9 June 2022

## List of diseases notifiable by health practitioners and laboratories to the Medical Officer of Health

## Diseases Notifiable in New Zealand (include suspected cases)\*

Notifiable Infectious Diseases Under the Health Act 1956	
Section A – Infectious Diseases Notifiable to a Medical Officer of Health and Local Authority	
Acute gastroenteritis **	Campylobacteriosis
Cholera	Cryptosporidiosis
Giardiasis	Hepatitis A
Legionellosis	Listeriosis
Meningoencephalitis – primary amoebic	Salmonellosis
Shigellosis	Typhoid and paratyphoid fever
Yersiniosis	
Section B – Infectious Diseases Notifiable to Medical Officer of Health	
Anthrax	Arboviral diseases
Brucellosis	COVID-19
Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease (CJD) and other spongiform	Cronobacter species
encephalopathies	-
Diphtheria	Haemophilus influenzae b
Hepatitis B	Hepatitis C
Hepatitis (viral) not otherwise specified	Hydatid disease
Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (including HPAI subtype	Invasive pneumococcal disease
H5N1)	*
Leprosy	Leptospirosis
Malaria	Measles
Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)	Monkeypox
Mumps	Neisseria meningitidis invasive disease
Non-seasonal influenza (capable of being transmitted between	Novel coronavirus capable of causing severe
human beings)	respiratory illness
Pertussis	Plague
Poliomyelitis	Q fever
Rabies and other lyssaviruses	Rheumatic fever
Rickettsial diseases	Rubella
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)	Tetanus
Tuberculosis (all forms)	Verotoxin-producing or Shiga toxin-producing
	Escherichia coli
Viral haemorrhagic fevers	Yellow fever
Section C- Infectious Diseases Notifiable to Medical Officer of	
Health without Identifying Information of Patient or Deceased	
Person	
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	
Gonorrhoeal infection	
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection	

Diseases Notifiable to Medical Officer of Health (Other than Notifiable Infectious Diseases)

Notifiable to the Medical Officer of Health

**Syphilis** 

Cysticercosis Decompression sickness Lead absorption equal to or in excess of 0.24µ mol/l (5µg/dl)\*\*\* Poisoning arising from chemical contamination of the environment Taeniasis Trichinosis

\* During times of increased incidence health practitioners may be requested to report, with informed consent, to their local medical officer of health cases of communicable diseases not on this list.

- \*\* Not every case of acute gastroenteritis is necessarily notifiable, only those where there is a suspected common source or from a person in a high risk category (for example, a food handler, an early childhood service worker) or single cases of chemical, bacterial, or toxic food poisoning such as botulism, toxic shellfish poisoning (any type) and disease caused by verotoxin or Shiga toxin- producing *Escherichia coli*.
- \*\*\*Where occupational exposure is suspected, please also notify the agency responsible for workplace health and safety through the notifiable occupational diseases system.