



New Zealand Casemix Framework

For Publicly Funded Hospitals

including

WIESNZ16 Methodology

and

Casemix Purchase Unit Allocation

for the

2016/17 Financial Year

Specification for Implementation on NMDS

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# Purpose of this Document

This document provides the definitions for inclusion of hospital event records in casemix funding together with information related to the calculation of cost weights for these event records and the assignment of event records to purchase units. WIESNZ16 uses AR-DRG v6.0x which is based on ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition codes. A new set of cost weights is provided in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

This document is the latest in a succession of annual updates that describe New Zealand’s casemix funding environment. The documents from earlier years can be viewed on the Ministry of Health website: <http://www.health.govt.nz/nz-health-statistics/data-references/weighted-inlier-equivalent-separations>.

The membership of the project group during the development of this document is provided in Appendix 3. Appendix 4 contains a history of the New Zealand casemix environment since 1998/99, Appendix 5 contains the list of purchase units (PUs) referred to for non-casemix funded events, Appendix 6 contains a list of NZ DRGs and DRG mappings, while Appendix 7 contains a list of the acronyms appearing in this document.

# Changes Effected in this Version

This year was an interim year that required a full new set of weights due to the creation of two new non casemix purchase units which resulted in the development of two new casemix exclusion rules. This version includes the following changes from the previous year:

* New SD designation for DRG C60B and a new OD designation for DRG B82B
* Development of a new NZ-specific DRG A39W to fund pseudomyxoma peritonei and pelvic exenteration events
* Mechanical ventilation co-payment added for DRG P02Z *Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures for Neonates*
* Extension of the EPS co-payment to include cardiac ablation only events
* There are two new exclusion rules covering diagnostic hysteroscopy and medical termination of pregnancy.

A more detailed list of changes arising during the review is given in section 3.2.1.

# Introduction

This report specifies the final version of the 2016/17 FY[[1]](#footnote-1) WIESNZ16 methodology for casemix purchasing to be used by DHBs. It is the same format as the document used in earlier years, and WIESNZ16 is based on the DRG schedule AR-DRG v6.0x and clinical coding in ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition after it has been back-mapped from ICD-10-AM/ACHI 8th Edition.

The intent of this document is to specify the casemix methodology used by DHBs so that case weighted discharge values can be calculated for all National Minimum Dataset (NMDS) event records by the Ministry of Health. Further variables are also defined, as required, to identify casemix purchased Purchase Units (PUs), sometimes also referred to as Service Units, case complexity (for future costing work), and the cost weight version used. Publicly funded event records excluded from casemix purchasing are identified and where possible the correct non casemix PU applicable to the event record is defined, allowing these event records to be combined with the National Non-Admitted Patient Data Collection (NNPAC).

A secondary purpose of this document is to provide a definitive explanation of the DHB casemix purchasing framework for use throughout the health sector. As such, additional information beyond that required by the Information Group (IG) (MoH) for implementation in the NMDS is provided both as a background and to identify areas that may be subject to revision for future funding arrangements.

This specification is described as much as possible in plain English. There are, however, references to lists of The International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM) 6th Edition, The Australian Classification of Health Interventions (ACHI), Diagnosis Related Groups (DRGs[[2]](#footnote-2)) and other lists of coded variables from the NMDS Data Dictionary. Such lists, including logical conjunctions of different sets of variables, are provided to exactly identify what is included (or excluded) in the English definition.

The NMDS cost weight file (.ndw file) is distributed by the Information Group for each batch file loaded into the NMDS. The file contains the results of the WIES calculation process for each event record within the file that is successfully loaded.

It gives the cost weight, purchase unit and DRG for each event record and a subset of information from the event record that was used to calculate each of these. The file comprises of a header record containing file information, and a cost weight transaction record for each event record loaded into the NMDS.

Note that the terms *Hospital and Health Service (HHS)* and *DHB provider arm* may be used interchangeably throughout this document.

## Background

DHBs are responsible for funding their provider arms from their MoH funding packages, using the form of a service level agreement and price volume schedule agreed between a DHB and its provider arm. DHB purchasing intentions, including volume targets, are notified to the MoH in district annual plans. DHBs purchase a range of inpatient events from their provider arms, some of which are funded using this casemix framework, principally medical/surgical events. This document extends the existing casemix and cost weight methodology, known as Weighted Inlier Equivalent Separations (WIES), with amendments for New Zealand from WIESNZ15 to WIESNZ16. The version for implementation from 1 July 2016 is known as WIESNZ16.

The casemix purchase units appearing in this schedule are those used in DHB price volume schedules and are derived from a mapping of Health Service Speciality codes as set out in this document, see 5.3.

## Recent History of Changes to this Casemix Framework

### Changes from WIESNZ15 to WIESNZ16

ICD-10-AM/ACHI 8th Edition was implemented for all event records that had an event end date on or after 1 July 2014. Event records coded in 8th Edition have their codes back-mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition.

The WIESNZ15 casemix framework was based on ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition and AR-DRG v6.0x. The framework associated with WIESNZ16 is the same as WIESNZ15 except for the following:

* New same day (SD) designation for DRG C60B *Acute and Major Eye Infections W/O CC* and a new one day (OD) designation for DRG B82B *Chronic and Unspecified Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procedures W Severe CC*, see 3.3
* Development of a new NZ-specific DRG A39W *Pelvic Evisceration or Cytoreduction Procedures* to fund pseudomyxoma peritonei and pelvic exenteration events, see 4.2.2. This means the map of pelvic exenteration surgery events to N01Z introduced for WIESNZ15 is replaced by this new mapping to a new NZ-specific DRG.
* Mechanical ventilation co-payment added for DRG P02Z *Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures for Neonates*, see 4.3.1
* Extension of the electrophysiological studies (EPS) co-payment to include cardiac ablation only events, see 4.4.4
* Introduction of two new exclusion rules for Hysteroscopy and for Medical Termination of Pregnancy; see 5.2.32 and 5.2.23 respectively.

### Changes from WIESNZ14 to WIESNZ15

The WIESNZ14 casemix framework was based on ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition and AR-DRG v6.0x. WIESNZ15 was the same as WIESNZ14 except for the following:

* A new DRG mapping so that pelvic exenteration surgery event records group to NZ DRG N01Z *Pelvic Evisceration and Radical Vulvectomy*
* A new co-payment for treatment of cerebral aneurysms (CA) via endovascular repair
* Extending the scoliosis eligibility rule to cover the DHB funding agency rather than the facility
* 77 new SD or OD designations were introduced to better direct revenue to admitted patient events rather than ED or similar short stay events
* Reviewed existing co-payment values. Co-payment values have been adjusted for AAA, ASD and scoliosis. No adjustments were made to the EPS co-payment as further analysis was deemed necessary. LDN and MV were not reviewed
* New purchase unit code created for Metabolic Services M24001 *Metabolic services – inpatient services (DRGs)*
* Revision of the payment for tonsils and adenoid (T&A) procedures with a sleep apnoea diagnosis to be funded at a similar level to T&A cases without a sleep apnoea diagnosis. This was achieved by giving the DRG E02C *Other Respiratory System OR Procedures W/O CC* a SD designation
* Ophthalmology injections and excision skin lesion cost weights revised
* A new section listing all NZ DRGs and DRG mappings was added, see Appendix 6
* New facility added to the casemix eligible facilities list. The facility was:

Mater Misericordiae Health Services, Brisbane (9136)

* Primary maternity – tables for initial filters, flags, RVUs and the flow diagram were revised
* Same day blood transfusion – PU allocation rule revised
* Deleted wording in section Designated Hospital for Casemix Revenue.

## Same Day (SD) and One Day (OD) Designations

For the DRGs designated SD on the cost weight schedule a same day weight is calculated from same day event costs even if the low boundary is 0. Similarly, for an OD designation separate same day and one day weights are calculated from the costs of the respective event types even if the low boundary is 1. Two new designations have been introduced in WIESNZ16. These are:

1. B82B *Chronic and Unspecified Paraplegia/Quadriplegia W or W/O OR Procedures W Severe CC* has been given an OD designation
2. C60B *Acute and Major Eye Infections W/O CC* has been given a SD designation.

## Areas for Change in the Future

The current cost weight schedule is based solely on New Zealand costs and other data elements. This allows changes to be made to the way weights are developed as cost profiles and other aspects of New Zealand’s hospital data becomes better understood.

# WIESNZ16 Calculation

The following section describes the derived variables required, the DRG reallocation tests applied (AR-DRG => NZdrg60x), the Mechanical Ventilation calculation, other co-payments, the matching of event records with appropriate cost weights and the WIESNZ16 case weight calculation. In what follows the phrases *case weight*, *cost weight*, and *costweight* may be used interchangeably. The table of information required to apply these calculations is provided in the WIESNZ16 file attached in Appendix 1: Table of 2016/17 FY DRG Cost Weights and Associated Variables for Calculating , the file is also available from Ministry of Health website: <http://www.health.govt.nz/nz-health-statistics/data-references/weighted-inlier-equivalent-separations>.

## Derived Variables Required in Calculation

The following derived variables are used in the WIESNZ16 calculation.

### Length of Stay

The Length of Stay (LOS) calculation used in the methodology is the same as prior versions. It has a maximum of 365 days and minimum of 1 day applied, as well as having any Event Leave Days subtracted from the total elapsed days between admission and discharge dates. The minimum of 1 day is applied to deal with the few cases where Event Leave Days are equal to the difference between the admission and discharge dates. Note that for WIES calculations, sameday events are only those where the admission and discharge days have the same date. Hence, the calculated LOS equals the difference in integer days between the discharge and admission dates, minus any Event Leave Days.

Further, this is set to 365 if the LOS is greater than 365 or is set to 1 if the LOS=0.

Note that LOS is calculated from two dates now provided to the NMDS in date:time format. LOS is intended to represent the integer number of days between the event end date and the event start date and so we use only the date part of this format in calculating the LOS for an event.

In the extremely rare cases where the length of stay of casemix-funded events exceeds 365 days by a significant number of days, it is recommended that the service DHB should statistically discharge the patient at 364 days as this will then allow the funding to flow using the normal channels.

## DRG Reallocations

Details of the DRG shifts prior to the case weight calculation are given in this section. These events, however, should **not** have the original AR-DRG overwritten, and to this end the SAS code in Appendix 2 creates a new variable, NZdrg60x, to hold the reassigned DRG appropriate for the case weight calculation. This WIES DRG set, or NZdrg60x, contains the unmapped AR-DRGs as well as the additional NZ DRG codes not used in AR-DRG for the purpose of applying the appropriate cost weights to NMDS event records.

As in previous years adjustments are made to the original AR-DRG grouping when setting the NZdrg60x field medical DRGs where the event includes radiotherapy, which are mapped to the AR-DRG v6.0x for Radiotherapy.

The following subsections detail the tests for the allocation of AR-DRGs to NZdrg60x DRGs for the purposes of the WIESNZ16 case weight calculation.

### Adjustment of Medical AR-DRGs with Radiotherapy

Event records with medical DRGs and an ACHI 6th Edition procedure code 1500000, 1500300 [1786], 1510000, 1510300 [1787], 1522400, 1523900, 1525400, 1526900 [1788], 1560000, 1560001, 1560002, 1560003, 1560004 [1789] (i.e. all external beam therapies) are mapped to the NZ-DRG R64Z *Radiotherapy*. Medical DRGs are those where the number part of the DRG code is greater than or equal to 60 (the format of DRG codes is AnnA).



### NZ DRG Allocation

Three NZ specific DRGs have been developed due to new technology and treatment regimes. These are:

**A39W** ***Pelvic Evisceration or Cytoreduction Procedures***

The *pseudomyxoma peritonei* procedures were reviewed and their cost profiles compared with those of pelvic exenteration surgery. There was sufficient comparability that it was decided to map both these types of surgery to their own procedure-based New Zealand-specific DRG A39W *Pelvic Evisceration or Cytoreduction Procedures*.

**Pelvic Evisceration Surgery**

Pelvic exenteration surgery event records are identified by having one of the three ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes listed and must occur in the first 30 procedure codes reported:

* [90450-00](file:///C:\\Program%20Files%20(x86)\\CodeXpert\\html\\90450-00) [989] *Anterior pelvic exenteration* (includes removal of bladder, fallopian tubes, ovaries, urethra, uterus, vagina)
* [90450-01](file:///C:\\Program%20Files%20(x86)\\CodeXpert\\html\\90450-01) [989] *Posterior pelvic exenteration* (includes removal of anal canal, fallopian tubes, ovaries, rectum, sigmoid colon, uterus, vagina)
* [90450-02](file:///C:\\Program%20Files%20(x86)\\CodeXpert\\html\\90450-02) [989] *Total pelvic exenteration*

**Cytoreduction Surgery (CRS)**

Cytoreduction surgery event records are identified as those having a principal diagnosis of:

C451 *Mesothelioma of peritoneum*

OR  
C181 *Malignant neoplasm of appendix*

OR   
C786 *Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum* WITH a secondary diagnosis C181 *Malignant neoplasm of appendix*

OR   
D121 *Benign neoplasm of appendix*

OR   
D373 *Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of appendix*

AND   
one of the two ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes:

(30392-00 [989] *Debulking of intra-abdominal lesion* or 35720-00 [1299] *Debulking of lesion of pelvic cavity)* occurs in the first 30 procedure codes.  
  
Events satisfying either of these two definitions will map to A39W.

Note: For event records reported from 1 July 2014 (8th Edition) there is the specific procedure code for cytoreduction surgery (CRS) 96211-00 [989] *Peritonectomy*.

This code 96211-00 [989] back maps to 30392-00 [989] *Debulking of intra-abdominal lesion*.

**O66T *SFLP for Twin to Twin Transfusion Syndrome***

Analysis showed a small number of event records within a large throughput pair of DRGs, in this case O66A *Antenatal and Other Obstetric Admission* and O66B *Antenatal and Other Obstetric Admission, Same Day*. The costs of the new treatment method are swamped by the costs of these other event records. It was decided to develop a NZ specific DRG O66T for this new treatment regime, with weights based on the reported costs without adjustment.

This NZ DRG O66T was created in WIESNZ13 and remains current for WIESNZ16.

These event records are identified as those which have a principal diagnosis of O430 *Placental transfusion syndromes* and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be 9048800 [1330] *Endoscopic ablation of vessels of placenta.*

**F03M *Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve Implant***

Analysis of melody valve implant cases showed the implant costs were both inadequately reported and the event records for these cases formed only a small proportion of the current throughput for the DRGs they appeared in, namely F04A, F04B, F03A, and F03B.

However, the use of this new technology is expected to increase. To adequately recompense for this, it was decided to develop an NZ specific DRG F03M, and set weights by adjusting the event level cost data to show the current actual cost of the implant.

This NZ DRG F03M was created in WIESNZ13 and is still current for WIESNZ16.

**Note:** This rule uses an ACHI 8th Edition procedure code and is the only rule in WIESNZ16 that is based on an 8th Edition code.

These event records are identified as those having the ACHI 8th Edition procedure code 3848811 [637] *Percutaneous replacement of pulmonary valve with bioprosthesis* occurring in the first 30 procedure codes reported.

### Ophthalmology Injections and Skin Lesion Procedures

Excluded event records for Ophthalmology Injections and Skin Lesion Procedures are assigned to their own NZ DRG, refer to 5.2.38 and 5.2.39.

### All other AR-DRGs

All AR-DRGs v6.0x not reallocated in the above tests are given the same DRG code, i.e. the NZdrg60x DRG is set to the same value as the AR-DRG 6.0x.

## Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days

The WIESNZ16 calculation includes a component for Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days used to calculate the mechanical ventilation (MV) co-payment. However, in some DRGs the majority of event records include mechanical ventilation and the cost of this is already reflected in the case weight for that DRG. Therefore these DRGs have their adjusted MV days set to zero.

### DRGs Excluded from Mechanical Ventilation Days

The mechanical ventilation distributions were examined for the neonatal DRGs, namely those for the MDC *Newborns and other Neonates*. In all cases except for the DRG P02Z *Cardiothoracic/Vascular Procedures for Neonates* the current designations were considered appropriate.

Each of the following NZDRGs have their event records Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days set to zero and are ineligible for a MV co-payment:

A01Z, A03Z, A05Z, B42A, B42B, C03W, E40A, E40B, J11W, L61Z, L68Z, P01Z, P03Z, P04Z, P05Z, P60A, P60B, P61Z, P62Z, P63Z, P64Z, P65A, P65B, P65C, P65D, P66A, P66B, P66C, P66D, P67A, P67B, P67C, P67D, T40Z, X40Z, 960Z, 961Z.  These DRGs are flagged as ‘I’ (ineligible) in the field mvelig in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

For DRGS A06A, A06B, A06C, A06D, A07Z, A08A, A08B, A10Z, A40Z, F40A, F40B, and W01Z the hours of ventilation need to be > 96 to qualify the event for a mechanical ventilation co-payment. These DRGs are flagged as ‘4’ in the field mvelig in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

The DRG P02Z is flagged as ‘D’ (eligible for daily co-payments) in the field mvelig in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

The DRGs P06A and P06B are flagged as ‘E’ (eligible for a co-payment) in the field mvelig in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

### Calculation of Mechanical Ventilation Days from Hours

For all other AR-DRGs, Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days is calculated in the following way:

* If hours of ventilation are less than six then Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days is set to zero
* If hours of ventilation are six or more then Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days are calculated by adding 12 hours to the hours reported, dividing the result by 24 and rounding up to integer days.

## General Calculation

For the WIESNZ16 calculation, each NMDS event record is initially allocated its NZdrg60x and this DRG is then matched to the file containing the NZdrg60x cost weights and other associated variables.

NZdrg60x DRGs are flagged as Sameday, Oneday or other DRGs in this file by the SDOD flag (Same Day/One Day WIES DRG Flag), but event records are classed as sameday, one day, or multiday as determined from admission and discharge dates or from LOS. The development of the weight schedule has followed the same pattern as before, though the calculation continues to be presented in an easier format. It uses per diem rates for both high and low outliers, inlier weight, a one day weight, and a sameday weight.

The base WIES weight for sameday episodes (inlier and low outlier), one day episodes (inlier and low outliers), and multiday inliers can be read directly from the WIESNZ16 weights table using the appropriate column and row. The base WIES weight for multiday low outliers can be calculated by multiplying the per diem weight given in the WIESNZ16 weights table by the patient’s (length of stay – 1) and adding the one day weight. The base WIES weight for high outliers is obtained by multiplying the number of high outlier days by the high outlier per diem weight (from table) and adding the multiday inlier weight (from table). Technical details are provided in the following sections.

An event record LOS is compared with the NZdrg60x DRGs low and high LOS boundary points to determine the inlier category (Low, Inlier, High) and which particular cost weight should be applied to it. In the following sections, shortened variable names from the WIES DRG weights file are used. Note that in the following table *NZ-DRG6x* is synonymous with AR-DRG v6.0x, while DRG\_NZ, WIES DRG and NZdrg60x are synonymous for this classification when adapted to New Zealand.

| **Variable**  **(Column Heading)** | **Label** | **Description** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| New Zealand DRG | NZ-DRG6x | AR-DRG v6.0x as adapted for New Zealand |
| Mechanical ventilation | Mvelig | This describes the way mechanical ventilation severity co-payments are calculated for the NZ-DRG6x. Options are :-  D: funded provided at least 6 hours of ventilation is provided. Patients attract a daily rate of 0.7729 WIES.  E: patients are funded an additional 3.1323 WIES.  4: funded for each day of mechanical ventilation after 4 days. Patients attract a daily rate of 0.7729 WIES.  I: ineligible for mechanical ventilation co-payments. |
| Other co-payments | Copay | Some groups of patients attract additional funds in recognition of their higher costs.  For New Zealand there are co-payments for AAA stent, ASD, EPS, scoliosis implants, live donor nephrectomy, and endovascular treatment of cerebral aneurysms. See Box 1b, 1c, 1d and 1e.  Now coelig. |
| Low inlier boundary | Lb | The low length of stay boundary for inliers. Patients with a length of stay less than the low boundary are classed as low outliers.  For most DRG\_NZs the low boundary has been set at a third of the estimated average length of stay for the DRG\_NZ. Boundaries are truncated to the nearest whole number. |
| High inlier boundary | Hb | The high length of stay boundary for inliers. Patients with a length of stay greater than the high boundary are classed as high outliers.  For most DRG\_NZs the high boundary has been set at three times the estimated average length of stay for the DRG\_NZ. Boundaries are rounded to the nearest whole number. |
| Inlier average length of stay | alos | The average length of stay (days) for inliers. |
| NZ-DRG6x designation | Sd\_od | Flag for designated sameday (SD) or one day (OD) NZ-DRG6xs |
| Inlier weight | md\_in | The inlier multiday weight is used to allocate WIES to inliers that have a length of stay of at least two days.  For designated NZ-DRG6xs, sameday/one day patients are excluded when deriving the inlier multiday weight. |
| Sameday weight | Sd | The sameday weight is used to allocate WIES to episodes where patients are admitted and discharged on the sameday. Depending upon the NZ-DRG6x, sameday patients may be either low outliers or inliers:-  Designated Sameday/Oneday NZ-DRG6xs  The sameday weight is based on the costs of sameday patients.  Non-Same Day/One Day NZ-DRG6xs with a low boundary of zero days  The sameday weight is set at the multiday inlier weight.  Non-Same Day/One Day NZ-DRG6xs with a low boundary of 1 day  The sameday weight is set based on the average cost of inliers. For medical DRGs the weight is set at half of the inlier average cost and for procedural DRGs is based on 100% of theatre and prosthesis costs and 50% of the average of other costs.  Non-Same Day/One Day NZ-DRG6xs with a low boundary of 2 days or more (low outliers)  The sameday weight is based on 100% of theatre and prosthesis costs and 50% of the average of other costs, divided by the low boundary. |
| One day weight | Od | The one day weight is used to allocate WIES to episodes where patients have a length of stay of one but who were not discharged on the sameday as they were admitted. Depending upon the NZ-DRG6x, one day patients may be either low outliers or inliers:-  Designated Sameday NZ-DRG6xs  The one day weight is based on the costs of all inliers excluding sameday patients. If the patient is an inlier they attract the full multiday inlier weight. If the patient is a low outlier they attract the low outlier per diem weight.  Designated One day NZ-DRG6xs  The one day weight is based on the costs of patients with a length of stay of one day.  Non-Same/One Day NZ-DRG6xs with a low boundary of 1 day or less  The one day weight is set at the multiday inlier weight.  Non-Same/One Day NZ-DRG6xs with a low boundary of 2 days or more (low outliers)  The one day weight is based on 100% of theatre and prosthesis costs and the average of other costs, divided by the low boundary. |
| Multiday low outlier per diem weight | Lo\_pd | The low outlier multiday per diem weight is used to allocate WIES to low outliers who have a length of stay of at least two days.  Not all NZ-DRG6xs have low outliers. No weight is reported in these cases.  For most NZ-DRG6xs the weight is derived from the average cost of multiday inliers excluding prosthesis and theatre costs, divided by the low boundary.  The WIES value for low outliers is calculated by multiplying the low outlier multiday per diem weight by the patient’s length of stay less one day and then adding the one day weight, i.e.  Low outlier WIES = od + (LOS – 1)\*lo\_pd |
| High outlier per diem | ho\_pd | The high outlier multiday per diem weight is used to allocate additional WIES for all days of stay in excess of the high boundary after adjusting for any MV co-payment days.  The high outlier multiday per diem rate is based on the average cost of inliers excluding all prosthesis and theatre costs according to the formula:-  High factor \* (av inlier cost excl prosthesis and theatre costs) / alos  Where the high factor is set at 0.7 for surgical NZ-DRG6xs, and 0.8 for medical NZ-DRG6xs to recognise the days at the end of a patients stay are less resource intensive than days at the beginning of a patients stay. However, some variations exist on this pattern, and the high factor may be set higher than one for some high cost NZ-DRG6xs. In addition, maximum and minimum criteria are also used. |

### Calculating WIESNZ16

The remainder of this section 4.4 describes, in programming order, the components needed to determine the final cost weight for an event. The final weight consists of a base WIES weight with additional co-payment weights in special circumstances. To calculate the WIES weight allocated to a patient proceed as follows:-

* Calculate the WIES co-payment for MV (mv\_copay) using the precalculated adjusted mechanical ventilation days (adjmvdays) see 4.3 and 4.4.2

(see Box 1);

* Calculate the co-payment for AAA, ASD, EPS, scoliosis, live donor nephrectomy, and endovascular treatment of cerebral aneurysm event records

(see Boxes 1b, 1c, 1d, and 1e);

* Calculate the base WIES allocation using the NZdrg60x DRG and the patient’s length of stay adjusted for mechanical ventilation per diem. This can be done using the appropriate weights from the WIESNZ16 weights table; and
* Add the base WIES payment and co-payments (see Box 3).

The steps are described in detail with technical specifications provided in the following boxes.

### Co-payment for Mechanical Ventilation

Technical specifications for mechanical ventilation co-payments are given in Box 1.

To be eligible for a mechanical ventilation co-payment the patient must have had at least six hours of continuous mechanical ventilation and have been allocated to an NZdrg60x DRG that is eligible for a mechanical ventilation co-payment. NZdrg60x DRGs are classed as either:

* Eligible for daily co-payments of 0.7729 WIES (column mvelig =“D” in the WIESNZ16 weights table);
* Eligible for a co-payment of 3.1323 (column mvelig = “E” in the WIESNZ16 weights table);
* Eligible for daily co-payments at 0.7729 WIES for ventilated days in excess of four days (96 hours) mechanical ventilation (column mvelig = “4” in the WIESNZ16 weights table); or
* Ineligible for co-payments (column mvelig = “I” in the WIESNZ16 weights table).

**Box 1: Calculating Mechanical Ventilation Co-payments**

Select mv\_elig

case “D” then

if (hours on mechanical ventilation is greater than or equal to 6) then

Adjmvday = round ((hours mechanical ventilation +12)/24)

mv\_copay = adjmvday ´ 0.7729

else

adjmvday = 0

mv\_copay = 0

go to box 1b

case “E” then

if (hours on mechanical ventilation is greater than or equal to 6) then

Adjmvday = round ((hours mechanical ventilation +12)/24)

mv\_copay = 3.1323

else

adjmvday = 0

mv\_copay = 0

go to box 1b

case “4” then

if (hours on mechanical ventilation > 96) then

Adjmvday = round ((hours mechanical ventilation +12)/24) – 4

mv\_copay = adjmvday ´ 0.7729

else

adjmvday = 0

mv\_copay = 0

go to box 1b

otherwise do

adjmvday = 0

mv\_copay = 0

go to box 1b

Note that additional WIES payments for high outliers do not start until the LOS exceeds high boundary outlier days (column hb in WIESNZ16 weights table) plus adjusted mechanical ventilation days (“adjmvday” in the technical specifications Box 1).

### Co-payment for AAA and ASD

Technical specifications for abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) and atrial septal defect (ASD) stent co-payments are given in Box 1b in this section. Note that changes to the list of valid agencies will be made by the Cost Weights Group following advice from the providing DHB.

To be eligible for a AAA co-payment of 4.3219 WIES the facility recorded for the event record must be one of the facilities listed and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure code must be 3311600 [762] *Endovascular repair of aneurysm*, and the event must fall into one of the following DRGs F08A *Major Reconstruct Vascular Procedures W/O CPB Pump W Catastrophic CC* or F08B *Major Reconstruct Vascular Procedures W/O CPB Pump W/O Catastrophic CC*.

To be eligible for an ASD co-payment of 1.5493 WIES the facility recorded for the event record must be one of the facilities listed and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be 3874200 [617] *Percutaneous closure of atrial septal defect*, and the event must fall into the DRG F19Z *Trans-Vascular Percutaneous Cardiac Intervention*.

**Box 1b: Calculating AAA and ASD Co-payments**

**When event record falls into DRG F08A or F08B and**

When facility is in (‘3260’,’3214’,’3612’,’3911’,’5311’,’4911’,’5811’,’4011’,’4211’)

and any of the first 30 recorded procedures = ‘3311600’ then aaa\_pay = 4.3219

else aaa\_pay = 0;

**When event record falls into DRG F19Z and**

When facility is in (‘3260’,’5311’,’5811’, ’4011’,’4211’)

and any of the first 30 recorded procedures = ‘3874200’ then asd\_pay = 1.5493

else asd\_pay = 0;

go to box 1c

### Co-payments for Scoliosis Implants and Electrophysiological Studies

**Scoliosis Implants**

This rule applies to all event records and is not associated with any specific DRGs. However, the DRGs the co-payment appears on will generally be confined to a small group. The co-payment value is 5.7751 WIES.

To be eligible for a scoliosis co-payment, the age at admission must be less than 19 years and the DHB funding agency must be:

1022 (Auckland DHB), 3091 (Capital and Coast DHB), or 4160 (Southern DHB) and

EITHER the NZdrg60x must be 'I06Z'

OR the NZdrg60x must be 'I09A' and either one of the first 2 diagnoses is in 'M41', 'Q763', 'Q675', 'M962', 'M963', 'M965' or one of the first 3 procedures is in ‘4031600', '4867800', '4868100', '4868400', '4868700', '4869000' [1390] OR for any other NZdrg60x both the diagnosis and procedure criteria shown above must apply.

**Electrophysiological Studies (EPS)**

A review of the EPS events revealed that most EPS are accompanied by cardiac ablation. Therefore, the EPS co-payment has been revised to include cardiac ablation only events, which will also make it consistent with the procedure coding for 8th Edition.

To be eligible for an EPS co-payment of 2.2266 WIES, the facility recorded for the event record must be one of the facilities listed and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be:

* 3820900 [665] *Cardiac electrophysiological study, < 3 catheters*
* 3821200 [665] *Cardiac electrophysiological study, > 4 catheters*
* 3828702 [601] *Catheter ablation of arrhythmia circuit or focus involving left atrial chamber*
* 3829001 [601] *Catheter ablation of arrhythmia circuit or focus involving both atrial chambers*
* 3828701 [601] *Catheter ablation of arrhythmia circuit or focus, not elsewhere classified*
* 3874801 [616] *Percutaneous transluminal myocardial septal ablation*

**Box 1c: Calculating Scoliosis and EPS Co-payments**

**When age at admission < 19 years and** when DHB funding agency is in (‘1022’,’3091’,’4160’) and event falls into DRG I06Z

OR event falls into DRG I09A and either any of the first 2 recorded diagnoses in (‘M41’,’Q763’,'Q675','M962','M963','M965') or any of the first 3 recorded procedures in ('4031600','4867800','4868100','4868400','4868700','4869000')

OR any of the first 2 recorded diagnoses in (‘M41’,’Q763’,'Q675','M962','M963','M965') and any of the first 3 recorded procedures in ('4031600','4867800','4868100','4868400', '4868700','4869000')

then scol\_pay = 5.7751

else scol\_pay = 0;

When facility is in (‘3260’,’5311’,’5811’,’4011’)

and any of the first 30 recorded procedures is in(‘3820900’, ‘3821200’, ‘3828702’, ‘3829001’, ‘3828701’, ‘3874801’) then eps\_pay = 2.2266

else eps\_pay = 0

go to box 1d

### 

### Co-payment for Live Donor Nephrectomy

To be eligible for a live donor nephrectomy co-payment (LDNB) of 0.7049 the DRG must be L04B *Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Non-Neoplasm with Severe CC* and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be 3651604 [1050] *Laparoscopic complete nephrectomy for transplantation, living* *donor* or 3651605 [1050] *Complete nephrectomy for transplantation, living donor*.

To be eligible for a live donor nephrectomy co-payment (LDNC) of 1.4982 the DRG must be L04C *Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Non-Neoplasm without catastrophic or Severe CC,* and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be 3651604 [1050] *Laparoscopic complete nephrectomy for transplantation, living* *donor* or 3651605 [1050] *Complete nephrectomy for transplantation, living donor*.

**Box 1d: Calculating Live Donor Nephrectomy (LDN) Co-payment**

**When event record falls into L04B** and one of the procedures recorded ‘3651604’ or ‘3651605’ is in the first 30 procedure codes for the event

then ldn\_pay = 0.7049

else ldn\_pay = 0;

**When event record falls into L04C** and one of the procedures recorded ‘3651604’ or ‘3651605’ is in the first 30 procedure codes for the event

then ldn\_pay = 1.4982

else ldn\_pay = 0;

go to box 1e

### Co-payment for Endovascular Treatment of Cerebral Aneurysms (CA)

To be eligible for an endovascular repair co-payment the DRG must be B02A *Cranial Procedures W Catastrophic CC*, B02B *Cranial Procedures W Severe CC* or B02C *Cranial Procedures W/O Catastrophic or Severe CC* and one of the first 30 ACHI 6th Edition procedure codes must be 3980000 [11] *Clipping of cerebral aneurysm* or 9003300 [11] *Endovascular occlusion of cerebral aneurysm or arteriovenous malformation*

Co-payment values are:

* 5.9718 for B02A *Cranial Procedures W Catastrophic CC*
* 3.8572 for B02B *Cranial Procedures W Severe CC*
* 4.1666 for B02C *Cranial Procedures W/O Catastrophic or Severe CC*

**Box 1e: Calculating Cerebral Aneurysm (CA) Co-payment**

**When event record falls into B02A** and one of the procedures recorded ‘3980000’ or ‘9003300 is

in the first 30 procedure codes for the event

then CA\_pay = 5.9718

else CA\_pay = 0;

**When event record falls into B02B** and one of the procedures recorded ‘3980000’ or ‘9003300’ is

in the first 30 procedure codes for the event

then CA\_pay = 3.8572

else CA\_pay = 0;

**When event record falls into B02C** and one of the procedures recorded ‘3980000’ or ‘9003300’ is

in the first 30 procedure codes for the event

then CA\_pay = 4.1666

else CA\_pay = 0;

go to box 2a

### Base WIES

To calculate a patient's base WIES proceed as follows to determine:

* The patient’s NZdrg60x
* The patient’s length of stay (LOS)
* The patient’s length of stay category (LOS\_cat: “S” = sameday, “O” = one day, “M”= multiday)
* The number of mechanical ventilation co-payment days (“adjmvday”)

(see Box 1a)

* The patient’s inlier status (“I” = inlier, “L” = low outlier, “H” = high outlier).

The patient’s length of stay and length of stay category are derived from the admission date, discharge date and leave days. A maximum length of stay of one year (365 days) is used. Technical specifications are given in Box 2a.

**Box 2a: Determining Length of Stay Category and Maximum Length of Stay**

Sameday = 'Y' if admission date = discharge date

else sameday = 'N'

If (sameday = ‘Y’) then

LOS\_cat = “S”

go to step/box 2b

else if (sameday = ‘N’) and (LOS less than or equal to 1) then

LOS\_cat = “O”

go to step/box 2b

else

LOS\_cat = “M“

go to step/box 2b

The patient’s inlier status is determined by comparing the patient’s length of stay with the inlier boundaries for the NZdrg60x to which the patient is allocated. The low inlier (lb) and the high inlier (hb) boundaries are given in the WIESNZ16 weights table.

A patient is classified as an inlier when their length of stay is greater than or equal to the low inlier boundary (lb) and less than or equal to the sum of the high inlier boundary plus any mechanical ventilation co-payment days (hb+adjmvday). Patients with a length of stay less than the low inlier boundary are classified as low outliers.

Patients with a length of stay greater than the sum of the high inlier boundary and mechanical ventilation co-payment days are classified as high outliers. Technical specifications are given in Box 2b below.

**Box 2b: Calculate Inlier Status**

If LOS < lb then

Inlier = “L”

go to box 2c

else if LOS > (hb + adjmvday) then

Inlier = “H”

go to box 2c

else

Inlier = “I”

go to box 2c

Separate columns occur in the WIESNZ16 weights table for episodes that are:

* sameday
* one day
* multiday low outliers
* multiday inliers
* high outliers.

The base WIES score for sameday episodes (inlier and low outlier), one day episodes (inlier and low outliers), and multiday inliers can be read directly from the WIESNZ16 weights table using the appropriate column and row (NZdrg60x).

The base WIES score for multiday low outliers can be calculated by multiplying the patient’s length of stay less one day, by the per diem weight given in the WIESNZ16 weights table and adding the one day inlier weight (from table).

The base WIES score for high outliers is obtained by multiplying the number of high outlier days by the high outlier per diem weight (from table) and adding the multiday inlier weight (from table). Technical details are provided in Box 2c.

**Box 2c: Calculate Base WIES**

Select Inlier

case “L” do “Low Outliers”

select LOS\_cat

case “S” do “Same Day”

base\_WIES = sd

go to box 3

case “O” do “One Day”

base\_WIES = od

go to box 3

case “M” do “Multi day Low Outlier”

base\_WIES = (LOS-1) ´lo\_pd + od

go to box 3

case “I” do “Inlier”

select LOS\_cat

case “S” do “Same Day”

base\_WIES = sd

go to box 3

case “O” do “One Day”

base\_WIES = od

go to box 3

case “M” do “Multi day Inlier”

base\_WIES = md\_in

go to box 3

case “H” do “High Outlier”

high\_days = max (0, LOS - hb - adjmvday)

base\_WIES = Md\_in + high\_days ´ ho\_pd

go to box 3

High outlier days are days stayed in excess of the high outlier boundary plus any mechanical co-payment ventilation days (“adjmvdays” see Boxes 1 and 2b).

### Final WIES Weight

The WIES weight is calculated by adding the base WIES and the co-payment WIES. Details are provided in Box 3.

**Box 3: Calculating WIES Weight**

WIESNZ16 = base\_WIES + mv\_copay + aaa\_pay + asd\_pay + scol\_pay + eps\_pay + ldn\_pay + ca\_pay

This formula applies in all cases, except as follows:

Event records with an excluded purchase unit S40007 will be assigned an NZdrg60x of C03W and cost weight equal to 0.0494.

Event records with an excluded purchase unit of MS02016 will be assigned an NZdrg60x of J11W and cost weight equal to 0.2425.

# Purchase Unit Allocation

The following section describes the derived variables required, the exclusion tests applied and the mappings used to allocate DHB casemix Purchase Units to NMDS event records. Each exclusion test indicates the relevant purchase unit wherever possible.

## Derived Variables Required in Allocation

The following derived variables are required for casemix exclusion testing.

### Patient’s Age

The patient’s age is calculated in integer years as at the date of discharge, unless otherwise specified.

### Length of Stay

(Refer to section 4.1.1) The calculated LOS equals the difference in integer days between the discharge and admission dates, minus any Event Leave Days. Further, this is set to 365 if the LOS is greater than 365 or is set to 1 if the LOS = 0.

## Exclusions from Casemix Purchasing

This section lists the tests that identify whether or not a particular event record will be allocated to an inpatient casemix purchase unit. It should be noted that some event records which are included in the casemix purchase unit allocation methodology will be excluded, by the final rule, from the publicly funded casemix extract used for inter DHB inpatient CWD wash-up. These event records are excluded on the basis of Health Purchaser code and Health Agency code where these are not valid for the inter DHB funding wash-up. Note that from 1 July 2012 Funding Agency was a new field in the NMDS. Where ever the term agency is used in this document it refers to the new funding agency field. The exclusion rules below indicate the Nationwide Service Framework (NSF) equivalent purchase unit for NMDS event records, which will be generated by the Information Group and stored in a separate field. The tests are hierarchical and must be applied in the supplied sequence.

Note that the Information Group SAS methodology uses individual exclusion flag fields to generate an overall exclusion flag {Yes/No} for each event. These individual fields indicate where an event could be excluded for more than one reason.

Hospitals can report up to 99 diagnoses, procedure and external cause codes (E-codes) for each event record. However the grouper software (AR-DRG v6.0x) uses only the first 30 diagnoses and 30 procedure codes (external cause codes are not included in grouper logic). Many of the tests below state how many procedure or diagnoses codes are reviewed to determine if the event record is included or excluded from casemix. Where this is not stated the first 30 diagnosis or 30 procedure codes are reviewed. External cause codes are not included in these totals.

DHBs that are concerned about the sufficiency of 30 diagnosis and 30 procedure codes should ensure their coding is prioritised so that the critical codes are included within the first 30 diagnosis and procedure codes for each event record.

### Base Purchase – Publicly Funded Events (EXCLU)

Only publicly funded event records as indicated by the purchaser code are included for 2016/17. Publicly funded purchaser codes are 34 *MoH funded*, 35 *DHB funded* or 20 *Overseas resident eligible* for DHB funded health care.

Therefore an event record will be excluded if it has a purchaser code which is NOT 20, 34, or 35.

### Publicly Funded Agencies

The agencies listed here have been identified as the providers through which the MoH and DHBs will monitor publicly funded agreements. Only NMDS records with an agency from the following list will be allocated a publicly funded purchase unit. All other event records will be excluded. Inclusion in casemix funding requires a combination of agency code as in the following table and facility code as in 5.2.37.

| **Health (Funding) Agency\* Code** | **Agency Name** |
| --- | --- |
| 1011 | Northland DHB |
| 1021 | Waitemata DHB |
| 1022 | Auckland DHB |
| 1023 | Counties Manukau DHB |
| 1236 | Ministry of Health |
| 2031 | Waikato DHB |
| 2042 | Lakes DHB |
| 2047 | Bay of Plenty DHB |
| 2051 | Tairawhiti DHB |
| 2071 | Taranaki DHB |
| 3061 | Hawke’s Bay DHB |
| 3081 | Mid Central DHB |
| 3082 | Whanganui DHB |
| 3091 | Capital & Coast DHB |
| 3092 | Hutt Valley DHB |
| 3093 | Wairarapa DHB |
| 3101 | Nelson-Marlborough DHB |
| 4111 | West Coast DHB |
| 4121 | Canterbury DHB |
| 4123 | South Canterbury DHB |
| 4131 | Otago DHB |
| 4137 | Otago Dental School |
| 4141 | Southland DHB |
| 4160 | Southern DHB |
| 8559 | Venturo |
| 8630 | Queen Elizabeth Hospital |
| 8656 | Mobile Surgical Bus |

**\***the term ‘Agency’ refers to ‘Funding Agency’

**Retired (Funding) Agency Codes**

These codes have been retired but are noted here for historical reasons.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Health (Funding) Agency Code** | **Agency Name** |
| 0223 | Heart Surgery South Island |
| 2041 | East Bay Health |
| 2043 | Western Bay Health |
| 4122 | Canterbury DHB (Healthlink South) |

### 

### Error DRGs and Unrelated OR DRGs

Event records that group to the three Error AR-DRGs (960Z, 961Z, and 963Z) are excluded from casemix. These event records contain clinically atypical or invalid information and will be assigned to one of the three Error DRGs in AR-DRG6.0x.

These are:

1. 960Z *Ungroupable*
2. 961Z *Unacceptable Principal Diagnosis*
3. 963Z *Neonatal Diagnosis Not Consistent With Age/Weight*

There are three Unrelated OR DRGs that occur because the principal diagnosis does not relate to the principal procedure (801A, 801B and 801C). These DRGs are not excluded from casemix, and are:

1. 801A *OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis With Catastrophic CC*
2. 801B *OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis With Severe or Moderate CC*
3. 801C *OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis Without CC*

### Non-Treated Patients (Boarders – BOARDER or Cancelled Operations – CANC\_OP)

Event records where no treatment is provided are excluded from casemix funding. These include Boarders who may be admitted or admitted patients whose procedure is subsequently cancelled. The current costing process is such that costs for these event records are spread across other casemix-funded event records and so are funded indirectly.

Boarders are tested for by checking that the principal diagnosis code is: (Z763 *Healthy person accompanying sick person* or Z764 *Other boarder in health-care facility*)*.*

Cancelled Operations are tested for by checking that:

The first procedure code is blank

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

Length of stay is less than 2 days

AND

That one or more of the first six diagnosis codes contain the ICD-10-AM 6th Edition code for *Persons encountering health services for specific procedures, not carried out*, i.e. one (or more) of the diagnosis 1-6 is in the range Z530 – Z539:

Z530 *Procedure not carried out because of contraindication*

Z531 *Procedure not carried out because of patient’s decision for reasons of belief or group pressure*

Z532 *Procedure not carried out because of patient’s decision for other and unspecified reasons*

Z538 *Procedure not carried out for other reasons*

Z539 *Procedure not carried out, unspecified reason.*

### Mental Health (EXCLU)

Event records that have a Mental Health Speciality Code are excluded and in future versions will be allocated a purchase unit in the MHIS series. These services have a Health Speciality Code commencing with “Y”, and are purchased under other funding arrangements.

### Non-Weight Bearing and Other Related Convalescence (MS02023)

Event records that have a Health Speciality Code (HSC) of D55 Non-weight bearing and other related convalescence are excluded from casemix funding and are allocated the excluded purchase unit code MS02023 Non-Weight Bearing Convalescence Programme.

If HSC = D55 and patient’s age < 65 years then PU = MS02023

If HSC = D55 and patient’s age >= 65 years then PU = MS02023

Health speciality code D55 is a convalescence service provided by step down facilities such as aged care facilities, private hospitals and rural hospitals. This service is provided to patients after a medical/surgical inpatient episode of care and before the client is able to receive a full rehabilitation service or safely return home.

Hospital facilities supply data to NMDS, but resthome facilities do not. If, and only if, data is already supplied to NMDS, the HSC D55 is used to ensure this phase of their care is not allocated incorrectly to either a casemix or an active rehabilitation purchase unit. The unit of measure is bed days.

It is recommended that DHBs don't use this HSC D55 unless they have payment and contract arrangements in place.

### Disability and Health of Older People

Event records that have a Disability Health Speciality Code are excluded from casemix funding. These services have a Health Speciality Code commencing with “D”, and are purchased under other funding arrangements. Health Specialties in the range:

(a) D00-D03 are allocated to HOP214 Age Related AT&R

(b) D04 – is allocated to HOP1013 Carer Support Respite Day

(c) D20-D24 are allocated to HOP235 Psychogeriatric AT&R

(d) D40-D44 are allocated to DSS214 Young Physically Disabled AT&R.

Other Disability Health Specialty codes relate to residential care, including short term respite care, and are purchased under a variety of non-casemix arrangements.

The following mappings have been allocated for the non-casemix purchase unit field in 2016/17 but the mapping is indicative only and DHBs may map event records to other codes using more detail. Care should be taken when using this mapping.

(e) D10-D11 – HOP1006 Aged Residential Care – Hospital

(f) D12 – HOP1044 Aged Residential Respite – Hospital level

(g) D13 – HOP1033 Aged Residential Care – Rest Home

(h) D14 – HOP1043 Aged Residential Respite – Rest Home level

(i) D30-D31 – HOP1035 Aged Residential Care – Specialist

(j) D32 – HOP1046 Aged Residential Respite – Psychogeriatric level

(k) D33 – HOP1032 Aged Residential Care – Secure Dementia

(l) D34 – HOP1045 Aged Residential Respite – Dementia level

All other event records with a Health Specialty Code commencing with D are excluded.

### Maternity Secondary and Tertiary Facility Table

The following table is sourced from the table of Maternity facilities contained in the document Maternity Services: A Reference Document, HFA, 2000 – Appendix 9[[3]](#footnote-3).

Only the designated secondary and tertiary maternity facilities have been listed, as the intent of that maternity project group was that a casemix purchase framework should only apply for service provided in these facilities.

| **Document Facility Name** | **NMDS Facility Name** | **NMDS Facility Code** | **Secondary** | **Tertiary** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Whangarei | Whangarei Hospital | 4111 | ✓ |  |
| Northshore | Northshore | 3215 | ✓ |  |
| Waitakere | Waitakere | 3216 | ✓ |  |
| National Women’s | National Women’s | 3213 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Middlemore | Middlemore | 3214 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Auckland City | Auckland City | 3260 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Waikato Hospital | Waikato | 5311 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Rotorua | Rotorua | 5312 | ✓ |  |
| Tauranga | Tauranga | 4911 | ✓ |  |
| Whakatane | Whakatane | 3311 | ✓ |  |
| Gisborne | Gisborne | 3411 | ✓ |  |
| New Plymouth | Taranaki Base | 4711 | ✓ |  |
| Wanganui | Wanganui | 5711 | ✓ |  |
| Hastings | Hastings Memorial | 3612 | ✓ |  |
| Masterton | Masterton | 5511 | ✓ |  |
| Palmerston North | Palmerston North | 4311 | ✓ |  |
| Wellington | Wellington | 5811 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Hutt | Hutt | 5812 | ✓ |  |
| Blenheim (Wairau) | Wairau | 3811 | ✓ |  |
| Nelson | Nelson | 3911 | ✓ |  |
| Christchurch Women’s | Christchurch Women’s | 4014 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Christchurch Hospital | Christchurch Hospital | 4011 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Greymouth | Grey Base Hospital | 5911 | ✓ |  |
| Timaru | Timaru | 4411 | ✓ |  |
| Dunedin | Dunedin | 4211 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Invercargill | Southland | 4511 | ✓ |  |

### 

### Secondary Tertiary Maternity, Primary Maternity, and Well Newborn

Maternity event records where the first character of the Health Speciality Code (HSC) is ‘P’ and the facility is NOT listed in table 5.2.8 are referred to as ‘Primary Maternity’ events; these are excluded from casemix funding; see also 5.2.17 where the XPU for primary maternity labour, delivery and post-natal stay events are identified.

Secondary or tertiary maternity event records are those where the first character of the Health Specialty Code is ‘P’ and the facility is listed in the secondary/tertiary maternity facility table in section 5.2.8.

In these facilities, well newborn babies, as opposed to ‘neonates’, will be covered by maternity inpatient casemix. In general, we expect well newborns to fall into AR-DRG P67D *Neonate, AdmWt >2499g W/O Significant OR Procedure W/O Problem* and be counted under the maternity inpatient casemix purchase unit W10.01.

The rules in section 5.2.10 to 5.2.15 all relate to secondary and tertiary maternity facilities only.

### Postnatal Early Intervention (W03012)

Event records that have the Postnatal Early Intervention Health Speciality Code (P50), and the episode of care occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, are excluded.

### Neonatal Inpatient Casemix (W06.03)

This test takes the form of an inclusion rule, as this is easier to specify than the converse exclusion rule. To be potentially included in neonatal casemix volumes an event record must occur in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, have a Paediatric Neonatal and Maternity Services Health Speciality Code, and must meet one of three tests (originally agreed by the 98/99 joint HFA/HHS Maternity and Neonates project) which attempt to distinguish between well newborns and those who require additional health services:

The Health Speciality Code is in the Paediatric Neonatal and Maternity Services range (P41, P42, P43, P60, P61, P70, P71[[4]](#footnote-4))

AND

{The Health Speciality Code is in the range (P41, P42, P43)

OR

(The AR-DRG is in the range (P02Z, P03Z, P04Z, P05Z, P06A, P06B, P61Z, P62Z, P63Z, P64Z, P65A, P65B, P65C, P65D, P66A, P66B, P66C, P67A, P67B)

OR

(The AR-DRG is in the range (P01Z, P60A, P60B, P66D, P67C, P67D)

AND

(The third diagnosis is NOT blank OR the first procedure is NOT blank))}.

### Amniocentesis (W03005)

For event records where the Health Speciality Code starts with a P and are not P50 and the episode of care occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, and is not neonatal (5.2.11), sameday amniocentesis event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The first procedure code is in the range: (1660000 *Diagnostic amniocentesis*, 1661800 *Therapeutic amniocentesis*, 1662100 *Amnio-infusion* [1330]).

### Chorionic Villus Sampling (W03006)

For event records where the Health Speciality Code starts with a P and are not P50 and the episode of care occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, and is not neonatal (5.2.11), sameday chorionic villus sampling events are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The first procedure code is 1660300 [1330] *Chorionic villus sampling*.

### Rhesus Isoimmunisation and Other Isoimmunisation (W03007)

For event records where the Health Speciality Code starts with P and are not P50 and the episode of care occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, and is not neonatal (5.2.11), sameday rhesus isoimmunisation events are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The principal diagnosis code is in the range: (O360 *Maternal care for rhesus isoimmunisation*, O361 *Maternal care for other isoimmunisation*).

### Lactation Disorders Associated with Childbirth (W03010)

For event records where the Health Speciality Code starts with P and are not P50 and the event occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, and is not neonatal (5.2.11), sameday lactation events are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The principal diagnosis code is in the range: (O9230, O9231, O9240, O9241, O9250, O9251, O9260, O9261, O9270, O9271).

### Maternity Casemix (W10.01)

All other event records where the Health Speciality Code starts with P and are not P50 and the event occurs in a facility listed in table 5.2.8, and are not neonatal (5.2.11), are allocated to W10.01 Maternity Casemix.

### Primary Maternity (W02020)

All primary maternity event records are excluded from casemix 0. Primary maternity event records where the first character of the Health Specialty Code is P, and the facility is not listed in the secondary/tertiary facility table in 5.2.8, and the DRG has either a first character of P or has the first three characters in the following DRG groups; O01, O02, O04, O60, O61, O64 or O66 are assigned an XPU and Relative Value Unit (RVU).

These primary maternity event records are all allocated to the non-casemix purchase unit W02020 *Inpatient maternity care in a primary maternity facility.*

Primary maternity event records excluded and assigned XPU W02020 will then go through a decision process to calculate a Relative Value Unit (RVU) needed for the calculation of their funding.

The following flow diagram 5.2.18 outlines the decision process for the calculation of RVUs and is based on the following selection and decision criteria.

**Initial Filter**

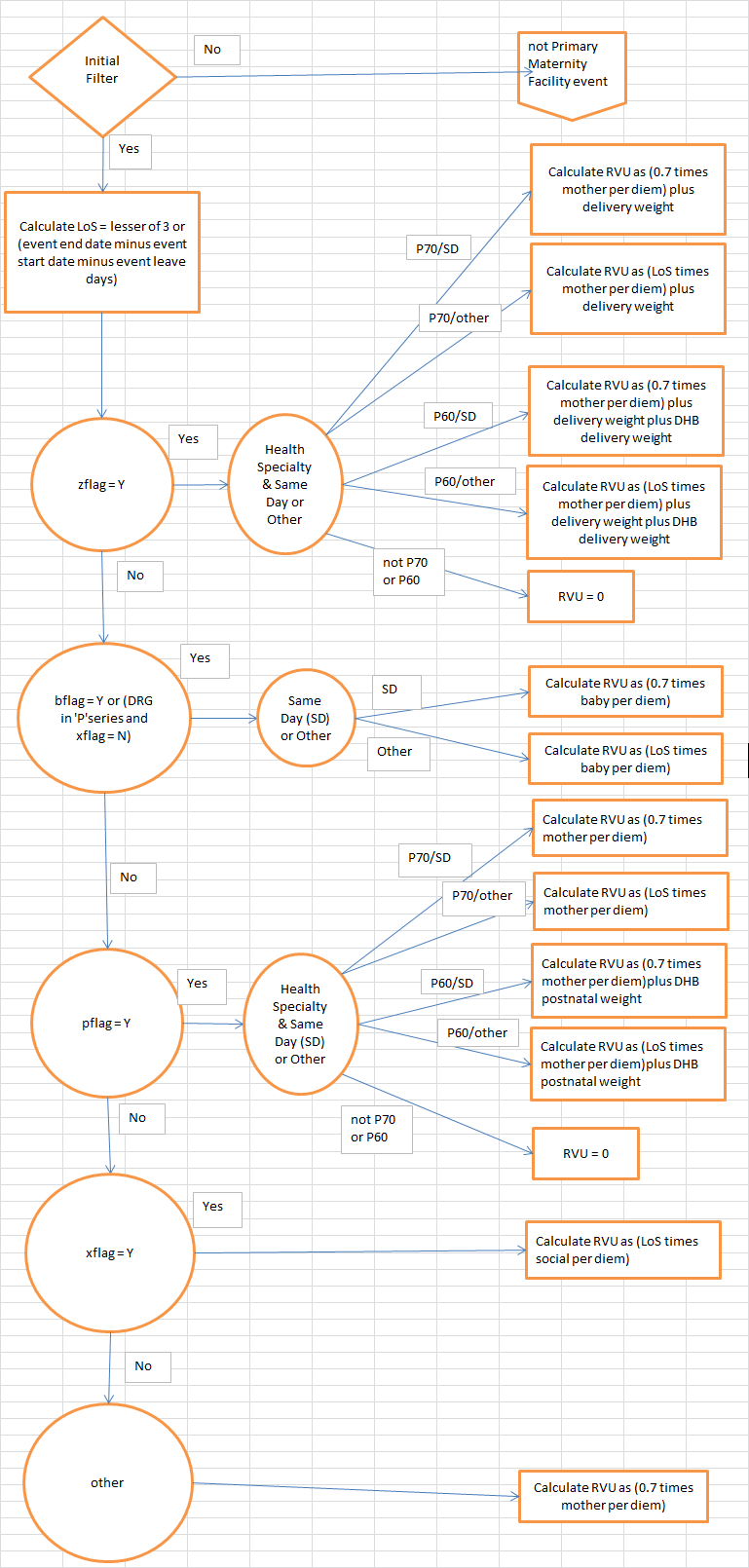
The events to which the flags below are applied are those that meet the definition of primary maternity events as in 5.2.9 and 5.2.17: the DRG has either a first character of P or has the first three characters in the following DRG groups; O01, O02, O04, O60, O61, O64 or O66.

**Flags**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Flag** | **Description** | **Rule** | **Output** |
| zflag | Identifies delivery on mother's record | Z37 in first three characters of any diagnosis code | Y |
| bflag | Identifies birth on the baby's record | Z38 in first three characters of any diagnosis code and zflag not = Y | Y |
| oflag | Identifies complications of delivery | O47 or O60-O75 in first three characters of any diagnosis code | Y |
| pflag | Identifies postnatal care on mother's record | Z39 in first three characters of any diagnosis code | Y |
| xflag | Identifies admissions for social factors on the baby’s record | bflag = N and XPU start with W02 and DOB <365 days and diag01 = Z762 | Y |

Refer to Appendix 4 for the Primary Maternity RVUs

### Relative Value Unit (RVU) Flow Diagram for Primary Maternity



### Transplants (T0103, T0106, T0111, T0113)

Some organ transplants are not purchased via casemix, namely liver, heart and lung transplants. In what follows, age means age at admission.

The AR-DRGs A01Z *Liver Transplant*, A03Z *Lung or Heart/Lung Transplant*, and A05Z *Heart Transplant* are excluded from casemix funding and non-casemix purchase units allocated as follows:

* A01Z at Starship (facility code 3260 and patient’s age <16) has Excluded Purchase Unit (XPU) T0113 *Liver Transplant Children*
* A01Z not at Starship (facility code not 3260 OR patient’s age >15) has XPU T0111 *Liver Transplant Adult*
* A05Z has XPU T0103 *Heart Transplant*
* A03Z has XPU T0106 *Lung Transplant*.

Note that simultaneous pancreas and kidney transplants are included in casemix funding, and are identified as those cases assigned to AR-DRG A09A *Renal Transplant With Pancreas Transplant or With Catastrophic CC* where the event includes a procedure code of 9032400 [981] *Transplantation of pancreas*.

### Spinal Injuries (S50001, S50002)

Some Spinal Services are excluded as they are not purchased via casemix. Excluded Spinal Services are those with the Health Speciality Code S50 *Spinal Surgery*. Event records where the admission type is WN (Waiting List) map to S50002 *Spinal Services non-acute*, and all other admission types map to S50001 *Spinal Services acute cases*.

### Surgical Termination of Pregnancy – 2nd Trimester (S30009) – 14 to 25 completed weeks

Non-acute Surgical Termination of Pregnancy (ToP) event records are excluded.

These are tested for by checking that:

The AR-DRG is equal to O05Z *Abortion W OR Procedure*

AND

The event is not acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The first procedure code is in the range:

3564000, 3564001, 3564003, 3564303 [1265]

AND

The principal diagnosis is in the range (O040-O049 {O04[[5]](#footnote-5)\*}) AND **any one** of the other diagnosis codes is in the set {O092, O093}.

### Surgical Termination of Pregnancy – 1st Trimester (S30006) – 1 to 13 completed weeks

Non-acute Surgical Termination of Pregnancy (ToP) event records are excluded.

These are tested for by checking that:

The AR-DRG is equal to O05Z *Abortion W OR Procedure*

AND

The event is not acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The first procedure code is in the range:

3564000, 3564001, 3564003, 3564303 [1265]

AND

The principal diagnosis is in the range (O040-O049 {O04[[6]](#footnote-6)\*}) AND **none** of the other diagnosis codes is in the set {O092, O093}.

### Medical Termination of Pregnancy (S30010)

Non-acute Medical Termination of Pregnancy (ToP) events are excluded.

These are tested for by checking that:

The AR-DRG is equal to O63Z Abortion W/O OR Procedure

AND

The event is not acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The principal diagnosis is O049 *Medical abortion complete or unspecified without complication*

AND

Any one of the other diagnosis codes is O090, O091, O099 (duration of pregnancy)

AND

The first procedure code is in the range:

9046200 [1330] *Insertion of prostaglandin suppository for induction of abortion* OR

9620309 [1920] *Oral administration of pharmacological agent* OR blank

AND

The second procedure is blank

### Peritoneal Dialysis (M60005)

AR-DRG L68Z *Peritoneal Dialysis* (principal diagnosis of Z492 *Other dialysis*) is excluded from casemix purchasing. Peritoneal dialysis event records are matched to the PU M60005 *Renal Medicine – CAPD Training* because generally patients are admitted for training/education purposes only.

### Renal Haemodialysis (M60008)

AR-DRG L61Z *Haemodialysis* (principal diagnosis of Z491 *Extracorporeal dialysis*)is excluded from casemix purchasing.

### Same Day Pharmacotherapy for Treatment of Neoplasm (MS02009, M30020, M54004)

Sameday event records for Pharmacotherapy for treatment of neoplasm are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These are tested for by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The principal diagnosis is Z511 *Pharmacotherapy session for neoplasm*

The non-casemix purchase unit is allocated from Health Specialty Codes as follows:

* M30 Haematology = M30020 *Chemotherapy Haematology (non-paediatric*)
* M34 or M54 Paediatric = M54004 *Chemotherapy Specialist Paediatric Oncology*
* All other specialties = MS02009 *Chemotherapy any Health Specialty*.

### Same Day Radiotherapy (M50024, M50025)

Sameday event records for radiotherapy are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These are tested by checking that:

The admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The principal diagnosis is Z510 *Radiotherapy session*

AND

There are no procedure codes from the following: 1530400, 1531200, 1532000 [1790], 9076401 [1791], 1532706, 1532707 [1792].

The XPU is determined as follows:

* If the event record has a procedure code in the list (1522400, 1523900, 1525400, 1526900 [1788], 1560000, 1560001, 1560002, 1560003, 1560004 [1789]) the XPU is M50025 *Oncology-Radiotherapy, External Beam Megavoltage (linac)*
* Else the event is assigned XPU M50024 *Oncology-Radiotherapy, External Beam Orthovoltage.*

### Note on Anaesthesia Coding

Anaesthesia coding in ACHI 6th Edition includes a large number of procedure codes that are in the block [1910] *Cerebral anaesthesia*. The following codes are either included in or referred to in each of the exclusions 5.2.29 to 5.2.31, 5.2.34, 5.2.35, 5.2.38 and 5.2.39. We will refer to these as *block [1910] codes*. Block [1910] includes general anaesthesia and sedation.

General anaesthesia codes:

9251410, 9251419, 9251420, 9251429, 9251430, 9251439, 9251440, 9251449, 9251450, 9251459, 9251469, 9251490, 9251499.

Sedation codes:

9251510, 9251519, 9251520, 9251529, 9251530, 9251539, 9251540, 9251549, 9251550, 9251559, 9251569, 9251590, 9251599, all [1910].

Where reference is made to anaesthesia codes not from block [1910] this refers to anaesthesia codes from block [1909] *Conduction anaesthesia* where the first five digits come from the set:

* 92508 *Neuraxial block*
* 92509 *Regional block, nerve of head or neck*
* 92510 *Regional block, nerve of trunk*
* 92511 *Regional block, nerve of upper limb*
* 92512 *Regional block, nerve of lower limb*
* 92519 *Intravenous regional anaesthesia*

Note:

Anaesthesia code 92513-XX *Infiltration of local anaesthesia* from block [1909] has been omitted from the list above as there is no requirement to code local anaesthesia (LA).

Analgesia/anaesthesia codes from block [1333] *Analgesia and anaesthesia during labour and delivery procedure* only relate to the context of labour and delivery and, therefore, are also excluded.

### Lithotripsy (S70006)

Some sameday Lithotripsy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

That the first procedure code is in the range:

(9095600, 9095700 [962], 3654600 [1126], 9219900 [1880])

AND

That the second procedure code is in the range:

(9095600, 9095700 [962], 3654600 [1126], 9219900 [1880], block [1910] codes, blank)

AND

That the third procedure code is in the range:

(9095600, 9095700 [962], 3654600 [1126], 9219900 [1880], block [1910] codes, blank).

### Colposcopies (NCSP-10, NCSP-20)[[7]](#footnote-7)

Some sameday Colposcopy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing and allocated to NCSP-10 *Colposcopy assessments* or NCSP-20 *Colposcopy directed treatment*.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

The patient’s age is greater than 15 years old

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

That the first procedure code is in the range:

(3562000 [1264], 3553902, 3560800, 3560801, 3564600, 3564700 [1275], 3560802, 3561100, 3561800, 3561801 [1276], 3561803 [1278], 3553904, 3561400 [1279], 3553903 [1282], 3561500 [1291])

AND

That the second procedure code is in the range:

(3562000 [1264], 3553902, 3560800, 3560801, 3564600, 3564700 [1275], 3560802, 3561100, 3561800, 3561801 [1276], 3561803 [1278], 3553904, 3561400 [1279], 3553903 [1282], 3561500 [1291], block [1910] codes, blank)

AND

That the third procedure code is in the range: (block [1910] codes, blank).

Rules for allocating the non casemix purchase unit are as advised by the National Screening Unit (NSU). The non casemix purchase unit is allocated using the following rules in the stated order:

If any one of the procedure codes is in the range:

(3561800, 3561801 [1276], 3553902, 3560800, 3560801, 3564600, 3564700 [1275] and 3561100 [1276], assign to NCSP-20.

The remaining event records are assigned to NCSP-10.

### Cystoscopies (MS02004)

Some sameday Cystoscopy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The patient’s age is greater than 15 years old

AND

That the first procedure code is either any code from 3686000, 3686001, 3680300 [1065], 3681800, 3681801, 3682400, 3682401 [1066], 3682101, 3682103, 3683301 [1067], 3680302, 3680602, 3685700 [1068], or is in the range:

(3680601 [1074], 3680301 [1086], 3681200, 3681201 [1089], 3684001, 3684502, 3684503 [1096], 3684000, 3684500, 3684501 [1097], 3683600 [1098], 3684002, 3684504, 3684505 [1100], 3682700 [1108], 3731500 [1112], 3681501, 3731801 [1116])

AND

That the second procedure code is either any code from 3686000, 3686001, 3680300 [1065], 3681800, 3681801, 3682400, 3682401 [1066], 3682101, 3682103, 3683301 [1067], 3680302, 3680602, 3685700 [1068], or is in the range:

(3680601 [1074], 3680301 [1086], 3681200, 3681201 [1089], 3684001, 3684502, 3684503, [1096], 3684000, 3684500, 3684501 [1097], 3683600 [1098], 3684002, 3684504, 3684505 [1100], 3682700 [1108], 3731500 [1112], 3681501, 3731801 [1116], block [1910] codes, blank)

AND

That the third procedure code is in the range: (block [1910] codes, blank).

**Note:**

ACHI 6th Edition procedure code 3680601 [1074] *Endoscopic diathermy of ureter* was deleted and a new code created in 8th Edition, this is 3680901 [1074] *Endoscopic destruction of ureteric lesion.* This new 8th Edition procedure code also includes the 6th Edition procedure 3680900 [1074] *Endoscopic fragmentation of ureteric calculus*, which was deleted in 8th Edition.

The 8th Edition code 3680901 [1074] *Endoscopic destruction of ureteric lesion* back-maps to the 6th Edition code 9035800 [1088] *Other procedures on ureter* which is not listed above. This means additional event records will be taken out of casemix. Analysis for WIESNZ14 indicated there were relatively small numbers which were evenly distributed across all DHBs. Therefore it was decided no changes would be made.

### Hysteroscopy (S30012)

Some sameday Hysteroscopy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute/arranged (i.e. Admission Type not “AC” or “AA”)

AND

The patient’s age is greater than 15 years old

AND

There are at most three non-blank procedures codes

AND

Any of the first three recorded procedures is 3563000 [1259] *Diagnostic hysteroscopy*

AND

Neither of the other two possible procedure codes are from block [1910] or [1909]

### Gastroenterology Procedure Codes used to Identify Excluded Events

The purpose of the next two clauses is to describe the exclusion rules for the three types of general gastroenterology ‘scope’ procedures known collectively as ERCP, Colonoscopy, and Gastroscopy. The structure below is the same as the WIESNZ14 Casemix Framework Document. It restricts the number of procedure codes present to at most three, and is applied in a way that is independent of the order in which procedures are coded.

Collectively, we define the **ERCP block of procedure codes** to include ERCP (*Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiopancreatography*), ERC (*Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiography*), and ERP (*Endoscopic Retrograde Pancreatography*). The procedure codes are:

3044200, 3048400, 3048401 [957], 3045201, 3049100 [958], 3045202 [959], 3045101, 3045102, 3045103 [960], 3048500, 3048501 [963], 3045200, 3049400 [971], 3048402 [974], 3049102, 3049103, 3049104 [975]

and is referred to as the *ERCP block*.

Similarly the **Colonoscopy block of procedure codes** are:

3207500 [904], 3208400, 3209000, 3208402, 3209002 [905], 9029500, 9029501, 9029502 [906], 9030800 [908], 3207501, 3207800, 3208100 [910], 3208401, 3208700, 3209001, 3209300 [911], 3209400 [917], 9031200, 9031201 [931], 3209900, 3210500, 3210800, 9034100, 3210300 [933]

and is referred to as the *Colon block*.

The **Gastroscopy block of procedure codes** are:

3047303, 4181600 [850], 3047600, 3047601, 3047806, 3047809 [851], 3047810, 4182500 [852], 3047602, 3047811, 3047812, 3047900 [856], 3047304, 3047813, 4182200, 9029700 [861], 3047807 [870], 3047603 [874], 9029701 [880], 3047500, 3047501 [882], 3209500 [891], 1182000, 3047300, 3047305, 3047307, 3047308 [1005], 3047801, 3047802, 3047803, 3047815, 3047816, 3047817 [1007], 3047301, 3047306, 3047804, 3047818 [1008])

and is referred to as the *Gastro block*.

These code blocks are used to identify the Excluded Purchase Unit (XPU) that will be assigned to a casemix-excluded event record. To state the rule for excluding these procedures in a way that is independent of the coding order requires the aggregated gastroenterology code block which concatenates the ERCP, Colon and Gastro code blocks as defined above.

The **Aggregated Gastroenterology Code Block** is:

Oesophagus: 3047303, 4181600 [850], 3047600, 3047601, 3047806, 3047809 [851], 3047810, 4182500 [852], 3047602, 3047811, 3047812, 3047900 [856], 3047304, 3047813, 4182200, 9029700 [861]

Stomach: 3047807 [870], 3047603 [874], 9029701 [880], 3047500, 3047501 [882]

Small Intestine: 3209500 [891]

Large Intestine: 3207500 [904], 3208400, 3209000, 3208402, 3209002 [905], 9029500, 9029501, 9029502 [906], 9030800 [908], 3207501, 3207800, 3208100 [910], 3208401, 3208700, 3209001, 3209300 [911], 3209400 [917]

Rectum and Anus: 9031200, 9031201 [931], 3209900, 3210500, 3210800, 9034100 3210300 [933]

Gallbladder and Biliary Tract: 3044200, 3048400, 3048401 [957], 3045201, 3049100, [958], 3045202 [959], 3045101, 3045102, 3045103 [960], 3048500, 3048501 [963], 3045200, 3049400 [971]

Pancreas: 3048402 [974], 3049102, 3049103, 3049104 [975]

Other Sites of Digestive System: 1182000, 3047300, 3047305, 3047307, 3047308 [1005], 3047801, 3047802, 3047803, 3047815, 3047816, 3047817 [1007], 3047301, 3047306, 3047804, 3047818 [1008].

For ease of reference in the next sections we shall refer to this as the *Agg\_Gastro block.*

### Exclusion Rules for Some Gastroenterology procedures (MS02006, M25008, MS02014, MS02007, MS02005)

Some sameday ERCP, Colonoscopy and Gastroscopy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The patient’s age is greater than 15 years old

AND

There are at most three non-blank procedure codes

AND

At least one of the first three procedure codes is from the *Agg\_Gastro block*

AND

That the first procedure code is in the range: (*Agg\_Gastro block*, block [1910] codes)

AND

That the second procedure code is in the range: (*Agg\_Gastro block*, block [1910] codes, blank)

AND

That the third procedure code is in the range: (*Agg\_Gastro block*, block [1910] codes, blank).

Event records excluded from casemix funding by this rule are assigned an XPU in the following order:

* If procedure code 1182000 [1005] *Panendoscopy via camera capsule* is in one of the first three procedure codes, then the XPU is M25008 *Capsule Endoscopy*; else
* If a procedure code from the *ERCP block* is in one of the first three procedure codes, then the XPU is MS02006 *ERCP*; else
* If there is at least one code from each of the *Colon block* and the *Gastro block* among the first three procedure codes then the XPU is MS02014 *Colonoscopy/Gastroscopy* for Combined Colonoscopy-Gastroscopy; else
* If the only *Agg\_Gastro block* procedure code(s) in the first three procedure codes is/are from the *Colon block* then the XPU is MS02007 *Colonoscopy*; else
* If the only *Agg\_Gastro block* procedure code(s) in the first three procedure codes is/are from the *Gastro block* then the XPU is MS02005 *Gastroscopy*.

### Bronchoscopies (MS02003)

Some sameday Bronchoscopy event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The patient’s age is greater than 15 years old

AND

That the first procedure code is in the range: (4176403, 4184900, 4185500 [520], 4176404 [532], 4188900, 4188901, 4189800 [543], 4189200, 4189500, 4189801 [544])

AND

That the second procedure code is in the range:

(4176403, 4184900, 4185500 [520], 4176404 [532], 4188900, 4188901, 4189800 [543], 4189200, 4189500, 4189801 [544], block [1910] codes, blank)

AND

That the third procedure code is in the range: (block [1910] codes, blank).

### Same Day Blood Transfusions (MS02001, M50009)

Some sameday Blood Transfusion event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The first procedure code is in the range: (1370601, 1370602, 1370603, 9206000 [1893])

AND

The second procedure code is in the range: (1370601, 1370602, 1370603, 9206000 [1893], blank)

AND

The third procedure is blank.

If HSC = M50 then PU = M50009 *Oncology*

Else for any other HSC then PU = MS02001 *Blood Transfusions – Any Health Specialty*

### Designated Hospital for Casemix Revenue[[8]](#footnote-8)

A range of facilities, listed here, has been identified as valid to provide services at the level required for casemix-funded event records. All other facilities historically designated as ‘rural’ or ‘private’, are excluded.

Note that with DHB sub-contracting the list of included facilities may require updating periodically.

Only NMDS event records with a facility from the following list in combination with an agency from the table in section 5.2.2 will be allocated a casemix-funded purchase unit. If an event record includes a facility code which is not listed below it will be excluded from casemix but may be included in non-casemix purchase unit allocation.

Should new facility codes be approved to be added to the WIES facilities eligible list during 2016/17 then they will be documented in this section and at the start of this document.

DHBs are reminded that event records loaded into the NMDS against facilities that occur prior to their eligibility will be excluded from casemix and may need to be re-submitted for them to be included.

| **Facility Code** | **Facility Name** |
| --- | --- |
| 0314 | Primecare Eye Centre |
| 3111 | Ashburton |
| 3214 | Middlemore |
| 3215 | Northshore |
| 3216 | Waitakere |
| 3250 | Manukau Super Clinic |
| 3260 | Auckland City Hospital |
| 3262 | Elective Surgery Centre |
| 3311 | Whakatane |
| 3411 | Gisborne |
| 3611 | Napier |
| 3612 | Hastings Memorial |
| 3811 | Wairau |
| 3911 | Nelson |
| 4011 | Christchurch |
| 4013 | Burwood |
| 4014 | Christchurch Womens |
| 4111 | Whangarei Area Hospital |
| 4112 | Kaitaia |
| 4113 | Dargaville |
| 4114 | Bay of Islands |
| 4211 | Dunedin |
| 4311 | Palmerston North |
| 4313 | Horowhenua |
| 4411 | Timaru |
| 4511 | Southland |
| 4711 | Taranaki Base |
| 4712 | Hawera |
| 4811 | Taumarunui |
| 4911 | Tauranga |
| 5011 | Thames |
| 5311 | Waikato |
| 5312 | Rotorua |
| 5313 | Te Kuiti |
| 5323 | Tokoroa |
| 5329 | Taupo General |
| 5511 | Wairarapa – previously Masterton |
| 5711 | Wanganui |
| 5811 | Wellington |
| 5812 | Hutt |
| 5816 | Kenepuru |
| 5911 | Grey Base Hospital |
| 8024 | Quay Park Surgical Centre Auckland |
| 8206 | Southern Cross North Harbour |
| 8218 | Southern Cross Brightside |
| 8233 | Mercy Auckland |
| 8255 | Gillies Hospital (was Southern Cross Auckland) |
| 8268 | Anglesea Braemar Hospital |
| 8270 | Southern Cross Hamilton |
| 8280 | Grace Hospital (was Norfolk Southern Cross) |
| 8281 | Southern Cross Rotorua |
| 8284 | Chelsea Hospital Gisborne |
| 8292 | Royston |
| 8297 | Southern Cross New Plymouth |
| 8313 | Aorangi (was Mercy) |
| 8314 | Southern Cross Palmerston North |
| 8331 | Bowen |
| 8351 | Manuka Street Trust Hospital Nelson |
| 8366 | St Georges |
| 8377 | Southern Cross Trust Christchurch |
| 8383 | Bidwell Trust |
| 8394 | Mercy Hospital Dunedin |
| 8405 | Southern Cross Invercargill |
| 8420 | Southern Cross Tauranga |
| 8432 | Wakefield |
| 8459 | Auckland Surgical Centre |
| 8462 | Boulcott Clinic |
| 8471 | Southern Cross Wellington |
| 8473 | Braemar Hospital |
| 8477 | Lakes Care Surgical Hospital |
| 8482 | Royal Navy Hospital |
| 8487 | Churchill Trust |
| 8495 | Eye Institute |
| 8499 | Auckland Eye Hospital |
| 8507 | Manor Park Hospital |
| 8549 | Endoscopy Auckland |
| 8579 | Park St Eye Clinic |
| 8580 | Oxford Day Clinic |
| 8595 | Ascot Hospital |
| 8630 | Queen Elizabeth Hospital Rotorua |
| 8644 | Kensington Hospital |
| 8656 | Mobile Surgical Bus |
| 8714 | Thorndon Eye Clinic |
| 8715 | Wellington Eye Clinic |
| 8716 | The Rutherford Clinic |
| 8718 | Anglesea Procedure Centre |
| 8719 | Harley Chambers |
| 8720 | Southern Eye Specialists |
| 8721 | Dr Ian Dallison’s Rooms |
| 8722 | Auckland City Surgical Services |
| 8757 | The Mater Hospital Sydney |
| 8774 | Skin Institute Parnell |
| 8784 | Scott Clinic |
| 8785 | Ormiston Hospital |
| 8791 | Queen Elizabeth Hospital Southern Cross |
| 8792 | Urology 161 |
| 8805 | Cardinal Point Specialist Centre |
| 8861 | Otago Dental School |
| 8867 | St Georges Radiology |
| 8912 | Bridgewater Day Surgery |
| 8915 | Retina Specialists |
| 8916 | Milford Eye Clinic |
| 8920 | Surgery on Shakespeare |
| 8921 | Mercy Endoscopy |
| 8924 | Oncology Surgery |
| 8929 | Grace Southern Cross Hospital Tauranga |
| 8971 | Eye Specialist Ltd Whangarei |
| 8976 | Southern Endoscopy Centre |
| 8977 | St Marks Road Surgical Centre |
| 8979 | Rotorua Eye Clinic |
| 9136 | Mater Misericordiae Health Services Brisbane |

**Retired Facility Codes**

These facility codes have been retired but are noted here for historical reasons.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Facility Code** | **Facility Name** |
| 3211 | Auckland |
| 3212 | Greenlane |
| 3213 | National Women’s |
| 3239 | Starship Hospital |
| 4212 | Wakari |
| 5814 | Porirua |
| 5818 | Paraparaumu |
| 5819 | Puketiro |
| 5820 | TeWhare O Rangituhi |
| 8303 | Belverdale Hospital |
| 8422 | Our Lady’s Home of Compassion |
| 8611 | Northern Surgical Centre |

### 

### DRG Mapping and Exclusion of Ophthalmology Injections (S40007)

This rule is for injections of a therapeutic agent (eg, Avastin) into the posterior chamber of eye. These event records will be assigned to a NZDRG with its own cost weight reflecting the outpatient price.

Sameday Ophthalmology Injection event records are excluded from casemix purchasing.

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

The event falls into DRG C03Z *Retinal Procedures*

AND

There are at most three non-blank procedure codes

AND

The first procedure code is 4274003 [209] *Administration of therapeutic agent into posterior chamber*

AND

The second procedure code is 4274003 [209] OR is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank

AND

The third procedure is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank.

If XPU = S40007 then NZdrg60x = C03W *Same Day Ophthalmology Injections of Therapeutic Agents* and the cost weight is 0.0494.

### DRG Mapping and Exclusion of Skin Lesion Procedures (MS02016)

Sameday skin lesion excision event records are excluded from casemix purchasing. These event records will be assigned to a NZDRG with its own cost weight reflecting the outpatient price.

The skin lesion procedure codes included in the rule are listed below and are referred to as the ‘skin lesion procedure list’.

3007102 [232], 3007528 [303], 3007523 [402], 4503000 [748], 3019500, 3019501, 3019504, 3019505 [1612], 3007100 [1618], 3018600, 3018601, 3018900, 3018901 [1619], 3120500, 3123000, 3123001, 3123002, 3123003, 3123004, 3123500, 3123501, 3123502, 3123503, 3123504 [1620].

These event records are tested for by checking:

That the admission and discharge dates are the same

AND

That the event is non-acute (i.e. Admission Type not “AC”)

AND

There are at most six non-blank procedure codes

AND

The first procedure code is in the skin lesion procedure list

AND

The second procedure code is in the skin lesion procedure list OR is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank

AND

The third procedure code is in the skin lesion procedure list OR is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank

AND

The fourth procedure code is in the skin lesion procedure list OR is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank

AND

The fifth procedure code is in the skin lesion procedure list OR is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank

AND

The sixth procedure code is anaesthesia not from block [1910] OR is blank.

If XPU = MS02016 then NZdrg60x = J11W *Same Day Skin Lesion Procedures* and the cost weight is 0.2425.

## Mapping of Health Speciality Codes to Casemix Purchase Units (PUs)

DHB casemix Purchase Units are derived from a mapping of Health Speciality Codes. This mapping only applies for included event records, i.e. any event record excluded from casemix purchasing should not be given a casemix PU code. Note that the Information Group SAS code gives excluded event records a PU code of “EXCLU” rather than blank.

The following Health Speciality Codes are initially remapped to other Health Service Speciality Codes. Many of these Health Specialty Codes have been retired from use in the NMDS but are still included here for completeness. In particular, retired pregnancy and childbirth Health Speciality Codes which could be mapped to any of the new P range (P60, P61 or P70, P71) have been arbitrarily mapped to (P60 and P61).

'M01' , 'M02' , 'M03' = 'M00'

'M06' , 'M07' , 'G01' = 'M05'

'M11' , 'M12' , 'M13' = 'M10'

'M16' , 'M17' , 'M18' , 'M19' = 'M15'

'M21' , 'M22' , 'M23' = 'M20'

'M26' , 'M27' , 'M28' = 'M25'

'M31' , 'M32' , 'M33' = 'M30'

'M36' , 'M37' , 'M38' = 'M35'

'M41' , 'M42' , 'M43' = 'M40'

'M46' , 'M47' , 'M48' = 'M45'

'M51' , 'M52' , 'M53' = 'M50'

'M56' , 'M57' , 'M58' = 'M55'

'M61' , 'M62' , 'M63' = 'M60'

'M66' , 'M67' , 'M68' = 'M65'

'M71' , 'M72' , 'M73' = 'M70'

'M76' , 'M77' , 'M78' = 'M75'

'M81' , 'M82' , 'M83' = 'M80'

'M87' , 'M88' = 'M85'

'M91' , 'M92' , 'M93' = 'M90'

'P00' , 'P10' , 'P20' = 'P60'

'P30' = 'P61'

'S01' , 'S02' , 'S03' = 'S00'

'S06' , 'S07' ,

'S11' , 'S12' , 'S13' = 'S10'

'S16' , 'S17' , 'S18' = 'S15'

'S21' , 'S22' , 'S23' = 'S20'

'S26' , 'S27' , 'S28' = 'S25'

'S31' , 'S32' , 'S33' = 'S30'

'S36' , 'S37' , 'S38' = 'S35'

'S41' , 'S42' , 'S43' = 'S40'

'S46' , 'S47' , 'S48' = 'S45'

'S51' , 'S52' , 'S53' = 'S50'

'S55' , 'S56' , 'S57' = 'S59'

'S61' , 'S62' , 'S63' = 'S60'

'S66' , 'S67' , 'S68' = 'S65'

'S71' , 'S72' , 'S73' = 'S70'

'S76' , 'S77' , 'S78' = 'S75'

other = '???';

**And from there mapped to the following purchase units:**

'S20' = 'D01.01'

'S50' = 'EXCLU'

'M00','M08','M85','M86','M89' = 'M00.01'

'M05' = 'M05.01'

'M10' = 'M10.01'

'M14' = 'M10.05'

'M15' = 'M15.01'

'M20','M95','M96' = 'M20.01'

'M24' = 'M24.01'

'M25' = 'M25.01'

'M30' = 'M30.01'

'M34' = 'M34.01'

'M40','M75' = 'M40.01'

'M45' = 'M45.01'

'M49' = 'M49.01'

'M50','M90' = 'M50.01'

'M54','M94' = 'M54.01'

'M29','M39','M44','M55','M59',

'M64','M69','M74','M79','M84','M97','M98' = 'M55.01'

'M60' = 'M60.01'

'M65' = 'M65.01'

'M35','M70' = 'M70.01'

'M80' = 'M80.01'

'S00','S10' = 'S00.01'

'S05','S08' = 'S05.01'

'S15','S19' = 'S15.01'

'S25' = 'S25.01'

'S30' = 'S30.01'

'S35' = 'S35.01'

'S40' = 'S40.01'

'S45' = 'S45.01'

'S58','S59' = 'S55.01'

'S24','S60','S65' = 'S60.01'

'S70' = 'S70.01'

'S75' = 'S75.01'

'P41','P42','P43' = 'W06.03'

'P00','P10','P20','P30','P60','P61','P70','P71' = 'W10.01'

other = 'EXCLU';

**Each PU code is then described:**

'D01.01' = 'Inpatient Dental treatment (DRGs)'

'M00.01' = 'General Internal Medical Services – Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M05.01' = 'Emergency Medicine – Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M10.01' = 'Cardiology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M10.05' = 'Specialist Paediatric Cardiac - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M15.01' = 'Dermatology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M20.01' = 'Endocrinology & Diabetic - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M24.01' = 'Metabolic Services - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M25.01' = 'Gastroenterology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M30.01' = 'Haematology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M34.01' = 'Specialist Paediatric Haematology – Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M40.01' = 'Infectious Diseases (incl Venereology) – Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M45.01' = 'Neurology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M49.01' = 'Specialist Paediatric Neurology Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M50.01' = 'Oncology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M54.01' = 'Specialist Paediatric Oncology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M55.01' = 'Paediatric Medical - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M60.01' = 'Renal Medicine - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M65.01' = 'Respiratory - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M70.01' = 'Rheumatology (incl Immunology) - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'M80.01' = 'Palliative Care - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S00.01' = 'General Surgery - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S05.01' = 'Anaesthesiology and Pain Management - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S15.01' = 'Cardiothoracic - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S25.01' = 'Ear, Nose and Throat - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S30.01' = 'Gynaecology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S35.01' = 'Neurosurgery - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S40.01' = 'Ophthalmology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S45.01' = 'Orthopaedics - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S55.01' = 'Paediatric Surgical Services (DRGs)'

'S60.01' = 'Plastic & Burns - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S70.01' = 'Urology - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'S75.01' = 'Vascular Surgery - Inpatient Services (DRGs)'

'W10.01' = 'Maternity Inpatient (DRGs)'

'W06.03' = 'Neonatal Inpatient (DRGs)'

other = 'Not a DRG casemix Purchase Unit';

## Identifying DHB Casemix-Funded Events for Inter-DHB Inpatient Flow Calculations

The first casemix funding exclusion rules were intended to identify casemix events funded by DHB funding only. This concept has been expanded to include similar events funded directly by the Ministry of Health. As a result, not all casemix-funded events purchased or provided by the MoH and DHBs identified in this document should be included in extracts intended to calculate inter DHB casemix-funded flows. To identify these flows for wash-up of 2016/17 actual volumes:

The Casemix Purchase Unit assigned to an event record can be any PU except EXCLU;

AND

The Funding Agency Code is a valid casemix agency as shown in section 5.2.2, but is neither 4137 Otago Dental School nor 8559 (Venturo) nor 8630 (Queen Elizabeth Hospital) nor 8656 (Mobile Surgical Bus)

AND

The Purchaser Code is either 35 *DHB funded* or 20 *Overseas resident eligible* for DHB funded health care.

# Appendix 1: Table of 2016/17 FY DRG Cost Weights and Associated Variables for Calculating WIESNZ16

This appendix contains some notes on the cost weight schedule for use with AR-DRG v6.0x as adjusted for use in New Zealand.

**Variable names translation**

Sd {Same day cost weight}

Od {One day cost weight}

Lo\_pd {Low outlier cost weight per diem}

Md\_in {Multiday inlier cost weight}

Ho\_pd {High outlier per diem cost weight}

Lb {Low boundary point for LOS}

Hb {High boundary point for LOS}

Alos {Average inlier LOS}

**Notes on the WIESNZ16 cost weight schedule**

The development of these cost weights is based on casemix-funded event records in the National Minimum Data Set (NMDS). In any given year there can be instances of DRGs that are not used or do not appear in the casemix set as they are excluded from casemix funding. Or there may have been no sameday event records and that cost weight is missing from the results. In order to have a complete DRG cost weight schedule in the document embedded below, for some DRGs more than one year of data was considered for determining the inlier boundary points when the number of cases per annum was small. As per last year some DRGs have had their weights set to be the same as in WIESNZ15 either because of no activity or no costed events: A11A, B40Z, D01Z, R63Z.

Users of this weight schedule should note that the following DRGs are not included in casemix funding and are included only for completeness: 960Z, 961Z, 963Z, A01Z, A03Z, A05Z, C03W, J11W, L61Z and L68Z. The weights shown have not been developed in the same way as for casemix-funded event records and should not be viewed as a valid estimate of relative resource use in New Zealand. The final four DRGs listed are price-weighted with the non-casemix purchase units that will fund these events.

**WIESNZ16 for use with AR-DRG v6.0x as adapted for New Zealand**



# Appendix 2: SAS Code to Calculate WIESNZ16 and Assign PUs

\*\* SAS program to calculate wiesnz16 costweight values \*\*;

\*\* Input drg is AR-DRG v6.0x and clinical codes are ICD10 V6 \*\*;

\*\* Program now requires opdates (opdate01-opdate30) and funding\_agency \*\*;

\*\* KLM 26/09/2013 - include ICD10v8 op codes to identify nzdrg F03M \*\*;

\*\* KLM 04/09/2015 - have added new NZ DRG A39W \*\*;

\*\* KLM 04/09/2015 - 2 new exclusion rules: Hysteroscopy and Medical TOPs\*;

**Appendix 3: Cost Weights Project Group Membership**

Members of the project team during 2015 were:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Affiliation** |
| Michael Rains | DHB Shared Services |
| Kieran Reilly | Ministry of Health |
| Angela Pidd | Ministry of Health |
| Keri McArthur | Ministry of Health |
| Tracy Thompson | Ministry of Health |
| Alan Keegan | Ministry of Health |
|  |  |
| Pirom Tawngdee | Capital & Coast DHB |
| Justine Tringham | Auckland DHB |
| Nikki Robinson | Auckland DHB |
| Chris Hoar | Canterbury DHB |
|  |  |
| Phil Gibbs | Nelson Marlborough DHB |
| Vanessa McGill  Lynelle Black  Julie Harris | Waitemata DHB  Waitemata DHB  Waitemata DHB |
|  |  |

# 

# Appendix 4: New Zealand Casemix History

The following table summarises the New Zealand casemix funding environment since 1998. This includes the clinical coding classification (ICD), DRG set, cost weight version as designated in New Zealand, and unit prices for casemix-purchased events.

### ICD Editions and WIES Versions

| **Implementation Year** | **Coding System** | **DRG List** | **Cost Weights** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1998/99 | ICD-9-CMA-II  Australian 2nd clinical modification to ICD-9 | AN-DRG 3.1 | WIES 5, with no adjustment from the Victorian set. |
| 1999/00 | ICD-10-AM/MBS-E  1st Edition | AN-DRG 3.1  Coding back-mapped to ICD-9-CMA and grouped to this DRG set. | As for 1998/99 |
| 2000/01 | ICD-10-AM/MBS-E  1st Edition | AN-DRG 3.1  Coding back-mapped to ICD-9-CMA and grouped to this DRG set. | WIES 5a, adapted to include NZ costs for blood and pre-admission clinics. |
| 2001/02 | ICD-10-AM/MBS-E  2nd Edition | AR-DRG 4.1 | WIES 8a, with NZ LOS profile and NZ costs as for 2000/01. Where NZ ALOS was significantly different from Victorian ALOS, an adjustment to nursing/ward costs was made. |
| 2002/03 | ICD-10-AM/MBS-E  2nd Edition | AR-DRG 4.2 | WIES 8b |
| 2003/04 | ICD-10-AM/MBS-E  2nd Edition | AR-DRG 4.2 | WIES 8c |
| 2004/05 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  3rd Edition | AR-DRG 4.2, coding back-mapped to ICD 10-AM 2nd Edition. | WIES 8c as for 2003/04 |
| 2005/06 2006/07 2007/08 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  3rd Edition | AR-DRG 5.0 | WIES 11, with NZ LOS profile, NZ costs for blood and pre-admission clinics, also for some costs where jurisdictional differences were identified – mainly pharmaceutical costs and stent/implant/prostheses utilisation. Other costs from Victorian data were those associated to the NZ morbidity profile. |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 2008/09 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 5.0, as modified for use in New Zealand, coding back-mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 3rd Edition. | WIESNZ08, which uses Victoria’s WIES model for the weight development, but only New Zealand data elements, in particular NZ-only cost data. |
| 2009/10 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 5.0 as modified for use in New Zealand, coding back- mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 3rd Edition. | WIESNZ09 |
| 2010/11 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 5.0 as modified for use in New Zealand, coding back mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 3rd Edition. | WIESNZ10, same as WIESNZ09 except that F42A and F42B weights have been adjusted downwards to accommodate the EPS co-payment. |
| 2011/12 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0 | WIESNZ11 |
| 2012/13 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0 | WIESNZ12, same as WIESNZ11 except for changes to C03W, F10B, J11W, and O01B. |
| 2013/14 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  6th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0x, as modified for use in New Zealand. | WIESNZ13 |
| 2014/15 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  8th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0x, as modified for use in New Zealand, coding is back-mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition. | WIESNZ14 |
| 2015/16 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  8th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0x, as modified for use in New Zealand, coding is back-mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition. | WIESNZ15 |
| 2016/17 | ICD-10-AM/ACHI  8th Edition | AR-DRG 6.0x, as modified for use in New Zealand, coding is back-mapped to ICD-10-AM/ACHI 6th Edition. | WIESNZ16 |

Note that the above table states the official Australian DRG set used as the basis for the Victorian implementation. New Zealand’s implementation preserved the Victorian adjustments to the DRG sets and these are identified in the casemix framework document for each year until 2008/09.

Though there were some other splits in the first two years listed, the splits were limited to bone marrow transplants and dialysis until 2008/09, when new splits for carotid stenting, some ear procedures and obesity procedures were introduced.

Note that dialysis is not funded by casemix, but the split provided a way to directly identify the peritoneal provision if such events were lodged in the NMDS.

With AR-DRG v6.0x all splits implemented for the previous DRG set have been incorporated, though new DRG mappings for the current year are identified in this casemix framework document.

### Unit Prices used in Purchasing

In the following table, Neonatal refers to all events assigned a Purchase Unit of W06.03, and Medical & Surgical covers all other Purchase Units for events included in casemix funding, including secondary and tertiary Maternity. Primary maternity events are partly funded by a separate RVU mechanism which was implemented from 1 July 2013.

From 2002/03, these have been the inter-district flow (IDF) prices, thus in some cases there may be some variation for local provision. Note also that with effect from 2006/07 a common unit price has been set for medical-surgical and for neonatal casemix events. From 1 July 2009 secondary maternity events became casemix funded at the same unit price as for medical and surgical events.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Financial Year** | **Medical & Surgical** | **Neonatal** |
| 1998/99 | 2,433.62 | None |
| 1999/00 | 2,399.22 | 2,761.48 |
| 2000/01 | 2,487.16 | 2,732.47 |
| 2001/02 | 2,479.01 | 2,677.23 |
| 2002/03 | 2,617.72 | 2,827.03 |
| 2003/04 | 2,728.55 | 2.946.72 |
| 2004/05 | 2,854.88 | 3,024.37 |
| 2005/06 | 2,949.09 | 3,124.17 |
| 2006/07 | 3,151.01 | 3,151.01 |
| 2007/08 | 3,740.38 | 3,740.38 |
| 2008/09 | 3,985.32 | 3,985.32 |
| 2009/10 | 4,315.48 | 4,315.48 |
| 2010/11 | 4,410.38 | 4,410.38 |
| 2011/12 | 4,567.49 | 4,567.49 |
| 2012/13 | 4,614.36 | 4,614.36 |
| 2013/14 | 4,655.43 | 4,655.43 |
| 2014/15 | 4,681.97 | 4,681.97 |
| 2015/16 | 4, 751.58 | 4,751.58 |
| 2016/17 | TBA | TBA |

### Primary Maternity RVUs

In the table below are the RVUs used in the calculation of RVU weights for events assigned XPU W02020 *Inpatient maternity care in a primary maternity facility.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Component** | **Weight** |
| Labour and Delivery Fee | 0.970 |
| DHB-funded Lead Midwifery Care Fee (delivery) | 0.387 |
| DHB-funded Lead Midwifery Care Fee (postnatal stay only) | 0.087 |
| Per Diem - Baby | 0.407 |
| Per Diem - Mother | 0.744 |
| Same Day - Baby | 0.285 |
| Same Day - Mother | 0.521 |
| Social Day - Baby | 0.298 |

# Appendix 5: PUs Identified in this Document

For the purposes of this document the XPUs used are defined in the following table.

| XPU | Description |
| --- | --- |
| BOARDER | Boarders – 5.2.4 |
| CANC\_OP | Cancelled Operations – 5.2.4 |
| DSS214 | Disability Support Services – Young Physically Disabled AT&R – 5.2.7 |
| EXCLU | Excluded - Mental Health Events – 5.2.5 and events where an XPU has not been identified – 5.2.1, 5.2.3, and some AT&R 5.2.7 |
| HOP214 | Health of Older People – Age Related AT&R – 5.2.7 |
| HOP235 | Health of Older People – Psychogeriatric AT&R – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1006 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Care (Hospital) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1013 | Health of Older People – Carer Support Respite Day – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1032 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Care (Secure Dementia) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1033 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Care (Rest Home) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1035 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Care (Specialist) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1043 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Respite (Rest Home) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1044 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Respite (Hospital) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1045 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Respite (Dementia) – 5.2.7 |
| HOP1046 | Health of Older People – Aged Residential Respite (Psychogeriatric) – 5.2.7 |
| M25008 | Capsule Endoscopy – 5.2.34 |
| M30020 | Same Day Pharmacotherapy for Cancer (Haematology) – 5.2.26 |
| M50009 | Same Day Blood Transfusions (Oncology) – 5.2.36 |
| M50024 | Same Day Radiotherapy (Orthovoltage) – 5.2.27 |
| M50025 | Same Day Radiotherapy (Megavoltage) – 5.2.27 |
| M54004 | Same Day Pharmacotherapy for Cancer (Specialist Paediatric Oncology) – 5.2.26 |
| M60005 | Renal Medicine (Peritoneal Dialysis) – 5.2.23 |
| M60008 | Renal Medicine (Haemodialysis) – 5.2.25 |
| MS02001 | Same Day Blood Transfusions (Any Specialty) – 5.2.36 |
| MS02003 | Bronchoscopies – 5.2.35 |
| MS02004 | Cystoscopies – 5.2.31 |
| MS02005 | Gastroscopy – 5.2.34 |
| MS02006 | ERCP – 5.2.34 |
| MS02007 | Colonoscopy – 5.2.34 |
| MS02009 | Same Day Pharmacotherapy for Cancer (Any Specialty) – 5.2.26 |
| MS02014 | Colonoscopy/Gastroscopy – 5.2.34 |
| MS02016 | Skin Lesion Removal – 5.2.39 |
| MS02023 | Non-Weight Bearing Convalescence Programme – 5.2.6 |
| NCSP-10 | Colposcopies – 5.2.30 |
| NCSP-20 | Colposcopies – 5.2.30 |
| S30006 | Surgical Terminations of Pregnancy 1st Trimester – 5.2.22 |
| S30009 | Surgical Terminations of Pregnancy 2nd Trimester – 5.2.21 |
| S30010 | Medical Termination of Pregnancy – 5.2.23 |
| S30012 | Hysteroscopy – 5.2.32 |
| S40007 | Intraocular Injections – 5.2.38 |
| S50001 | Spinal Services (Acute) – 5.2.20 |
| S50002 | Spinal Services (Non-acute) – 5.2.20 |
| S70006 | Lithotripsy – 5.2.29 |
| T0103 | Transplants (Heart) – 5.2.19 |
| T0106 | Transplants (Lung) – 5.2.19 |
| T0111 | Transplants (Liver – Adults) – 5.2.19 |
| T0113 | Transplants (Liver – Children) – 5.2.19 |
| W03005 | Amniocentesis – 5.2.12 |
| W03006 | Chorionic Villus Sampling – 5.2.13 |
| W03007 | Rhesus Isoimmunisation and Other Isoimmunisation – 5.2.14 |
| W03010 | Lactation Disorders Associated with Childbirth – 5.2.15 |
| W03012 | Postnatal Early Intervention – 5.2.10 |
| W02020 | Primary Maternity – 5.2.17 |

Other Purchase Units (PUs) identified in this document are:

| PU | Description |
| --- | --- |
| W06.03 | Neonatal Inpatient Casemix (W06003 PUDD) – 5.2.11 |
| W10.01 | Maternity Casemix (W10001 PUDD) – 5.2.16 |

# Appendix 6: List of NZ DRGs and DRG Mappings

Sometimes adjustments are made to the initial grouping of events to an AR-DRG v6.0x for the purposes of greater clarity of funding. These generally arise in relation to new technology, to central monitoring regimes, or where there is evidence of a significantly different cost profile for a cohesive subset of events grouped to a DRG.

WIESNZ16 has five NZ DRGs, and one other DRG is affected by mapping events from their initial AR-DRG v6.0x DRG to another DRG.

## Current NZ DRGs

WIESNZ16 has five NZ DRGs, these are: A39W, C03W, F03M, J11W and O66T. While C03W and J11W are assigned only to events excluded from casemix funding a DRG assignment was still needed for them for identification within the outpatient event sets.

### A39W Pelvic Evisceration or Cytoreduction Procedures

Refer to 4.2.2

The *pseudomyxoma peritonei* procedures were reviewed and their cost profiles compared with those of pelvic exenteration surgery. There was sufficient comparability that it was decided to map both these types of surgery to their own procedure-based New Zealand-specific DRG A39W *Pelvic Evisceration or Cytoreduction Procedures*.

### C03W Same Day Ophthalmology Injections of Therapeutic Agents

Refer to 5.2.38

Sameday ophthalmology injection event records are excluded from casemix purchasing. This rule is for injections of a therapeutic agent (eg, Avastin) into the posterior chamber of eye. These event records are assigned to a NZ DRG with its own cost weight reflecting the outpatient price for such events.

### F03M Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve Implant

Refer to 4.2.2

The use of this technology was expected to increase, therefore to adequately recompense for this, it was decided to develop an NZ specific DRG F03M, and set weights by adjusting the event level cost data to show the current actual cost of the implant. This NZ DRG F03M was created in WIESNZ13 and is still current for WIESNZ16.

### J11W Same Day Skin Lesion Procedures

Refer to 5.2.39

Sameday skin lesion excision event records are excluded from casemix purchasing. These event records are assigned to a NZ DRG with its own cost weight reflecting the outpatient price for such events.

### O66T SFLP for Twin to Twin Transfusion Syndrome

Refer to 4.2.2

A NZ specific DRG O66T was developed for this treatment regime, with weights based on the reported costs without adjustment. This NZ DRG O66T was created in WIESNZ13 and is still current for WIESNZ16.

### Mapping of Medical DRG Events with a Radiotherapy Procedure Code

Refer to 4.2.1

Events that have grouped to a medical DRG and included an external beam radiotherapy procedure code are mapped to the DRG R64Z *Radiotherapy*.

1.1.1

# Appendix 7: List of Acronyms and Definitions

For the purposes of this document the acronyms used are defined in the following table.

| Acronym | Definition |
| --- | --- |
| AAA | Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm |
| AC | Acute |
| ACHI | Australian Classification of Health Interventions |
| ACS | Australian Coding Standards |
| ADJMVDAYS | Adjusted Mechanical Ventilation Days |
| ALOS | Average Length of Stay |
| AN-DRG | Australian National Diagnosis Related Groups |
| AR-DRG | Australian Refined Diagnosis Related Groups |
| ASD | Atrial Septal Defect |
| AT&R | Assessment, Treatment and Rehabilitation |
| CA | Cerebral Aneurysm |
| CANC\_OP | Cancelled Operation |
| CAPD | Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis |
| CC | Complication and/or Comorbidity |
| CER | Casemix Exclusion Rules |
| CFD | Casemix Framework Document |
| COPAY | Co-Payment |
| CPB | Cardiopulmonary Bypass |
| CPG | Casemix Project Group |
| CRS | Cytoreduction Surgery |
| CWD | Cost Weighted Discharge |
| CWPG | Cost Weights Project Group |
| DHB | District Health Board |
| DRG | Diagnosis Related Groups |
| DSS | Disability Support Service |
| ED | Emergency Department |
| EPS | Electrophysiological Studies |
| ERC | Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiography |
| ERCP | Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiopancreatography |
| ERP | Endoscopic Retrograde Pancreatography |
| EXCLU | Excluded |
| HB | High Inlier Boundary |
| HCU | Health Care User |
| HFA | Health Funding Authority |
| HHS | Hospital and Health Service |
| HO\_PD | High Outlier Per Diem |
| HOP | Health of Older People |
| HSC | Health Speciality Code |
| ICD | International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems |
| ICD-9-CMA | International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 9th Revision, Clinical Modification, Australian |
| ICD-10-AM | International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification |
| IDF | Inter-District Flow |
| IG | Information Group |
| LA | Local Anaesthesia |
| LB | Low Inlier Boundary |
| LDN | Live Donor Nephrectomy |
| LDNB | Live Donor Nephrectomy B (L04B DRG) |
| LDNC | Live Donor Nephrectomy C (L04C DRG) |
| LMC | Lead Maternity Carer |
| LO\_PD | Low Outlier Per Diem |
| LOS | Length of Stay |
| MD\_IN | Multiday Inlier (inlier weight) |
| MHIS | Mental Health Information System |
| MoH | Ministry of Health |
| MV | Mechanical Ventilation |
| MVELIG | Mechanical Ventilation Eligibility |
| NCAMP | National Collections Annual Maintenance Project |
| NCCP/NCCPP | National Costing Collection and Pricing Programme |
| NCR | National Collections and Reporting |
| NCSP | National Cervical Screening Programme |
| NHB | National Health Board |
| NMDS | National Minimum Dataset |
| NNPAC | National Non-Admitted Patient Collection |
| NPP | National Pricing Programme |
| NSF | Nationwide Service Framework |
| NSU | National Screening Unit |
| NZDRG | New Zealand Diagnosis Related Group |
| OD | One Day |
| OR | Operating Room |
| PU | Purchase Unit |
| PUDD | Purchase Unit Data Dictionary  website link: [Purchase Unit Data Dictionary - Information](http://www.nsfl.health.govt.nz/apps/nsfl.nsf/pagesmh/463?Open) |
| RVU | Relative Value Unit |
| SD | Same Day |
| SFLP | Selective Fetoscopic Laser Photocoagulation |
| T&A | Tonsillectomy and Adenoidectomy |
| ToP | Termination of Pregnancy |
| W | With |
| WIES | Weighted Inlier Equivalent Separation |
| WN | Waiting List – admitted from DHB booking system |
| W/O | Without |
| XPU | Excluded Purchase Unit |

1. Financial Years run from 1 July through to 30 June of the following calendar year and are abbreviated by stringing together the last two digits of the portions of calendar years in question, i.e. 00/01, 01/02, and 02/03 represent the 3 consecutive financial years from 1 July 2000 through 30 June 2003. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Two slightly different DRG versions are in use within the methodology. The DRG version currently in use within the NZ health sector is AR-DRG version 6.0x and all DRG tests on NMDS events refer to this version. However, for the purposes of applying cost weights, some AR-DRGs are not clinically homogeneous and in these cases an AR-DRG may be reallocated to a different ‘WIES’ or ‘NZ’ DRG referred to in this document as NZdrg60x. The NZdrg60x DRGs contain all the AR-DRGs as well as four additional NZ DRG codes (not used in AR-DRG) for the purpose of applying the appropriate cost weights to NMDS events. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. <http://www.moh.govt.nz/notebook/nbbooks.nsf/0/33BDA6510EF068D7CC2570890077C393/$file/maternityservices.pdf> [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Prior to 1 July 2008 this exclusion rule also included health specialty codes P00, P10, P11, P20, P30, P35. These codes were retired 1 July 2008. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. \*Additional character is required to complete the diagnosis code [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. \*Additional character is required to complete the diagnosis code [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. NCSP-20 is used interchangeably with NCSP20. This formatting difference will be fixed in the NMDS and NNPAC as soon as practical. [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. This is a list of the WIES eligible facility codes as at September 2015. Facility codes that are added during the year (and are valid for the whole year) will be listed at the start of this document [↑](#footnote-ref-8)