemented. The education and training schedule lists compulsory training (Altura and clinical topics), which includes cultural awareness training. Staff have completed

cultural awareness training online which included the provision of safe cultural care, Māori world view and the Treaty of Waitangi. The training content provided resources to staff to encourage participation in learning opportunities that provide them with up-to-date information on Māori health outcomes and disparities, and health equity. External training opportunities for care staff include training through Te Whatu Ora- Counties Manukau, hospice and the organisation's online training portal which can be accessed on personal devices. The service supports and encourages healthcare assistants to obtain a New Zealand Qualification Authority (NZQA) qualification. Forty-seven healthcare assistants are employed. Forty-four healthcare assistants have achieved a level 3 NZQA qualification or higher. The CHT Lansdowne orientation programme ensure core competencies and compulsory knowledge/topics are addressed. All staff are required to complete competency assessments as part of their orientation. All healthcare assistants are required to complete annual competencies for restraint, handwashing, correct use of PPE, cultural safety, and moving and handling. A record of completion is maintained on an electronic register. Additional registered nurse specific competencies include syringe driver and interRAI assessment competency. Eight registered nurses (including the clinical coordinator) are employed, with six of them interRAI trained. All registered nurses are encouraged to also attend external training. webinars and zoom training where available. Subsection 2.4: Health care and support workers FΑ There are human resources policies in place, including recruitment, selection, orientation and staff training and development. Five staff files The people: People providing my support have knowledge, reviewed (one registered nurse, two healthcare assistants, one clinical skills, values, and attitudes that align with my needs. A coordinator and one activity coordinator) evidenced implementation of the diverse mix of people in adequate numbers meet my needs. recruitment process, employment contracts, police checking and completed Te Tiriti: Service providers actively recruit and retain a Māori orientation. health workforce and invest in building and maintaining their There are job descriptions in place for all positions that includes outcomes, capacity and capability to deliver health care that meets the accountability, responsibilities, and functions to be achieved for each needs of Māori. As service providers: We have sufficient health care and position. support workers who are skilled and qualified to provide A register of practising certificates is maintained for all health professionals clinically and culturally safe, respectful, quality care and

services.		(eg, RNs, GPs, pharmacy, physiotherapy, and dietitian). The appraisal policy is implemented. All staff who have been employed for over one year have an annual appraisal completed.
Subsection 3.2: My pathway to wellbeing The people: I work together with my service providers so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori and whānau, and support their aspirations, mana motuhake, and whānau rangatiratanga. As service providers: We work in partnership with people and whānau to support wellbeing.	FA	Six resident files were reviewed: four hospital resident files, including one younger person with a disability (YPD) and two rest home resident files, including one on a long-term support chronic health contract (LTS-CHC). The registered nurses (RN) are responsible for all residents' assessments, care planning and evaluation of care. Care plans are based on data collected during the initial nursing assessments, which include dietary needs, pressure injury, falls risk, social history, and information from preentry assessments. All residents apart from the LTS-CHC and YPD had an interRAI assessment. These two residents had a full suite of assessments completed in the electronic resident management system (V-Care), which incorporate skin integrity; pressure injury risk; dietary requirements; communication needs; emotional; psychological; and behavioural support needs.
		Initial assessments and long-term care plans were completed for residents, detailing needs, and preferences within 24hours of admission. The individualised long-term care plans (LTCPs) are developed with information gathered during the initial assessments and the interRAI assessment. All LTCP and interRAI sampled had been completed within three weeks of the residents' admission to the facility. Documented interventions and early warning signs meet the residents' assessed needs and are sufficiently detailed to provide guidance to care staff in the delivery of care. The activity assessments include a cultural assessment which gathers information about cultural needs, values, and beliefs. Information from these assessments is used to develop the resident's individual activity care plan.
		Short-term care plans are developed for acute problems, for example infections, wounds, and weight loss. Resident care is evaluated on each shift and reported at handover and in the electronic progress notes. If any change is noted, it is reported to the RN. Long-term care plans are formally evaluated every six months in conjunction with the interRAI re-assessments and when there is a change in the resident's condition. Evaluations are documented by an RN and include the degree of achievement towards meeting desired goals and outcomes. Residents interviewed confirmed

assessments are completed according to their needs and in the privacy of their bedrooms.

There was evidence of family/whānau involvement in care planning and documented ongoing communication of health status updates. Family interviews and resident records evidenced that family/whānau are informed where there is a change in health status. The service has policies and procedures in place to support all residents to access services and information. The service supports and advocates for residents with disabilities to access relevant disability services.

The initial medical assessment is undertaken by the general practitioners (GP) within the required timeframe following admission. Residents have ongoing reviews by the GP within required timeframes and when their health status changes. There are three GP visits and one nurse practitioner visit per fortnight and as required. Medical documentation and records reviewed were current. The GP interviewed stated that there was good communication with the service and that they were informed of concerns in a timely manner. The contracted GP is also available on call after hours for the facility. A physiotherapist visits the facility weekly and on request to review residents referred by the registered nurses. There is access to a continence specialist as required. A podiatrist visits regularly and a dietitian, speech language therapist, hospice, dietitian, wound care nurse specialist and medical specialists are available as required through the local Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand - Counties Manukau.

An adequate supply of wound care products were available at the facility. A review of the wound care plans evidenced that wounds were assessed in a timely manner and reviewed at appropriate intervals. Photos were taken where this was required. Where wounds required additional specialist input, this was initiated, and a wound nurse specialist was consulted. At the time of the audit there were 14 active wounds from 12 residents, including a stage I, and a stage II pressure injury.

The progress notes are recorded and maintained in the integrated electronic records. Monthly observations such as weight and blood pressure were completed and are up to date. Neurological observations are recorded following un-witnessed falls as per policy. A range of electronic monitoring charts are available for the care staff to utilise. These include (but are not limited to) monthly blood pressure and weight monitoring, bowel records and repositioning records. Staff interviews confirmed they are familiar with the

		needs of all residents in the facility and that they have access to the supplies and products they require to meet those needs. Staff receive handover at the beginning of their shift.
Subsection 3.4: My medication The people: I receive my medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner. Te Tiriti: Service providers shall support and advocate for Māori to access appropriate medication and blood products. As service providers: We ensure people receive their medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner that complies with current legislative requirements and safe practice guidelines.	FA	There are policies available for safe medicine management that meet legislative requirements. All staff who administer medications have been assessed for competency on an annual basis. Education around safe medication administration has been provided as part of the competency process. Registered nurses have completed syringe driver training. Staff were observed to be safely administering medications. The registered nurses and medication competent HCAs interviewed could describe their role regarding medication administration. The service currently uses robotics rolls for regular medication and blister pack for controlled drugs and short course and bottles for 'as required' medications. All medications are checked on delivery against the medication chart and any discrepancies are fed back to the supplying pharmacy. Medications were appropriately stored in the facility medication rooms. The medication fridge and medication room temperatures are monitored daily. All stored medications are checked weekly. Eyedrops are dated on opening. Twelve electronic medication charts were reviewed. The medication charts reviewed identified that the GP had reviewed all resident medication charts three-monthly, and each drug chart has a photo identification and allergy status identified. Indications for use were noted for 'as required' medications, including over-the-counter medications and supplements on the medication charts. The effectiveness of 'as required' medications was consistently documented in the electronic medication management system and progress notes. There were two residents self-administering medications, who had been appropriately assessed for competence, and had safe storage within their rooms. No vaccines are kept on site and no standing orders are used. There was documented evidence in the clinical files that residents and relatives are updated around medication changes, including the reason for changing medications and side effects. When medication related incidents occurred, these were investigated and

Subsection 3.5: Nutrition to support wellbeing The people: Service providers meet my nutritional needs and consider my food preferences. Te Tiriti: Menu development respects and supports cultural beliefs, values, and protocols around food and access to traditional foods. As service providers: We ensure people's nutrition and hydration needs are met to promote and maintain their health and wellbeing.	FA	The four-week seasonal menu is reviewed by a registered dietitian. Food preferences and cultural preferences are encompassed into the menu. The kitchen receives resident dietary forms and is notified of any dietary changes for residents. Dislikes and special dietary requirements are accommodated, including food allergies. The chef interviewed reported they accommodate residents' requests. There is a verified food control plan expiring 7 August 2024. The residents and family/whānau interviewed were complimentary regarding the standard of food provided.
Subsection 3.6: Transition, transfer, and discharge The people: I work together with my service provider so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing when I leave the service. Te Tiriti: Service providers advocate for Māori to ensure they and whānau receive the necessary support during their transition, transfer, and discharge. As service providers: We ensure the people using our service experience consistency and continuity when leaving our services. We work alongside each person and whānau to provide and coordinate a supported transition of care or support.	FA	There were documented policies and procedures to ensure exiting, discharging or transferring residents have a documented transition, transfer, or discharge plan, which includes current needs and risk mitigation. Planned exits, discharges or transfers were coordinated in collaboration with the resident (where appropriate), family/whānau and other service providers to ensure continuity of care.
Subsection 4.1: The facility The people: I feel the environment is designed in a way that is safe and is sensitive to my needs. I am able to enter, exit, and move around the environment freely and safely. Te Tiriti: The environment and setting are designed to be Māori-centred and culturally safe for Māori and whānau. As service providers: Our physical environment is safe, well maintained, tidy, and comfortable and accessible, and the people we deliver services to can move independently and freely throughout. The physical environment optimises	FA	The buildings, plant, and equipment are fit for purpose at CHT Lansdowne and comply with legislation relevant to the health and disability services being provided. The environment is inclusive of people's cultures and supports cultural practices. The current building warrant of fitness expires 4 March 2024. There is an annual maintenance plan that includes electrical testing and tagging, equipment checks, call bell checks, calibration of medical equipment and monthly testing of hot water temperatures.

people's sense of belonging, independence, interaction, and function.		
Subsection 5.2: The infection prevention programme and implementation The people: I trust my provider is committed to implementing policies, systems, and processes to manage my risk of infection. Te Tiriti: The infection prevention programme is culturally safe. Communication about the programme is easy to access and navigate and messages are clear and relevant. As service providers: We develop and implement an infection prevention programme that is appropriate to the needs, size, and scope of our services.	FA	The infection control programme is appropriate for the size and complexity of the service. The infection prevention and control and AMS programmes are reviewed annually and is linked to the quality and business plan. The online infection control manual from Bug Control outlines a comprehensive range of policies, standards and guidelines and includes defining roles, responsibilities and oversight, training, and education of staff. Policies and procedures are reviewed by Bug Control in consultation with infection control resource nurses. Policies are available to staff. CHT has an outbreak and pandemic response plan (incorporating Covid-19), which includes preparation and planning for the management of lockdowns, screening, transfers into the facility and positive tests. Staff demonstrated knowledge on the requirements of standard precautions. The infection control resource nurses (registered nurse and clinical coordinator) oversee infection control and the anti-microbial stewardship programme across CHT Lansdowne and are responsible for coordinating/providing education and training to staff. The job description outlines the responsibility of the role. The orientation package includes specific training around hand hygiene and standard precautions. Annual infection control training is included in the mandatory in-services that are held for all staff and also available electronically. Staff have completed infection control related education in the last 12 months. The infection control resource nurses have access to an online training system with resources, guidelines, and best practice. There is good external support from the general practitioner, laboratory, Bug Control, and Te Whatu Ora – Counties Manukau infection control nurse specialist.
Subsection 5.4: Surveillance of health care-associated infection (HAI) The people: My health and progress are monitored as part of the surveillance programme. Te Tiriti: Surveillance is culturally safe and monitored by	FA	Surveillance is an integral part of the infection control programme. The purpose and methodology are described in the infection control policy in use at the facility. The infection control coordinators use the information obtained through surveillance to determine infection control activities, resources and education needs within the service.

ethnicity. As service providers: We carry out surveillance of HAIs and multi-drug-resistant organisms in accordance with national and regional surveillance programmes, agreed objectives, priorities, and methods specified in the infection prevention programme, and with an equity focus.		Monthly infection data is collected for all infections based on standard definitions, signs, symptoms, and reporting criteria. Infection control data is entered into the infection register on the electronic risk management system and includes ethnicity data. The data is monitored and evaluated monthly and annually. Trends are identified and analysed, and corrective actions are established where trends are identified. There is benchmarking of infection rates with other CHT facilities that occurs monthly. Trends, benchmarking, along with actions and outcomes are discussed at the quality, health and safety, staff and registered nurses' meetings. Meeting minutes and graphs are available for staff to review, and is included in the managers reports. At the time of the audit, the facility had a Covid-19 outbreak; the only outbreak since previous audit. The outbreak started on 16 October 2023 and has affected a total of 46 residents. On the audit day there were 14 residents (12 rest home and four hospital level care) who were still in isolation. The outbreak is being well managed with appropriate resident care implemented, documentation completed as per required standard, and working alongside the Public Health team and Te Whatu Ora— Counties Manukau. PPE is available for staff and visitors and was noted to be appropriately used during the outbreak. Visitors to facility are notified of the outbreak, asked not to visit if they are unwell and masks available for use on entry to the facility.
Subsection 6.1: A process of restraint The people: I trust the service provider is committed to improving policies, systems, and processes to ensure I am free from restrictions. Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori to ensure services are mana enhancing and use least restrictive practices. As service providers: We demonstrate the rationale for the use of restraint in the context of aiming for elimination.	FA	The facility is committed to providing services to residents without the use of restraint wherever possible. Restraint policy confirms that restraint consideration and application must be done in partnership with families/whānau, and the choice of device must be the least restrictive possible. The restraint coordinator interviewed described the focus on restraint elimination. When restraint is considered, the restraint coordinator works in partnership with the resident and family/whānau to promote and ensure services are mana enhancing. At the time of the audit, there were residents using restraint. Restraint elimination is included as part of the mandatory training plan and orientation programme.

Specific results for criterion where corrective actions are required

Where a subsection is rated partially attained (PA) or unattained (UA) specific corrective actions are recorded under the relevant criteria for the subsection. The following table contains the criterion where corrective actions have been recorded.

Criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 My service provider shall embed and enact Te Tiriti o Waitangi within all its work, recognising Māori, and supporting Māori in their aspirations, whatever they are (that is, recognising mana motuhake) relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1 Our rights.

If there is a message "no data to display" instead of a table, then no corrective actions were required as a result of this audit.

Criterion with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence	Audit Finding	Corrective action required and timeframe for completion (days)
Criterion 2.3.1 Service providers shall ensure there are sufficient health care and support workers on duty at all times to provide culturally and clinically safe services.	PA Low	At the time this audit was undertaken, there was a significant national health workforce shortage. Findings in this audit relating to staff shortages should be read in the context of this national issue. The service has been unable to provide a registered nurse on site 24/7 as per the hospital services contract. It was noted that the service has attempted to mitigate the risk of this situation by utilising the CHT virtual on-call nurse, use of agency and robust recruitment strategy. CHT Lansdowne currently has four overseas trained nurses completing their competency assessments programme (CAP), who will be able to join the team once registered. The shifts not covered by registered nurses are all covered by level 3 or 4 healthcare assistants, some of whom are overseas trained registered nurses.	The service does not have sufficient numbers of registered nurses to have a registered nurse on duty at all times for hospital level care residents as per ARRC contract D17.4.	Ensure a registered nurse is on duty 24/7 to meet the requirements of the ARRC contract. 90 days

Specific results for criterion where a continuous improvement has been recorded

As well as whole subsections, individual criterion within a subsection can also be rated as having a continuous improvement. A continuous improvement means that the provider can demonstrate achievement beyond the level required for full attainment. The following table contains the criterion where the provider has been rated as having made corrective actions have been recorded.

As above, criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1: Our rights.

If, instead of a table, these is a message "no data to display" then no continuous improvements were recorded as part of this audit.

No data to display

Date of Audit: 7 November 2023

End of the report.