#### Karaka Court Limited - Woodlands of Palmerston North

#### Introduction

This report records the results of a Surveillance Audit of a provider of aged residential care services against the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard (NZS8134:2021).

The audit has been conducted by BSI Group New Zealand Ltd, an auditing agency designated under section 32 of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act 2001, for submission to the Ministry of Health.

Date of Audit: 11 April 2023

The abbreviations used in this report are the same as those specified in section 0.4 of the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard (NZS8134:2021).

You can view a full copy of the standard on the Ministry of Health's website by clicking <a href="here">here</a>.

The specifics of this audit included:

Legal entity: Karaka Court Limited

Premises audited: Woodlands Of Palmerston North

**Services audited:** Rest home care (excluding dementia care); Dementia care

Dates of audit: Start date: 11 April 2023 End date: 12 April 2023

Proposed changes to current services (if any): None

Total beds occupied across all premises included in the audit on the first day of the audit: 23

## **Executive summary of the audit**

#### Introduction

This section contains a summary of the auditors' findings for this audit. The information is grouped into the six sections contained within the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard:

- ō tatou motika | our rights
- hunga mahi me te hanganga | workforce and structure
- ngā huarahi ki te oranga | pathways to wellbeing
- te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | person-centred and safe environment
- te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship
- here taratahi restraint and seclusion.

As well as auditors' written summary, indicators are included that highlight the provider's attainment against the subsection in each of the sections. The following table provides a key to how the indicators are arrived at.

#### Key to the indicators

Indicator	Description	Definition
	Includes commendable elements above the required levels of performance	All subsections applicable to this service fully attained with some subsections exceeded
	No short falls	Subsections applicable to this service fully attained
	Some minor shortfalls but no major deficiencies and required levels of performance seem achievable without extensive extra activity	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of low risk

Indicator	Description	Definition
	A number of shortfalls that require specific action to address	Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk
	Major shortfalls, significant action is needed to achieve the required levels of performance	Some subsections applicable to this service unattained and of moderate or high risk

#### General overview of the audit

Woodlands Of Palmerston North is certified to provide rest home and dementia levels of care for up to 42 residents. There were 23 residents on the days of audit.

This surveillance audit was conducted against a subset of the Nga Paerewa Health and Disability Standard 2021 and contracts with Te Whatu Ora Health New Zealand - Te Pae Hauora o Ruahine o Tararua MidCentral. The audit process included the review of policies and procedures, the review of resident and staff files, observations, and interviews with residents, family, management, staff, and a nurse practitioner.

The service is managed by a clinical leader and administration manager. There are quality systems and processes available. Feedback from residents and families/whānau was very positive about the care and the services provided. An induction and orientation programme are in place to provide new staff with appropriate knowledge and skills to deliver care. An ongoing in-service education programme is in place.

The area for improvement identified at the previous audit in relation to human resource management has been satisfied.

This audit identified an area for improvement related to neurological observations.

### Ō tatou motika | Our rights

Includes 10 subsections that support an outcome where people receive safe services of an appropriate standard that comply with consumer rights legislation. Services are provided in a manner that is respectful of people's rights, facilitates informed choice, minimises harm, and upholds cultural and individual values and beliefs.



A Māori health plan is in place for the organisation and a Pacific health plan is being developed and implemented. Te Tiriti o Waitangi is incorporated across policies and procedures and delivery of care. The service is committed to supporting the Māori health strategies by actively recruiting and retaining suitable qualified Māori staff. The management are committed to working collaboratively to embrace, support, and encourage a Māori worldview of health and provide high-quality, equitable, and effective services for Māori.

Details relating to the Health and Disability Commissioner's (HDC) Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers Rights (the Code) is included in the information packs given to new or potential residents and family/whānau.

There is an established system for the management of complaints that meets guidelines established by the Health and Disability Commissioner.

### Hunga mahi me te hanganga | Workforce and structure

Includes 5 subsections that support an outcome where people receive quality services through effective governance and a supported workforce.



The governance body is committed to ensuring equity through addressing barriers in service delivery and has incorporated this into their business plan. The service delivery supports diversity, inclusion, and equality for all residents.

The service has quality and risk management systems in place that take a risk-based approach, designed to meet the needs of residents and staff. Internal audits, meetings and education occur as planned. Staff are competent to provide and deliver high quality healthcare for Māori with corrective actions as indicated.

There is a staffing and rostering policy and the service invest in opportunities to develop their staff. Staff receive adequate orientation to their specific roles.

### Ngā huarahi ki te oranga | Pathways to wellbeing

Includes 8 subsections that support an outcome where people participate in the development of their pathway to wellbeing, and receive timely assessment, followed by services that are planned, coordinated, and delivered in a manner that is tailored to their needs.

Some subsections applicable to this service partially attained and of medium or high risk and/or unattained and of low risk.

The clinical leader (registered nurse) assesses, plans, and reviews residents' needs, outcomes, and goals with the resident and/or family/whānau input. Care plans demonstrate service integration and are reviewed at least six-monthly. Resident files included medical notes by the contracted nurse practitioner and visiting allied health professionals.

The service facilitates opportunities for Māori to participate in te ao Māori through the use of Māori language, dual language signage, movies, entertainers, quizzes, and Māori celebratory events. Community links are maintained.

Medication policies reflect legislative requirements and guidelines. All staff responsible for administration of medication complete education and medication competencies. The electronic medicine charts reviewed met prescribing requirements and were reviewed at least three-monthly by the nurse practitioner.

The kitchen staff cater to individual cultural and dietary requirements. Staff apply Māori practices in line with tapu and noa.

All residents' transfers and referrals are coordinated with residents and families/whānau.

## Te aro ki te tangata me te taiao haumaru | Person-centred and safe environment

Includes 2 subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability services are provided in a safe environment appropriate to the age and needs of the people receiving services that facilitates independence and meets the needs of people with disabilities.

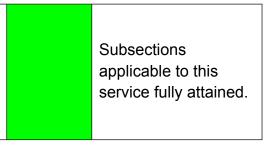
Subsections applicable to this service fully attained.

The building holds a current building warrant of fitness. Maintenance schedules are maintained.

There is an approved evacuation scheme. The facility has security procedures in place. The dementia unit is secure.

## Te kaupare pokenga me te kaitiakitanga patu huakita | Infection prevention and antimicrobial stewardship

Includes 5 subsections that support an outcome where Health and disability service providers' infection prevention (IP) and antimicrobial stewardship (AMS) strategies define a clear vision and purpose, with quality of care, welfare, and safety at the centre. The IP and AMS programmes are up to date and informed by evidence and are an expression of a strategy that seeks to maximise quality of care and minimise infection risk and adverse effects from antibiotic use, such as antimicrobial resistance.



Surveillance data is undertaken. Infection incidents are collected and analysed for trends and the information used to identify opportunities for improvements. Staff are informed about infection control practises through meetings, and education sessions. Pandemic response plans (including Covid-19) are in place and the service has access to personal protective equipment supplies. There have been two outbreaks reported since the previous audit. There is information available in te reo.

### Here taratahi | Restraint and seclusion

Includes 4 subsections that support outcomes where Services shall aim for a restraint and seclusion free environment, in which people's dignity and mana are maintained.



The restraint coordinator is the clinical leader. The facility was restraint free at the time of audit. The service considers least restrictive practices, implementing de-escalation techniques and alternative interventions, and only uses an approved restraint as the last resort.

#### **Summary of attainment**

The following table summarises the number of subsections and criteria audited and the ratings they were awarded.

Attainment Rating	Continuous Improvement (CI)	Fully Attained (FA)	Partially Attained Negligible Risk (PA Negligible)	Partially Attained Low Risk (PA Low)	Partially Attained Moderate Risk (PA Moderate)	Partially Attained High Risk (PA High)	Partially Attained Critical Risk (PA Critical)
Subsection	0	20	0	0	1	0	0
Criteria	0	57	0	0	1	0	0

Attainment Rating	Unattained Negligible Risk (UA Negligible)	Unattained Low Risk (UA Low)	Unattained Moderate Risk (UA Moderate)	Unattained High Risk (UA High)	Unattained Critical Risk (UA Critical)
Subsection	0	0	0	0	0
Criteria	0	0	0	0	0

# Attainment against the Ngā Paerewa Health and Disability Services Standard

The following table contains the results of all the subsections assessed by the auditors at this audit. Depending on the services they provide, not all subsections are relevant to all providers and not all subsections are assessed at every audit.

There may be subsections in this audit report with an attainment rating of 'not applicable' which relate to new requirements in Ngā Paerewa that the provider is working towards. The provider will be expected to meet these requirements at their next audit.

For more information on the standard, please click <u>here</u>.

For more information on the different types of audits and what they cover please click <a href="here">here</a>.

Subsection with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence
Subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures  Te Tiriti: Māori flourish and thrive in an environment that enables good health and wellbeing.  As service providers: We work collaboratively to embrace, support, and encourage a Māori worldview of health and provide high-quality, equitable, and effective services for Māori framed by Te Tiriti o Waitangi.	FA	There is a Māori health plan and policy that describes the Māori perspectives of health and a commitment to the Treaty of Waitangi in the facility business plan. The recruitment policy includes provision of an equitable recruitment process. The clinical leader and administration manager confirmed in interview that the service supports a Māori workforce through an equitable recruitment process. There were no staff identifying as Māori at the time of the audit; however, staff described the equitable recruitment process and welcoming workplace environment in interview.
Subsection 1.2: Ola manuia of Pacific peoples in Aotearoa  The people: Pacific peoples in Aotearoa are entitled to live and enjoy good health and wellbeing.  Te Tiriti: Pacific peoples acknowledge the mana whenua of Aotearoa as tuakana and commit to supporting them to achieve	Not Applicable	The service plans to partner with a Pacific organisation (or leader who identifies as Pasifika) to guide them in producing their Pacific plan. The service has policies in place that culturally safe care is delivered; however, there is not currently a Pacific health plan in place. At the time of the audit, there were no residents who identified as Pasifika.

tino rangatiratanga.  As service providers: We provide comprehensive and equitable health and disability services underpinned by Pacific worldviews and developed in collaboration with Pacific peoples for improved health outcomes.		
Subsection 1.3: My rights during service delivery  The People: My rights have meaningful effect through the actions and behaviours of others.  Te Tiriti:Service providers recognise Māori mana motuhake (self-determination).  As service providers: We provide services and support to people in a way that upholds their rights and complies with legal requirements.	FA	The Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers' Rights (the Code) is displayed in English and te reo Māori. Residents receive information on The Code at residents' meetings. The service is recognising Māori mana motuhake through actively engaging residents and whānau in determining their own health goals. The team at Woodlands regularly review their policies and service delivery to ensure inclusiveness, and that they take account of residents' voices, perceptions, understandings, and experiences.
Subsection 1.4: I am treated with respect The People: I can be who I am when I am treated with dignity and respect. Te Tiriti: Service providers commit to Māori mana motuhake. As service providers: We provide services and support to people in a way that is inclusive and respects their identity and their experiences.	FA	The service promotes te reo Māori and tikanga Māori through all their activities. There is signage in te reo Māori in various locations throughout the facility. Māori cultural days are celebrated and include Matariki and Māori language week.  All staff attend specific cultural training that covers Te Tiriti o Waitangi, tikanga Māori and health equity from a Māori perspective to build knowledge and awareness about the importance of addressing accessibility barriers. The service works alongside tāngata whaikaha and supports them to participate in individual activities of their choice, including supporting them with te ao Māori.  Interviews with four staff members (two caregivers, one activities coordinator, one head cook), the administration manager, and clinical leader confirmed their understanding of tikanga best practice, with examples provided.
Subsection 1.5: I am protected from abuse  The People: I feel safe and protected from abuse.  Te Tiriti: Service providers provide culturally and clinically safe	FA	A staff code of conduct is discussed during the new employee's induction to the service, with evidence of staff signing the code of conduct policy. This code of conduct policy addresses the elimination of

services for Māori, so they feel safe and are protected from abuse. As service providers: We ensure the people using our services are safe and protected from abuse.		discrimination, harassment, and bullying. All staff are held responsible for creating a positive, inclusive and a safe working environment. Staff are encouraged to address issues of racism and to recognise own bias. A strengths-based and holistic model is prioritised to ensure wellbeing outcomes for Māori residents. At the time of the audit, there were residents who identified as Māori. Care plans contained appropriate sections to capture cultural information specific to Māori, should the resident wish it, with related policy referencing the four cornerstones of Te Whare Tapa Whā.
Subsection 1.7: I am informed and able to make choices  The people: I know I will be asked for my views. My choices will be respected when making decisions about my wellbeing. If my choices cannot be upheld, I will be provided with information that supports me to understand why.  Te Tiriti: High-quality services are provided that are easy to access and navigate. Providers give clear and relevant messages so that individuals and whānau can effectively manage their own health, keep well, and live well.  As service providers: We provide people using our services or their legal representatives with the information necessary to make informed decisions in accordance with their rights and their ability to exercise independence, choice, and control.	FA	There are policies around informed consent, and the service follows the appropriate best practice tikanga guidelines in relation to consent. The health and disability advocacy information, complaints management process and the Code of Rights are available in te reo Māori. The management team interviewed stated they have a good understanding of including residents and whānau in decision making. This was confirmed in interviews with five rest home residents, and five family members (two rest home, three dementia).
Subsection 1.8: I have the right to complain  The people: I feel it is easy to make a complaint. When I complain I am taken seriously and receive a timely response.  Te Tiriti: Māori and whānau are at the centre of the health and disability system, as active partners in improving the system and their care and support.  As service providers: We have a fair, transparent, and equitable system in place to easily receive and resolve or escalate	FA	The complaints procedure is equitable and provided to all residents and relatives on entry to the service. The administration manager maintains a complaints file containing all appropriate documentation, including a process for formal acknowledgement, investigation, and resolution records in accordance with guidelines set by the Health and Disability Commissioner (HDC) and the organisation's own policy and procedures.  There have been no complaints received since the previous certification audit in August 2021. There have been no external

complaints in a manner that leads to quality improvement.		complaints.
		Discussions with residents and relatives confirmed they are provided with information on the complaints process. Complaints forms are readily accessible at the entrance to the facility. Residents have a variety of avenues they can choose from to make a complaint or express a concern. Resident meetings are held monthly. The complaints process is equitable for Māori. Complaints related documentation is available in te reo Māori, and the management team are aware of the preference for face-to-face interactions for some Māori.
Subsection 2.1: Governance  The people: I trust the people governing the service to have the knowledge, integrity, and ability to empower the communities they serve.  Te Tiriti: Honouring Te Tiriti, Māori participate in governance in partnership, experiencing meaningful inclusion on all governance bodies and having substantive input into organisational operational policies.  As service providers: Our governance body is accountable for delivering a highquality service that is responsive, inclusive, and	FA	Woodlands of Palmerston North is an aged care facility located in Palmerston North, Manawatu. Woodlands of Palmerston North provides care for up to 42 residents at rest home and dementia levels of care. On the day of the audit there were 23 residents. There were 13 rest home level residents, and 10 dementia level residents, including one on a short-term transitional care contract. All residents (apart from the transitional care resident) were under the aged related residential care (ARRC) agreement.  Woodlands of Palmerston North is the trading name of Karaka Court Limited - a privately owned company with two directors. There is a
sensitive to the cultural diversity of communities we serve.		clinical leader (registered nurse) supporting the administration manager (non-clinical).
		The management team meet weekly with the owner/director to facilitate the link between management and governance. The 2022 business plan has been reviewed and the 2023 plan is documented. A mission, philosophy and objectives are documented for the service. The weekly meeting provides an opportunity to review the day-to-day operations and to review progress towards meeting the business objectives. The management team and directors analyse internal processes, business planning and service development to improve outcomes and achieve equity for Māori; and to identify and address barriers for Māori for equitable service delivery. The annual resident survey evidenced improved outcomes and equity for tāngata whaikaha people with disabilities.

		The directors, and management team have demonstrated expertise in Te Tiriti, health equity, and cultural safety as core competencies through attending the same training as the facility staff members.
Subsection 2.2: Quality and risk  The people: I trust there are systems in place that keep me safe, are responsive, and are focused on improving my experience and outcomes of care.  Te Tiriti: Service providers allocate appropriate resources to specifically address continuous quality improvement with a focus on achieving Māori health equity.  As service providers: We have effective and organisation-wide	FA	The service has an established quality and risk management programme which includes performance monitoring through internal audits and through the collection of clinical indicator data. Internal audits are completed as per the internal audit schedule. Any corrective actions identified are used to improve service delivery and are being signed off when resolved and discussed at staff meetings. Quality data related to infections, incidents and wounds are collected, analysed, and discussed at staff meetings.
governance systems in place relating to continuous quality improvement that take a risk-based approach, and these systems meet the needs of people using the services and our health care		Resident/family satisfaction are completed annually. The surveys completed in 2021 and 2022 reflect high levels of satisfaction with the service.
and support workers.		Policies and procedures are held in hard copy, and staff interviewed confirmed they were able to access policies and relevant documentation as and when required.
		The clinical leader evaluates interventions for individual residents. Each incident/accident is documented in hard copy. Accident/incident forms reviewed for March 2023 indicated that the forms are completed in full, signed off by the clinical leader. Incident and accident data is collated monthly and reported in the staff meetings.
		Health and safety meetings occur as part of the integrated staff/quality meetings. Hazards are documented and addressed. Staff received education related to hazard management and health and safety at orientation and annually. Policies reference current health and safety legislation.
		Discussions with the management team evidenced their awareness of the requirement to notify relevant authorities in relation to essential notifications. Section 31 reports had been completed to notify HealthCERT of three absconding residents. There had been two outbreaks documented since the last audit (Covid-19 July and December 2022). These were appropriately notified, managed,

reported to Public Health and staff were debriefed after the event to discuss lessons learned. The service improves health equity through critical analysis of the organisation's practices through internal benchmarking and an ongoing review process of their mission, philosophy, and annual business planning. The service has provided training, health literature resources, and support to ensure all staff are adequately equipped to deliver high quality health care for Māori. Subsection 2.3: Service management FΑ There is a staffing policy that describes rostering required skill mix and changes required to respond to increase or change in acuity of the The people: Skilled, caring health care and support workers listen residents. The clinical leader, a selection of caregivers and the to me, provide personalised care, and treat me as a whole activities coordinator hold current first aid certificates. The clinical person. leader and administration manager are available to staff for advice after Te Tiriti: The delivery of high-quality health care that is culturally hours. Interviews with caregivers and clinical leader confirmed that their responsive to the needs and aspirations of Māori is achieved workload is manageable. Staff and residents are informed when there through the use of health equity and quality improvement tools. are changes to staffing levels, evidenced in staff interviews, staff As service providers: We ensure our day-to-day operation is meetings and resident meetings. managed to deliver effective person-centred and whānau-centred services. There is an annual education and training schedule; this has been fully implemented to date and covers all mandatory training as well as a range of topics related to caring for the older person. The service supports and encourages HCAs to obtain a New Zealand Qualification Authority (NZQA) qualification, with eight of sixteen caregivers having achieved a level 3 NZQA qualification or higher. There are nine caregivers who work in the secure dementia unit; four have achieved the dementia standards and five are in the process of completing within the required timeframes. All staff are required to completed competency assessments as part of their orientation. All caregivers are required to complete annual competencies for restraint, hand hygiene, correct use of personal protective equipment (PPE), medication administration (if medication competent), moving and handling, and cultural safety. A record of completion is maintained. Staff participate in learning opportunities that provide them with up-to-date information on Māori health outcomes and disparities, and health equity. Staff confirmed that they were provided

		with resources during their cultural training.  The clinical leader has undertaken additional RN specific competencies including hospice training, and an interRAI assessment competency.
Subsection 2.4: Health care and support workers  The people: People providing my support have knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes that align with my needs. A diverse mix of people in adequate numbers meet my needs.  Te Tiriti: Service providers actively recruit and retain a Māori health workforce and invest in building and maintaining their capacity and capability to deliver health care that meets the needs of Māori.	FA	There are human resources policies in place, including recruitment, selection, orientation, and staff training and development. Five staff files were selected for review which evidence recruitment processes are being implemented and includes reference checking, qualifications, and annual practising certificates for the clinical leader. The previous partial attainment (HDSS:2008 # 1.2.7.3) has been addressed. A register of practising certificates is maintained for all health professionals.
As service providers: We have sufficient health care and support workers who are skilled and qualified to provide clinically and culturally safe, respectful, quality care and services.		The service has a role-specific orientation programme in place that provides new staff with relevant information for safe work practice and includes buddying with a more experienced staff member when first employed. Competencies are completed at orientation and then as part of the ongoing education plan. The service demonstrates that the orientation programmes support all staff to provide a culturally safe environment to Māori.
		All staff information is held securely. The service collects ethnicity data for employees and maintains an employee ethnicity database.
Subsection 3.1: Entry and declining entry  The people: Service providers clearly communicate access, timeframes, and costs of accessing services, so that I can choose the most appropriate service provider to meet my needs.  Te Tiriti: Service providers work proactively to eliminate inequities between Māori and non-Māori by ensuring fair access to quality care.  As service providers: When people enter our service, we adopt a person-centred and whānau-centred approach to their care. We focus on their needs and goals and encourage input from whānau. Where we are unable to meet these needs, adequate	FA	Records are maintained of how many prospective residents and families/whānau have viewed the facility, admissions and declined referrals, including ethnicity. The service identifies and implement supports to benefit Māori and whānau. The service has information available for Māori, in English and in te reo Māori. The service engages with local kaumātua, who are available to provide support to residents and whānau as required. The clinical leader interviewed report they are able to access services with Māori health practitioners, traditional Māori healers, and organisations to benefit Māori individuals and whānau as and when the opportunity arises.

information about the reasons for this decision is documented and communicated to the person and whānau.		
Subsection 3.2: My pathway to wellbeing  The people: I work together with my service providers so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing.  Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori and whānau, and support their aspirations, mana motuhake, and whānau rangatiratanga.  As service providers: We work in partnership with people and whānau to support wellbeing.	PA Moderate	Five resident files were reviewed: three rest home, and two dementia level care residents (including one transitional care). The clinical leader (RN) is responsible for all residents' assessments, care planning and evaluation of care.  The interRAI assessments, and long-term care plan were completed for all residents (excluding the transitional care). Each care plan was reflective of assessment outcomes, individualised and reflective of resident's needs, and preferences. Documented early warning signs meet the residents' assessed needs. The interim care resident had nursing assessments, falls assessment and dietary profile in the clinical record. The activity assessments include a cultural assessment which gathers information about cultural needs, values, and beliefs. Information from these assessments is used to develop the resident's individual activity care plan. Long-term care plans had been updated with any changes to health status. Interventions in the long-term carepans were resident specific and detailed enough to provide clear guidance for staff in the delivery of care. Resident care is evaluated on each shift and reported at handover and in the progress notes. If any change is noted, it is reported to the clinical leader. Long-term careplans are formally evaluated every six months in conjunction with the interRAI re-assessments and when there is a change in the resident's condition. Evaluations are documented by the clinical leader and include the degree of achievement towards meeting desired goals and outcomes. Residents interviewed confirmed assessments are completed according to their needs and in the privacy of their bedrooms. Short-term care plans are developed for acute problems (for example infections, wounds, and weight loss).  There was evidence of family involvement in care planning and documented ongoing communication of health status updates. Family interviews and resident records evidenced that family are informed where there is a change in health status. The service supports Māori and wh

residents to access services and information. The service supports and advocates for residents with disabilities to access relevant disability services.

The initial medical assessment is undertaken by the nurse practitioner (NP) within the required timeframe following admission. Residents have reviews by the NP within required timeframes and when their health status changes. The NP visits the facility at least once weekly, and as required. Documentation and records reviewed were current. The NP interviewed stated that there was good communication with the service and that they were informed of concerns in a timely manner. The facility is provided access to an after-hours service by the NP. A physiotherapist visits the facility on request to review residents referred by the clinical manager.

An adequate supply of wound care products was available at the facility. A review of the wound care plans evidenced wounds were assessed in a timely manner and reviewed at appropriate intervals. Photos were taken where this was required. When wounds require additional specialist input, this is able to be initiated, with access to a wound nurse specialist available.

The clinical progress notes are recorded and maintained. Monthly observations such as weight and blood pressure were completed and are up to date. A range of monitoring charts are available for the care staff to utilise. Staff interviews confirmed they are familiar with the needs of all residents in the facility and that they have access to the supplies and products they require to meet those needs. Staff receive handover at the beginning of their shift. Incident reports are completed for all resident incidents and accidents. These are fully completed with documented opportunities to minimise risk, timely RN follow up is documented, and relatives are notified; however, neurological observations for unwitnessed falls had not been completed as per policy requirements.

There is a Māori health care plan available should any resident identify as Māori, which describes the support required to meet their needs.

Subsection 3.3: Individualised activities  The people: I participate in what matters to me in a way that I like. Te Tiriti: Service providers support Māori community initiatives and activities that promote whanaungatanga.  As service providers: We support the people using our services to maintain and develop their interests and participate in meaningful community and social activities, planned and unplanned, which are suitable for their age and stage and are satisfying to them.	FA	Woodlands facilitates opportunities for Māori to participate in te ao Māori through the use of Māori language, dual language signage, movies, entertainers, quizzes, and Māori celebratory events. The service is working on developing links so that their workforce can support community initiatives that meet the health needs and aspirations of Māori and whānau. Community visitors include entertainers and church services. Themed days such as Matariki, Waitangi, and Anzac Day are celebrated with appropriate resources available.  Residents and family members interviewed spoke positively of the activity programme with feedback and suggestions for activities made via resident surveys.
Subsection 3.4: My medication  The people: I receive my medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner.  Te Tiriti: Service providers shall support and advocate for Māori to access appropriate medication and blood products.  As service providers: We ensure people receive their medication and blood products in a safe and timely manner that complies with current legislative requirements and safe practice guidelines.	FA	There are policies available for safe medicine management that meet legislative requirements. All staff who administer medications have been assessed for competency on an annual basis. Education around safe medication administration has been provided as part of the competency process. The clinical leader has completed syringe driver training.  Staff were observed to be safely administering medications. The clinical leader and caregivers interviewed could describe their role regarding medication administration. All medications are checked on delivery against the medication chart and any discrepancies are fed back to the supplying pharmacy.
		Medications were appropriately stored in the facility medication room and locked trolley. The service currently uses robotics for regular medication and blister packs for short course and 'as required' medications. The medication fridge and medication room temperatures are monitored daily, and the temperatures were within acceptable ranges. All medications are checked in monthly. All eyedrops have been dated on opening. Over the counter vitamins or alternative therapies residents choose to use have been reviewed and prescribed by the NP.
		Ten electronic medication charts were reviewed. The medication char

		reviewed identified that the NP had reviewed all resident medication charts three-monthly and each drug chart has a photo identification and allergy status identified. There were no residents self-administering medications; however, there are policies and processes in place for assessment and safe storage are available when required. No vaccines are kept on site, and no standing orders are used.  There was documented evidence in the clinical files that residents and relatives are updated around medication changes, including the reason for changing medications and side effects. The clinical staff interviewed could describe the process for working in partnership with any Māori residents and whānau to ensure the appropriate support is in place, advice is timely, easily accessed, and treatment is prioritised to achieve better health outcomes.
Subsection 3.5: Nutrition to support wellbeing  The people: Service providers meet my nutritional needs and consider my food preferences.  Te Tiriti: Menu development respects and supports cultural beliefs, values, and protocols around food and access to traditional foods.  As service providers: We ensure people's nutrition and hydration needs are met to promote and maintain their health and wellbeing.	FA	Kitchen staff receive individual resident's dietary and cultural food preferences on admission to the facility. The head cook interviewed reported they accommodate residents' requests. The caregivers interviewed understood basic Māori practices and the kitchen staff were observed implementing processes in line with tapu and noa. The head cook stated the kitchen can provide cultural dishes, including kai moana and other Māori and Pacific dishes. The residents and family members interviewed were complimentary regarding the standard of food provided. Nutritious snacks are available 24/7.
Subsection 3.6: Transition, transfer, and discharge  The people: I work together with my service provider so they know what matters to me, and we can decide what best supports my wellbeing when I leave the service.  Te Tiriti: Service providers advocate for Māori to ensure they and whānau receive the necessary support during their transition, transfer, and discharge.  As service providers: We ensure the people using our service experience consistency and continuity when leaving our services. We work alongside each person and whānau to provide and	FA	There were documented policies and procedures to ensure exiting, discharging or transferring residents have a documented transition, transfer, or discharge plan, which includes current needs and risk mitigation. Planned exits, discharges or transfers were coordinated in collaboration with the resident (where appropriate), family/whānau and other service providers to ensure continuity of care.

coordinate a supported transition of care or support.		
Subsection 4.1: The facility  The people: I feel the environment is designed in a way that is safe and is sensitive to my needs. I am able to enter, exit, and move around the environment freely and safely.  Te Tiriti: The environment and setting are designed to be Māoricentred and culturally safe for Māori and whānau.  As service providers: Our physical environment is safe, well maintained, tidy, and comfortable and accessible, and the people we deliver services to can move independently and freely throughout. The physical environment optimises people's sense of belonging, independence, interaction, and function.	FA	The buildings, plant, and equipment are fit for purpose at Woodlands and comply with legislation relevant to the health and disability services being provided. The current building warrant of fitness expires 4 April 2024. There is a maintenance request book for repair and maintenance requests located at reception. Equipment failure or issues are also recorded in the handover book. This is checked daily and signed off when repairs have been completed. There is an annual maintenance plan that includes electrical testing and tagging, equipment checks, call bell checks, hoists, calibration of medical equipment and monthly testing of hot water temperatures. Essential contractors/tradespeople are available 24 hours a day as required. Hot water temperature recording reviewed were all within expected ranges.  The environment is inclusive of peoples' cultures and supports cultural practices. The service has no plans to expand or alter the building but is aware of the need to consider how designs and the environment reflects the aspirations and identity of Māori, for any new additions or new building construction that may take place in the future.
Subsection 4.2: Security of people and workforce  The people: I trust that if there is an emergency, my service provider will ensure I am safe.  Te Tiriti: Service providers provide quality information on emergency and security arrangements to Māori and whānau.  As service providers: We deliver care and support in a planned and safe way, including during an emergency or unexpected event.	FA	The facility has an approved fire evacuation plan and fire drills take place six-monthly. The building is secure after hours and staff complete security checks at night. The dementia unit is secure at all times.
Subsection 5.2: The infection prevention programme and implementation  The people: I trust my provider is committed to implementing	FA	The service has an infection prevention and control manual and a pandemic plan which includes a Covid-19 response plan that provides guidelines and communication pathways in an event of an outbreak. Staff received training in infection control practices and management of

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policies, systems, and processes to manage my risk of infection. Te Tiriti: The infection prevention programme is culturally safe. Communication about the programme is easy to access and navigate and messages are clear and relevant. As service providers: We develop and implement an infection prevention programme that is appropriate to the needs, size, and scope of our services.		an outbreak. There are outbreak kits readily available and sufficient supplies of personal protective equipment. These are checked regularly. The service provides te reo Māori information around infection control for Māori residents. The organisation's policy and procedures provide guidance around culturally safe practices, acknowledging the spirit of Ti Tiriti o Waitangi. The staff interviewed described implementing culturally safe practices in relation to infection control.
Subsection 5.4: Surveillance of health care-associated infection (HAI)  The people: My health and progress are monitored as part of the surveillance programme.  Te Tiriti: Surveillance is culturally safe and monitored by ethnicity. As service providers: We carry out surveillance of HAIs and multi-drug-resistant organisms in accordance with national and regional surveillance programmes, agreed objectives, priorities, and methods specified in the infection prevention programme, and with an equity focus.	FA	Infection surveillance is an integral part of the infection control programme and is described in the organisation's control policy manual. Monthly infection data is collected for all infections based on signs, symptoms, and definition of infection. Infections are entered into an infection register and surveillance of all infections (including organisms) is collated onto a monthly infection summary. This data includes ethnicity and is monitored and analysed for trends, monthly and annually. Infection control surveillance is discussed at the integrated quality/staff meetings.  There have been two outbreaks since the previous audit (Covid-19 in July and December 2022). The facility followed their pandemic plan. There were clear communication pathways with responsibilities and include daily outbreak meetings and communication with residents, relatives, and staff. Staff wore personal protective equipment, and cohorting of residents occurred to minimise risks. Families/whānau were kept informed by phone or email. Visiting was restricted.
Subsection 6.1: A process of restraint  The people: I trust the service provider is committed to improving policies, systems, and processes to ensure I am free from restrictions.  Te Tiriti: Service providers work in partnership with Māori to ensure services are mana enhancing and use least restrictive practices.  As service providers: We demonstrate the rationale for the use of	FA	Woodlands of Palmerston North is committed to providing services to residents without the use of restraint. Restraint policy confirms that restraint consideration and application must be done in partnership with families/whānau, and the choice of device must be the least restrictive possible.  The designated restraint coordinator is the clinical leader. At the time of the audit, the facility was restraint free. The use of restraint (if any) would be reported in the facility integrated quality and staff meetings

restraint in the context of aiming for elimination.	and to the owners via the management team.	

## Specific results for criterion where corrective actions are required

Where a subsection is rated partially attained (PA) or unattained (UA) specific corrective actions are recorded under the relevant criteria for the subsection. The following table contains the criterion where corrective actions have been recorded.

Criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 My service provider shall embed and enact Te Tiriti o Waitangi within all its work, recognising Māori, and supporting Māori in their aspirations, whatever they are (that is, recognising mana motuhake) relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1 Our rights.

If there is a message "no data to display" instead of a table, then no corrective actions were required as a result of this audit.

Criterion with desired outcome	Attainment Rating	Audit Evidence	Audit Finding	Corrective action required and timeframe for completion (days)
Criterion 3.2.4  In implementing care or support plans, service providers shall demonstrate: (a) Active involvement with the person receiving services and whānau; (b) That the provision of service is consistent with, and contributes to, meeting the person's assessed needs, goals, and aspirations. Whānau require assessment for support needs as well. This supports whānau ora and pae ora, and builds resilience, self-management, and self-advocacy among the collective; (c) That the person receives services that remove stigma and promote acceptance and inclusion; (d) That needs and risk assessments are an ongoing process and that any	PA Moderate	Care plans are holistic and are developed by the clinical leader in partnership with the resident and enduring power of attorneys. The care plan interventions provide instructions around monitoring requirements. There are a suite of monitoring charts available for the staff to utilise, including (but not limited to): vital signs; weight; blood sugar monitoring; and behaviour. These have been completed appropriately and in line with policy. There is a policy for neurological observation frequency, and these were being undertaken; however, five of five unwitnessed falls did not have these fully completed according to policy.	i). Four of five unwitnessed falls had gaps in neurological observation where the resident was deemed to be asleep. ii). One unwitnessed fall had no neurological observations commenced as per policy.	i). & ii). Ensure all neurological observations following unwitnessed falls, or head injuries are carried out as per policy requirements.  60 days

changes are documented.		

## Specific results for criterion where a continuous improvement has been recorded

As well as whole subsections, individual criterion within a subsection can also be rated as having a continuous improvement. A continuous improvement means that the provider can demonstrate achievement beyond the level required for full attainment. The following table contains the criterion where the provider has been rated as having made corrective actions have been recorded.

As above, criterion can be linked to the relevant subsection by looking at the code. For example, Criterion 1.1.1 relates to subsection 1.1: Pae ora healthy futures in Section 1: Our rights.

If, instead of a table, these is a message "no data to display" then no continuous improvements were recorded as part of this audit.

No data to display

Date of Audit: 11 April 2023

End of the report.